

Converting Colors

HunterLab(67.3619, -5.2403,
5.0269)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(67.3619, -5.2403, 5.0269)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(67.2041, -5.0196,
4.6264)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1B4B1
RGB	177, 180, 177
RGB Percent	69%, 71%, 69%
CMY	0.3059, 0.2941, 0.3059
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.02, 0.29
HSL	120°, 2%, 70%
HSV	120°, 2%, 71%
XYZ	42.3885, 45.1639, 48.0783
YIQ	178.7610, -0.8250, -1.5690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

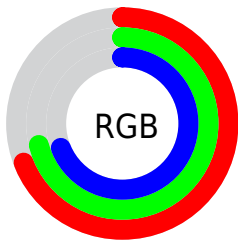
Format	Color
RYB	177, 180, 180
Decimal	11646129
CIELab	73.00, -1.61, 1.15
CIELCh	73, 1.981, 144.470
Yxy	45.1658, 0.3125, 0.3330
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289836209 (0xFFB1B4B1)
YUV	178.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444
Hunter-Lab	67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264

Details

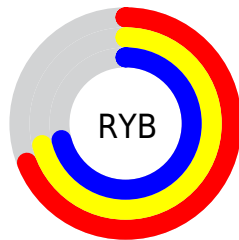
The HunterLab color $67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $66.6663, -2.1103, 2.6382$, and the grayscale version is $67.0458, -3.5774, 3.6427$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $91.2128, -6.3772, 5.9828$, and $45.7374, -3.7827, 3.3978$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65.2062, -13.1571, 10.1243$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69.4166, 3.6945, -1.2598$.

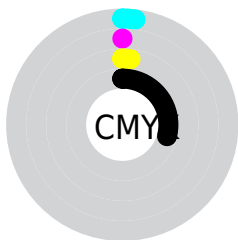
Distribution



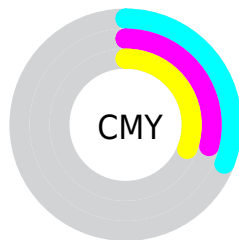
- Red (69%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67.2041, -5.0196,
4.6264

■ 67.2041, -5.0196,
4.6264

191.6885,
-12.2729, 11.8139

■ 56.2033, -4.3500,
3.9716

■ 91.0874, -6.4507,
6.0323

■ 45.8771, -3.7094,
3.3488

103.9055, -7.2069,
6.7788

■ 36.2745, -3.1006,
2.7607

117.2742, -7.9896,
7.5532

■ 27.4549, -2.5250,
2.2092

131.1716, -8.7979,
8.3546

■ 19.4951, -1.9839,
1.6966

145.5783, -9.6310,
9.1822

■ 12.5006, -1.4778,
1.2252

160.4769,

■ 5.7639, -1.5268,

-10.4883, 10.0350

1.1417

175.8518,
-11.3692, 10.9125

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.2041, -5.0196,
4.6264

■ 67.2041, -5.0196,
4.6264

■ 65.2062, -13.1571,
10.1243

■ 69.4166, 3.6945,
-1.2598

■ 63.4272, -20.6193,
15.1669

■ 71.8295, 12.8985,
-7.4756

■ 61.8751, -27.3161,
19.6930

■ 74.4332, 22.5063,
-13.9625

■ 60.5537, -33.1650,
23.6467

■ 77.2165, 32.4421,
-20.6692

■ 59.4631, -38.1007,

■ 78.1820, 35.8142,

26.9835

-22.9443

■ 58.5996, -42.0826,
29.6758

■ 57.9544, -45.1024,
31.7177

■ 57.5129, -47.1909,
33.1299

■ 57.2541, -48.4244,
33.9640

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.2055, -4.3197, 5.1698



67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264



67.2055, -5.3389, 3.8199

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.2055, -5.0212, 4.6275



67.2055, -3.7597, 1.9639



67.2055, -1.9740, 4.3506

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264



66.6663, -2.1103, 2.6382

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.2055, -1.8221, 3.4960



67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264



67.2055, -2.8562, 2.1106

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.2055, -5.0212, 4.6275



67.2055, -4.6130, 2.2761



67.2055, -2.1458, 2.6743



67.2055, -2.5598, 5.0115

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264



67.2055, -5.2915, 3.2369



67.2055, -2.1458, 2.6743



67.2055, -1.8704, 4.0767

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.2055, -5.0212, 4.6275



90.6790, -6.0192, 5.7298



67.4553, -4.0717, 4.9339



42.1642, -2.7695, 2.6443



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.2055, -5.0212, 4.6275



90.3901, -7.1764, 6.5115



67.2488, -4.7832, 4.0096



31.5133, -2.4330, 2.2232



47.7310, -40.9292, 28.6951



8.4666, -7.2600, 5.0900

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.6663, -2.1103, 2.6382



89.5051, -2.3991, 3.2467



66.6222, -2.3513, 3.2677



31.2308, -0.9081, 1.1811



30.1195, 59.2163, -39.7282



5.3427, 10.5039, -7.0470

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

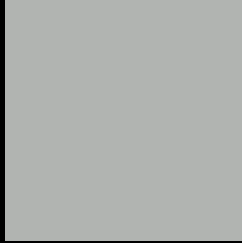
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

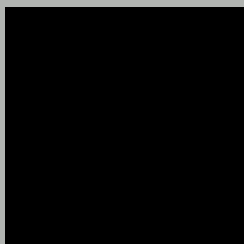
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

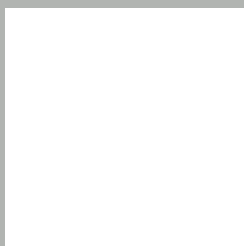
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264.

4.6264.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264

Protanopia

67.1138, -2.3250, 5.0285

Deuteranopia

66.9606, 4.7618, 4.0497



Tritanopia

67.2535, -0.8445, -2.5377

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264

Protanomaly

67.2299, -3.4507, 5.1429

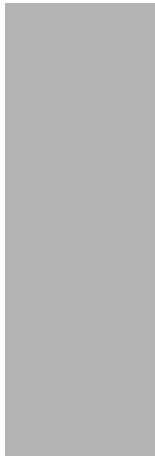
Deuteranomaly

67.1445, 0.9242, 4.1979

Tritanomaly

67.3001, -2.5332, 0.0075

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264

Achromatopsia

67.1406, -3.5825, 3.6479

Achromatomaly

67.0220, -4.0553, 3.9673

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 180, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 180, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 180, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 180, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 180, 177) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 180, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 180, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 180, 177); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 180, 177); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 180, 177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.2041, -5.0196, 4.6264 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 180, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
180, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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