

Converting Colors

HunterLab(67.1509, -0.4806,
6.6682)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(67.1509, -0.4806, 6.6682)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(67.1958, -0.6998,
6.5098)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCB1AD
RGB	188, 177, 173
RGB Percent	74%, 69%, 68%
CMY	0.2627, 0.3059, 0.3216
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.08, 0.26
HSL	16°, 10%, 71%
HSV	16°, 8%, 74%
XYZ	44.0040, 45.1528, 45.9312
YIQ	179.8330, 7.8400, 1.0880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

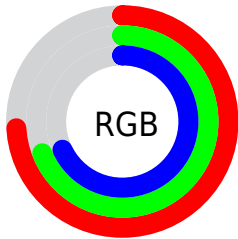
Format	Color
RYB	188, 178, 173
Decimal	12366253
CIELab	72.99, 3.21, 3.44
CIELCh	73, 4.706, 46.971
Yxy	45.1547, 0.3257, 0.3343
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290556333 (0xFFBCB1AD)
YUV	179.8330, -3.3687, 7.1625
Hunter-Lab	67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098

Details

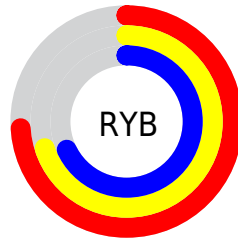
The HunterLab color $67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $68.4070, -6.3320, 0.8047$, and the grayscale version is $67.5010, -3.6017, 3.6675$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $91.1660, -2.0206, 8.4056$, and $45.7675, 0.4468, 4.7758$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62.6934, 3.3924, 9.6954$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71.8729, -4.5406, 3.1650$.

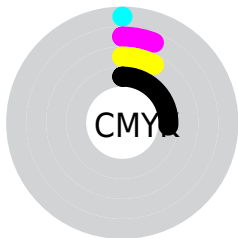
Distribution



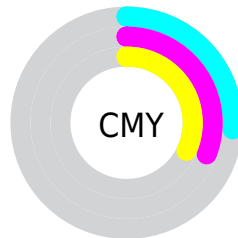
- Red (74%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67.1958, -0.6998,
6.5098

■ 67.1958, -0.6998,
6.5098

191.6768, -6.1598,
14.5259

■ 56.1955, -0.2782,
5.7392

■ 91.0783, -1.6740,
8.1282

■ 45.8698, 0.0986,
4.9926

103.8960, -2.2173,
8.9733

■ 36.2678, 0.4238,
4.2705

117.2642, -2.7958,
9.8421

■ 27.4488, 0.6910,
3.5723

131.1612, -3.4077,
10.7342

■ 19.4897, 0.8909,
2.8953

145.5676, -4.0513,
11.6490

■ 12.4959, 1.0093,
2.2338

160.4659, -4.7253,

■ 5.7569, 2.1234,

12.5862

2.7906

175.8404, -5.4285,
13.5453

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.1958, -0.6998,
6.5098

■ 67.1958, -0.6998,
6.5098

■ 62.6934, 3.3924,
9.6954

■ 71.8729, -4.5406,
3.1650

■ 58.3835, 7.7653,
12.6834

■ 76.7017, -8.1506,
-0.3153

■ 54.2940, 12.4348,
15.4292

■ 81.6679, -11.5574,
-3.9092

■ 50.4559, 17.4053,
17.8748

■ 86.7583, -14.7847,
-7.6009

■ 46.9049, 22.6569,

■ 91.5272, -20.3020,

19.9487

-5.2424

■ 43.6813, 28.1314,
21.5683

■ 94.5682, -24.7807,
-1.4761

■ 40.8281, 33.7147,
22.6484

■ 38.3873, 39.2228,
23.1209

■ 36.3904, 44.3841,
23.0228

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.1973, 0.4718, 4.8125



67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098



67.1973, -2.6404, 7.4318

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.1973, -0.7016, 6.5109



67.1973, -7.6287, 4.5515



67.1973, -2.3598, -0.2734

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098



68.4070, -6.3320, 0.8047

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.1973, -4.5325, -0.3487



67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098



67.1973, -7.5558, 2.4821

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.1973, -0.7016, 6.5109



67.1973, -6.6292, 6.3250



67.1973, -6.4286, 0.6737



67.1973, -0.4939, 0.8764

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098



67.1973, -4.0976, 7.5007



67.1973, -6.4286, 0.6737



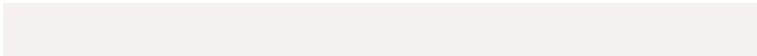
67.1973, -3.0790, -0.4265

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.1973, -0.7016, 6.5109



94.1794, -4.0565, 6.1106



66.3625, 3.1163, 0.4318



43.7044, -1.9060, 2.8117



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



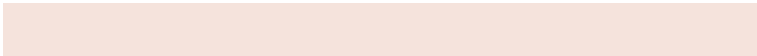
44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.1973, -0.7016, 6.5109



89.1173, 0.2294, 9.7220



69.4249, -4.4381, 8.9374



31.5270, -0.0728, 3.2962



29.9151, 36.8843, 19.0793



6.8002, 4.9450, 4.2768

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.4070, -6.3320, 0.8047



91.1868, -9.4053, -0.0404



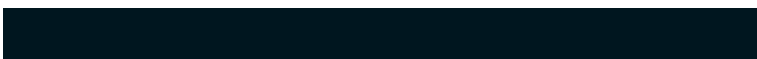
66.1535, -2.6170, -1.9236



32.1978, -3.1953, 0.1320



38.6531, -10.3130, -26.0502



8.2906, -2.9395, -4.0170

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

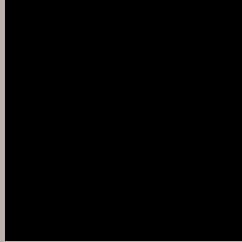
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.1958, -0.6998,

6.5098.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098

Protanopia

67.1470, -2.3275, 5.9761

Deuteranopia

67.0439, 4.8049, 5.9832



Tritanopia

67.2592, 3.4272, -0.4351

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098

Protanomaly

67.2392, -2.0086, 6.0870

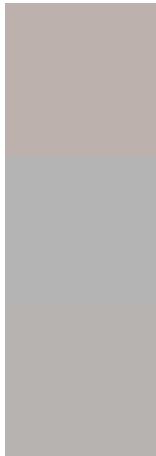
Deuteranomaly

66.9309, 2.9473, 5.8212

Tritanomaly

67.2966, 1.7465, 2.0288

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098

Achromatopsia

67.5582, -3.6047, 3.6706

Achromatomaly

67.4402, -2.6618, 4.9415

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 177, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 177, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 177, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 177, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 177, 173) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 177, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 177, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 177, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 177, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 177,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.1958, -0.6998, 6.5098 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 177, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
177, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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