

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(67.3935, -45.9608,  
14.9802)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(67.3935, -45.9608,  
14.9802) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(67.3944,  
-45.9549, 14.9663)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00CC97
RGB	0, 204, 151
RGB Percent	0%, 80%, 59%
CMY	0.9999, 0.2000, 0.4078
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.26, 0.20
HSL	164°, 100%, 40%
HSV	164°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	27.1787, 45.4201, 36.6126
YIQ	136.9620, -104.5710, -59.7310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

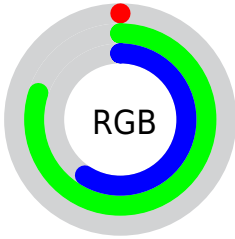
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 117, 204
Decimal	52375
CIELab	73.17, -54.94, 14.66
CIELCh	73, 56.858, 165.057
Yxy	45.4218, 0.2489, 0.4159
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278242455 (0xFF00CC97)
YUV	136.9620, 6.9207, -120.1157
Hunter-Lab	67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663

# Details

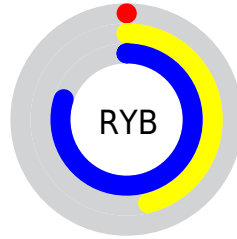
The HunterLab color **67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **36.1879, 62.6801, 17.8728**, and the grayscale version is **50.0075, -2.6683, 2.7170**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.7426, -50.1842, 15.2157**, and **47.0105, -33.3243, 13.1784** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.3955, -45.9567, 14.9689**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.6395, -44.6959, 13.2089**.

# Distribution



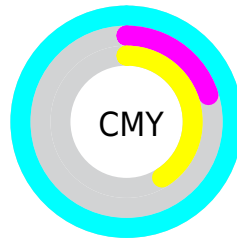
- Red (0%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (41%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 67.3944, -45.9549,  
14.9663


 67.3944, -45.9549,  
14.9663


191.9581,  
-74.9260, 27.2693


 56.3825, -42.1719,  
13.5833


 91.2979, -53.0396,  
17.6977


 46.0446, -38.1737,  
12.1770


 104.1254,  
-56.3962, 19.0556

 36.4294, -33.8996,  
10.7353


 117.5031,  
-59.6557, 20.4131

 27.5961, -29.2601,  
9.2390

 131.4092,  
-62.8329, 21.7730

 19.6211, -24.1167,  
7.6565

 145.8243,  
-65.9397, 23.1371

 12.6093, -21.4351,  
6.1824

160.7311,

 5.9229, -10.3650,

-68.9857, 24.5071

4.1460

176.1138,  
-71.9789, 25.8842

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.3944, -45.9549,  
14.9663

■ 67.3944, -45.9549,  
14.9663

■ 67.3955, -45.9567,  
14.9689

■ 67.6395, -44.6959,  
13.2089

■ 68.0071, -42.9282,  
11.5141

■ 68.5368, -40.5089,  
9.9364

■ 69.2465, -37.3869,  
8.5086

■ 70.1484, -33.5401,

7.2579

■ 71.2508, -28.9711,  
6.2059

■ 72.5581, -23.7023,  
5.3686

■ 74.0717, -17.7723,  
4.7564

■ 75.7902, -11.2314,  
4.3742

# Harmonies

## Analogous

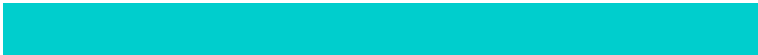
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.3957, -35.8883, 29.6359



67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663



67.3957, -45.9362, -10.1151

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.3957, -45.9554, 14.9669



67.3957, 10.0960, -61.5776



67.3957, 36.1240, 29.6728

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663



36.1879, 62.6801, 17.8728

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.3957, 52.7378, 15.0425



67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663



67.3957, 36.2109, -40.1166

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.3957, -45.9554, 14.9669



67.3957, -16.1922, -61.6233



67.3957, 52.7718, -10.0041



67.3957, 9.9912, 35.6282



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663



67.3957, -40.3121, -30.3662



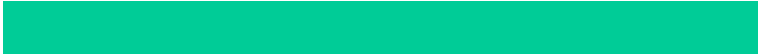
67.3957, 52.7718, -10.0041



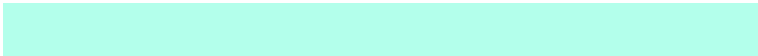
67.3957, 43.1734, 25.9230

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.3957, -45.9554, 14.9669



93.3003, -30.7916, 6.9466



66.3198, -53.7847, 39.9238



42.8197, -15.6282, 3.4129

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.3957, -45.9554, 14.9669



86.7081, -59.2710, 19.5716



53.1733, -16.3242, -31.2211



35.6024, -5.0781, 2.0446



53.4825, -36.3685, 11.6608



12.1967, -7.9608, 1.9403



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.1879, 62.6801, 17.8728



46.5364, 80.5469, 23.4678



38.6274, 52.2926, 24.7164



33.5570, 1.5429, 1.8066



28.7314, 49.8121, 13.8463

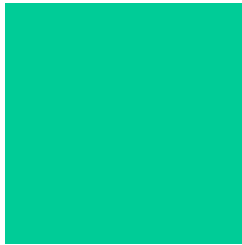


6.6228, 11.6706, 1.7302



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

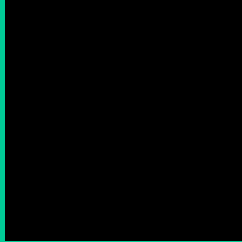
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.3944,

-45.9549, 14.9663.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663

### Protanopia

66.8222, -5.2375, 19.4110

### Deuteranopia

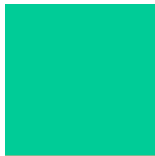
66.8358, 4.6962, 12.5704



## Tritanopia

67.3733, -28.1665, -13.7923

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663



## Protanomaly

64.4894, -28.1216, 15.3543



## Deuteranomaly

64.2765, -23.3119, 10.5942



## Tritanomaly

67.1244, -35.9019, -2.2963

# Monochromacy



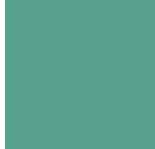
## Original Color

67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663



## Achromatopsia

50.0158, -2.6687, 2.7175



## Achromatomaly

54.2853, -24.1133, 5.0777

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 204, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 204, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 204, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 204, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 204, 151) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 204, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 204, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 204, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 204, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 204,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.3944, -45.9549, 14.9663 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 204, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 204,  
151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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