

Converting Colors

HunterLab(67.5610, -5.2144,
3.1313)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(67.5610, -5.2144, 3.1313)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(67.5382, -5.1559,
3.1493)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B0B5B5
RGB	176, 181, 181
RGB Percent	69%, 71%, 71%
CMY	0.3098, 0.2902, 0.2902
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	180°, 3%, 70%
HSV	180°, 3%, 71%
XYZ	42.7689, 45.6141, 50.2663
YIQ	179.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

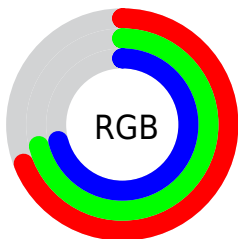
Format	Color
RYB	176, 179, 181
Decimal	11580853
CIELab	73.30, -1.74, -0.62
CIELCh	73, 1.849, 199.478
Yxy	45.6160, 0.3085, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289770933 (0xFFB0B5B5)
YUV	179.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739
Hunter-Lab	67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493

Details

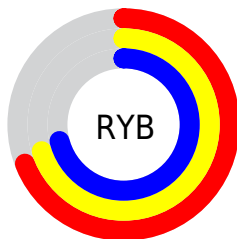
The HunterLab color $67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $66.3402, -1.9580, 4.1330$, and the grayscale version is $67.3506, -3.5937, 3.6593$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $91.5634, -6.5224, 4.4262$, and $46.1324, -3.6256, 2.1163$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $66.0639, -10.3843, 1.2977$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69.1875, 0.5427, 5.1744$.

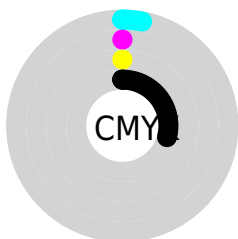
Distribution



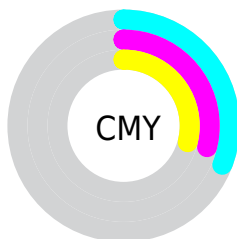
- Red (69%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67.5382, -5.1559,
3.1493

■ 67.5382, -5.1559,
3.1493

192.1621,
-12.4650, 9.7161

■ 56.5181, -4.4785,
2.5805

■ 91.4571, -6.6011,
4.3968

■ 46.1713, -3.8297,
2.0493

104.2918, -7.3640,
5.0695

■ 36.5467, -3.2122,
1.5598

117.6763, -8.1530,
5.7733

■ 27.7030, -2.6271,
1.1159

131.5890, -8.9674,
6.5067

■ 19.7165, -2.0754,
0.7225

146.0104, -9.8065,
7.2687

■ 12.6917, -1.5575,
0.3871

160.9233,

■ 6.0403, -1.5803,

-10.6695, 8.0582

-0.0944

176.3120,
-11.5559, 8.8743

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.5382, -5.1559,
3.1493

■ 67.5382, -5.1559,
3.1493

■ 66.0639, -10.3843,
1.2977

■ 69.1875, 0.5427,
5.1744

■ 64.7634, -15.0925,
-0.3683

■ 71.0027, 6.6673,
7.3529

■ 63.6397, -19.2425,
-1.8342

■ 72.9796, 13.1668,
9.6691

■ 62.6922, -22.8039,
-3.0900

■ 75.1118, 19.9928,
12.1063

■ 61.9178, -25.7585,

■ 75.9263, 22.5538,

-4.1298

13.0187

■ 61.3110, -28.1029,
-4.9529

■ 75.9266, 22.5554,
13.0143

■ 60.8629, -29.8510,
-5.5647

■ 75.9269, 22.5569,
13.0099

■ 60.5611, -31.0369,
-5.9776

■ 75.9273, 22.5585,
13.0056

■ 60.3887, -31.7177,
-6.2119

■ 75.9276, 22.5601,
13.0012

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.5396, -5.2235, 3.9626



67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493



67.5396, -4.6771, 2.4711

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.5396, -5.1574, 3.1504



67.5396, -2.3473, 2.6476



67.5396, -3.3055, 5.2029

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493



66.3402, -1.9580, 4.1330

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.5396, -2.5309, 4.8598



67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493



67.5396, -1.9758, 3.3888

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.5396, -5.1574, 3.1504



67.5396, -3.0558, 2.1783



67.5396, -2.0432, 4.1982



67.5396, -4.1572, 5.1409

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493



67.5396, -4.1854, 2.1883



67.5396, -2.0432, 4.1982



67.5396, -3.0274, 5.1313

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.5396, -5.1574, 3.1504



90.7531, -5.6128, 4.6733



67.3974, -5.9550, 5.2918



42.1968, -2.5906, 2.1793



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



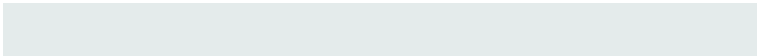
42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.5396, -5.1574, 3.1504



90.3245, -7.1110, 4.1417



66.8141, -3.9616, 2.3060



31.4248, -2.6490, 1.3825



50.0792, -26.5699, -5.2377



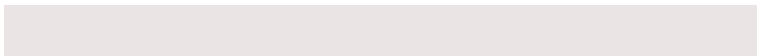
8.8833, -4.7120, -0.9314

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.3402, -1.9580, 4.1330



88.5537, -2.3877, 5.5924



67.0574, -3.1611, 4.9479



30.6718, -0.6405, 1.9994



26.0241, 44.5678, 16.8099



4.6165, 7.9066, 2.9772

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

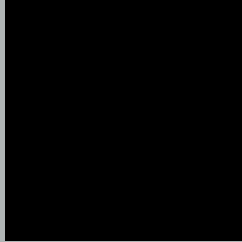
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

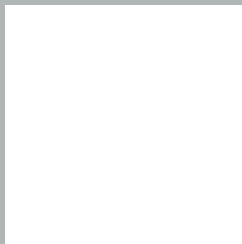
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493.

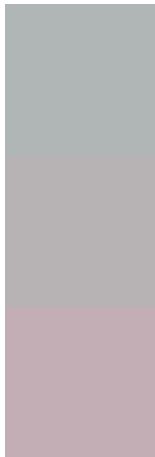


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493

Protanopia

67.5298, -2.1723, 3.6622

Deuteranopia

67.3686, 4.8995, 2.6490



Tritanopia

67.4948, -1.4714, -2.7548

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493

Protanomaly

67.5582, -3.6047, 3.6706

Deuteranomaly

67.5578, 1.0736, 2.8077

Tritanomaly

67.5750, -2.9858, -0.6544

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493

Achromatopsia

67.5582, -3.6047, 3.6706

Achromatomaly

67.4696, -3.9130, 3.5608

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 181, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 181, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 181, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 181, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 181, 181) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 181, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 181, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 181, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 181, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 181,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.5382, -5.1559, 3.1493 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 181, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
181, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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