

Converting Colors

HunterLab(67.1935, -5.3435,
1.0859)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(67.1935, -5.3435, 1.0859)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(67.0727, -5.0532,
1.1558)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADB4B8
RGB	173, 180, 184
RGB Percent	68%, 71%, 72%
CMY	0.3216, 0.2941, 0.2784
CMYK	0.06, 0.02, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	202°, 7%, 70%
HSV	202°, 6%, 72%
XYZ	42.2066, 44.9875, 51.8064
YIQ	178.3630, -5.4560, -0.2400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

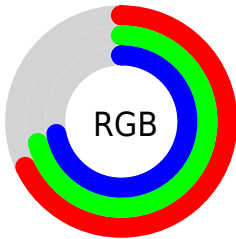
Format	Color
RYP	173, 177, 184
Decimal	11383992
CIELab	72.88, -1.66, -2.89
CIElCh	73, 3.330, 240.118
Yxy	44.9894, 0.3036, 0.3237
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289574072 (0xFFADB4B8)
YUV	178.3630, 2.7790, -4.7034
Hunter-Lab	67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558

Details

The HunterLab color $67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $66.8217, -1.9863, 6.0608$, and the grayscale version is $66.8665, -3.5678, 3.6330$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $90.9814, -6.7384, 2.2218$, and $45.6972, -3.5220, 0.2369$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $63.5604, -7.0472, -3.2592$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70.7097, -2.7131, 5.4992$.

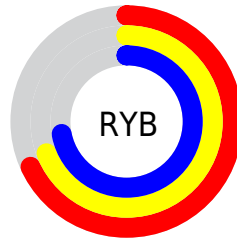
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (71%)

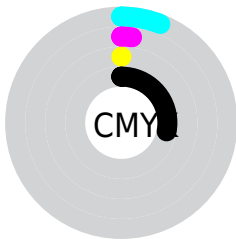
Blue (72%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (72%)

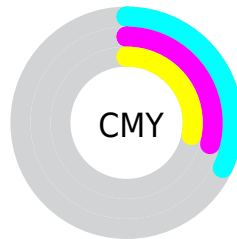


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67.0727, -5.0532,
1.1558

■ 67.0727, -5.0532,
1.1558

191.5021,
-12.3213, 6.9189

■ 56.0795, -4.3813,
0.6973

■ 90.9420, -6.4880,
2.1992

■ 45.7614, -3.7385,
0.2833

103.7536, -7.2460,
2.7767

■ 36.1675, -3.1273,
-0.0808

117.1160, -8.0304,
3.3890

■ 27.3574, -2.5491,
-0.3890

131.0073, -8.8403,
4.0344

■ 19.4082, -2.0049,
-0.6333

145.4082, -9.6750,
4.7113

■ 12.4257, -1.4953,
-0.8015

160.3013,

■ 5.6513, -1.5812,

-10.5338, 5.4184

-1.8104

175.6707,
-11.4161, 6.1547

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.0727, -5.0532,
1.1558

■ 67.0727, -5.0532,
1.1558

■ 63.5604, -7.0472,
-3.2592

■ 70.7097, -2.7131,
5.4992

■ 60.1786, -8.6471,
-7.7482

■ 74.4580, -0.0618,
9.7694

■ 56.9396, -9.8060,
-12.3058

■ 78.3105, 2.8646,
13.9710

■ 53.8550, -10.4728,
-16.9228

■ 82.2597, 6.0359,
18.1084

■ 50.9364, -10.5959,

■ 85.1636, 5.6370,

-21.5840

21.0052

■ 48.1951, -10.1268,
-26.2674

■ 87.1612, 2.1211,
22.8981

■ 45.6409, -9.0270,
-30.9441

■ 89.1928, -1.3717,
24.7915

■ 43.2799, -7.2776,
-35.5818

■ 91.2570, -4.8407,
26.6845

■ 41.1100, -4.9001,
-40.1564

■ 93.3524, -8.2854,
28.5768

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.0741, -6.1302, 2.2190



67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558



67.0741, -3.5764, 0.7662

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.0741, -5.0546, 1.1569



67.0741, -0.5890, 3.6568



67.0741, -5.0651, 6.0473

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558



66.8217, -1.9863, 6.0608

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.0741, -3.5886, 6.4131



67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558



67.0741, -0.9962, 5.0522

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.0741, -5.0546, 1.1569



67.0741, -0.9900, 2.2293



67.0741, -2.0976, 6.0529



67.0741, -6.1363, 5.0423

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558



67.0741, -2.5587, 0.9458



67.0741, -2.0976, 6.0529



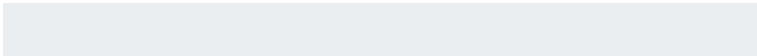
67.0741, -4.6002, 6.2481

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.0741, -5.0546, 1.1569



92.2194, -5.6149, 3.8756



68.0693, -8.2083, 5.6377



42.8421, -2.5916, 1.8284



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



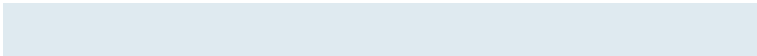
43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.0741, -5.0546, 1.1569



89.7601, -7.1358, 0.8855



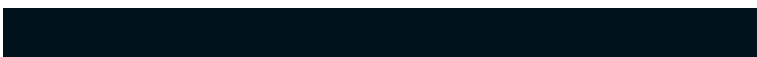
65.4749, -2.4018, -0.7612



31.3716, -2.5340, 0.2373



33.6361, -3.5287, -34.4248



7.1560, -1.9416, -4.7529

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.8587, 1.1568, 1.7267



87.8201, 2.8107, 1.8118



68.4162, -4.6426, 7.8143



30.6597, 1.1199, 0.5792



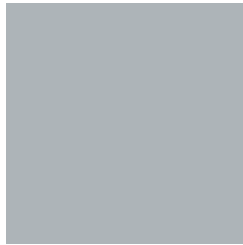
28.1504, 51.4104, -6.6302



5.3925, 10.0360, -2.7264

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

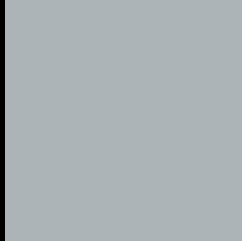
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

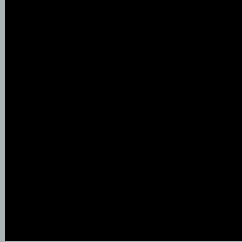
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

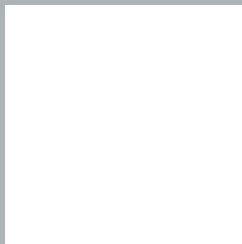
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558

Protanopia

67.1442, -1.7965, 1.7832

Deuteranopia

66.8785, 4.9176, 0.6054



Tritanopia

67.1484, -2.6682, -3.2178

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558

Protanomaly

67.1745, -3.2202, 1.7947

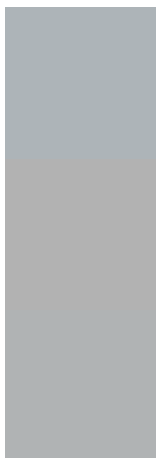
Deuteranomaly

67.0765, 1.1221, 0.7810

Tritanomaly

67.0497, -3.2084, -1.8179

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558

Achromatopsia

66.7234, -3.5602, 3.6252

Achromatomaly

66.9071, -4.3354, 2.8878

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 180, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 180, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 180, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 180, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 180, 184) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 180, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 180, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 180, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 180, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 180,  
184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.0727, -5.0532, 1.1558 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 180, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
180, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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