

Converting Colors

HunterLab(67.3653, -3.7909,
4.1644)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(67.3653, -3.7909, 4.1644)
contains.

HunterLab(67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**HunterLab(67.4983, -3.9332,
4.5258)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4B4B2
RGB	180, 180, 178
RGB Percent	71%, 71%, 70%
CMY	0.2941, 0.2941, 0.3020
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.01, 0.29
HSL	60°, 1%, 70%
HSV	60°, 1%, 71%
XYZ	43.1796, 45.5602, 48.6377
YIQ	179.7720, 0.6420, -0.6220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

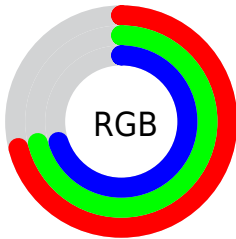
Format	Color
RYB	178, 180, 178
Decimal	11842738
CIELab	73.26, -0.37, 1.01
CIElCh	73, 1.076, 110.084
Yxy	45.5622, 0.3143, 0.3316
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290032818 (0xFFB4B4B2)
YUV	179.7720, -0.8736, 0.2000
Hunter-Lab	67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258

Details

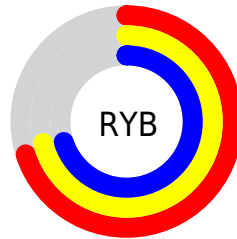
The HunterLab color $67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $66.7850, -3.2267, 2.7599$, and the grayscale version is $67.4676, -3.5999, 3.6656$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $91.5228, -5.2328, 5.8771$, and $46.0124, -2.7655, 3.3034$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $66.9943, -6.7118, 11.7306$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68.0712, -0.8198, -3.5577$.

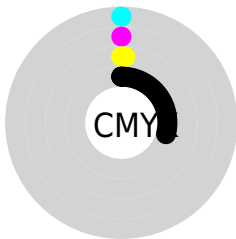
Distribution



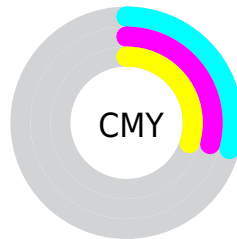
- Red (71%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67.4983, -3.9332,
4.5258

■ 67.4983, -3.9332,
4.5258

192.1056,
-10.7278, 11.6692

■ 56.4805, -3.3272,
3.8772

■ 91.4130, -5.2472,
5.9204

■ 46.1362, -2.7544,
3.2610

104.2457, -5.9489,
6.6616

■ 36.5142, -2.2187,
2.6800

117.6283, -6.6794,
7.4310

■ 27.6733, -1.7227,
2.1364

131.5392, -7.4374,
8.2276

■ 19.6901, -1.2700,
1.6326

145.9589, -8.2222,
9.0505

■ 12.6688, -0.8650,
1.1712

160.8701, -9.0326,

■ 6.0080, -0.5888,

9.8988

1.0242

176.2571, -9.8681,
10.7720

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.4983, -3.9332,
4.5258

■ 67.4983, -3.9332,
4.5258

■ 66.9943, -6.7118,
11.7306

■ 68.0712, -0.8198,
-3.5577

■ 66.5535, -9.1500,
18.0514

■ 68.7095, 2.6294,
-12.5136

■ 66.1758, -11.2517,
23.4956

■ 69.4152, 6.4065,
-22.3243

■ 65.8591, -13.0228,
28.0786

■ 70.1885, 10.5028,
-32.9676

■ 65.6008, -14.4727,

■ 70.4170, 11.7010,

31.8253

-36.0628

■ 65.3978, -15.6152,
34.7714

■ 70.4195, 11.7092,
-36.0583

■ 65.2464, -16.4683,
36.9642

■ 70.4220, 11.7174,
-36.0538

■ 65.1421, -17.0555,
38.4644

■ 70.4245, 11.7257,
-36.0492

■ 65.0794, -17.4066,
39.3504

■ 70.4270, 11.7339,
-36.0447

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.4998, -3.4397, 4.5682



67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258



67.4998, -4.3405, 4.2580

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.4998, -3.9348, 4.5269



67.4998, -4.2206, 2.9695



67.4998, -2.6563, 3.5166

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258



66.7850, -3.2267, 2.7599

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.4998, -2.8668, 3.0852



67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258



67.4998, -3.7706, 2.7678

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.4998, -3.9348, 4.5269



67.4998, -4.5051, 3.3596



67.4998, -3.2750, 2.8103



67.4998, -2.7006, 3.9873

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258



67.4998, -4.5061, 3.9848



67.4998, -3.2750, 2.8103



67.4998, -2.6996, 3.3621

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.4998, -3.9348, 4.5269



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



66.9026, -2.9397, 3.8461



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978



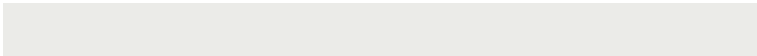
95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.4998, -3.9348, 4.5269



90.8967, -5.2603, 5.9970



67.4113, -4.2433, 4.4184



31.6751, -1.8211, 2.0589



54.3419, -14.6847, 33.2281



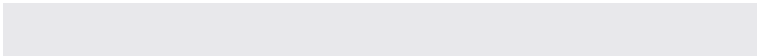
9.6404, -2.6004, 5.8949

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.7850, -3.2267, 2.7599



90.0169, -4.3888, 3.8221



66.8737, -2.9189, 2.8707



31.3943, -1.5430, 1.3648



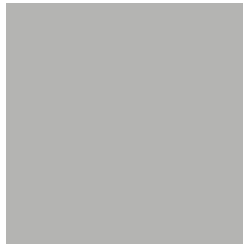
15.1708, 41.1401, -107.7121



2.6951, 7.3004, -19.0721

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

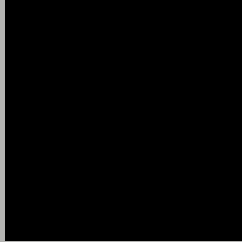
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258.



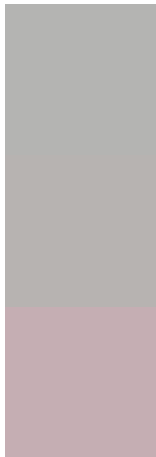
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.4983, -3.9332,

4.5258.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258

Protanopia

67.4402, -2.6618, 4.9415

Deuteranopia

67.3774, 4.7468, 4.0719



Tritanopia

67.5216, 0.0754, -2.1818

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258

Protanomaly

67.3495, -2.9760, 4.8310

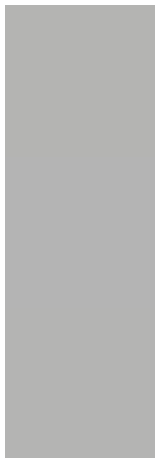
Deuteranomaly

67.3659, 1.7382, 4.0059

Tritanomaly

67.5661, -1.6139, 0.3506

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258

Achromatopsia

67.5582, -3.6047, 3.6706

Achromatomaly

67.5281, -3.7695, 4.0995

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 180, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 180, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 180, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 180, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 180, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 180, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 180, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 180, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 180, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 180,  
178) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.4983, -3.9332, 4.5258 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 180, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
180, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor