

Converting Colors

HunterLab(67.4219, -5.8812,
-16.2830)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(67.4219, -5.8812,
-16.2830) contains.

HunterLab(67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(67.4923, -5.9564,
-16.1836)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98B7D9
RGB	152, 183, 217
RGB Percent	60%, 72%, 85%
CMY	0.4039, 0.2823, 0.1490
CMYK	0.30, 0.16, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	211°, 46%, 72%
HSV	211°, 30%, 85%
XYZ	42.4068, 45.5521, 72.2030
YIQ	177.6070, -29.3900, 4.0020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

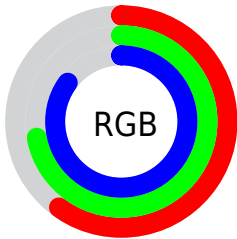
Format	Color
RYB	152, 173, 217
Decimal	10008537
CIELab	73.26, -2.65, -20.52
CIELCh	73, 20.690, 262.634
Yxy	45.5539, 0.2648, 0.2844
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288198617 (0xFF98B7D9)
YUV	177.6070, 19.4207, -22.4573
Hunter-Lab	67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836

Details

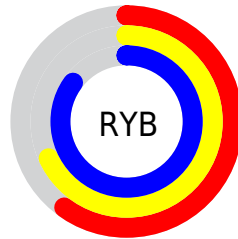
The HunterLab color $67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCFF$. A complement of this color would be $72.2060, 1.7987, 20.1314$, and the grayscale version is $66.4912, -3.5478, 3.6126$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $90.6744, -11.7281, -6.1942$, and $46.0723, -4.4963, -15.6782$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62.5722, -5.4815, -23.7422$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72.6056, -5.8940, -8.9711$.

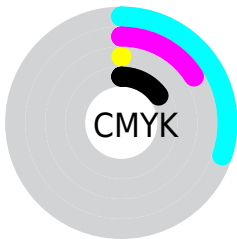
Distribution



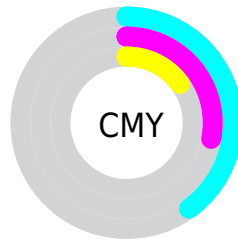
- Red (60%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67.4923, -5.9564,
-16.1836

■ 67.4923, -5.9564,
-16.1836

192.0969,
-13.6052, -15.9195

■ 56.4747, -5.2310,
-15.9392

■ 91.4062, -7.4879,
-16.4843

■ 46.1308, -4.5318,
-15.6309

■ 104.2386, -8.2912,
-16.5496

■ 36.5092, -3.8599,
-15.2568

117.6210, -9.1190,
-16.5619

■ 27.6688, -3.2154,
-14.8215

131.5315, -9.9707,
-16.5240

■ 19.6860, -2.5977,
-14.3453

145.9510,
-10.8457, -16.4386

■ 12.6653, -2.0042,
-13.8985

160.8619,

■ 6.0030, -2.2461,

-11.7434, -16.3080

-16.6343

176.2486,
-12.6634, -16.1343

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.4923, -5.9564,
-16.1836

■ 67.4923, -5.9564,
-16.1836

■ 62.5722, -5.4815,
-23.7422

■ 72.6056, -5.8940,
-8.9711

■ 57.8641, -4.3813,
-31.6851

■ 77.8884, -5.3668,
-2.0707

■ 53.3959, -2.5617,
-40.0354

■ 83.3254, -4.4394,
4.5565

■ 49.1971, 0.0744,
-48.7977

■ 88.9023, -3.1658,
10.9454

■ 45.2995, 3.6132,

■ 94.0458, -3.5287,

-57.9443

16.5028

■ 41.7338, 8.1050,
-67.4039

■ 97.6372, -9.4450,
20.1346

■ 38.4979, 13.4496,
-77.1432

■ 98.8887, -11.4582,
21.3750

■ 38.4832, 13.4756,
-77.1906

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.4936, -14.4551, -11.8391



67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836



67.4936, 3.6529, -14.6427

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.4936, -5.9572, -16.1823



67.4936, 14.3069, 10.0932



67.4936, -17.6691, 13.4930

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836



72.2060, 1.7987, 20.1314

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.4936, -10.5684, 17.9648



67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836



67.4936, 7.9771, 16.2019

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.4936, -5.9572, -16.1823



67.4936, 15.7114, 1.3817



67.4936, -1.2200, 18.8822



67.4936, -20.9669, 5.8884

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836



67.4936, 9.3692, -10.5763



67.4936, -1.2200, 18.8822



67.4936, -15.6675, 15.3663

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.4936, -5.9572, -16.1823



94.0653, -6.3639, -1.7807



77.3496, -27.8653, 11.7433



43.0815, -3.0048, -1.3746

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.4936, -5.9572, -16.1823



77.2304, -6.8684, -25.1619



58.5218, 10.1569, -30.2695



36.9277, -2.5173, -0.8144



30.2880, 9.7732, -58.9550



8.7530, 0.5074, -12.0359

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.7404, 23.9721, -1.9773



72.1316, 36.1885, -3.4327



81.5352, -14.0128, 28.3941



36.2691, 2.0515, 1.0123



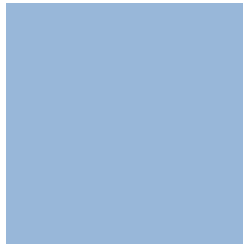
30.9028, 54.9281, 4.4182



7.9752, 14.3788, -0.4365

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

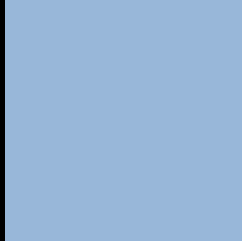
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

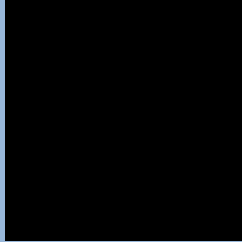
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

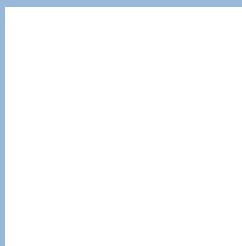
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836.

-16.1836.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836

Protanopia

67.4288, 1.3137, -14.3671

Deuteranopia

67.4628, 4.8238, -17.2443



Tritanopia

67.5505, -11.6844, -7.0812

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836

Protanomaly

67.4894, -1.4573, -14.9182

Deuteranomaly

67.5478, 0.5050, -16.5894

Tritanomaly

67.5222, -9.7618, -10.3985

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836

Achromatopsia

66.7234, -3.5602, 3.6252

Achromatomaly

66.9950, -4.8102, -2.9360

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 183, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 183, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 183, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 183, 217) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 183, 217) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 183, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 183, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 183, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 183, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 183,  
217) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.4923, -5.9564, -16.1836 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 183, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
183, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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