

Converting Colors

HunterLab(67.5792, 4.4414,
-21.0542)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(67.5792, 4.4414,
-21.0542) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(67.5657, 4.1476,
-20.8029)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACB1E1
RGB	172, 177, 225
RGB Percent	67%, 69%, 88%
CMY	0.3255, 0.3059, 0.1176
CMYK	0.24, 0.21, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	234°, 47%, 78%
HSV	234°, 24%, 88%
XYZ	46.3261, 45.6512, 77.6041
YIQ	180.9770, -18.3880, 13.8680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

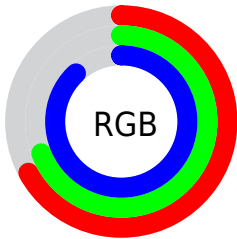
Format	Color
R _Y B	172, 177, 225
Decimal	11317729
CIE Lab	73.32, 8.49, -24.65
CIE LCh	73, 26.074, 289.011
Yxy	45.6531, 0.2732, 0.2692
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289507809 (0xFFACB1E1)
YUV	180.9770, 21.7033, -7.8728
Hunter-Lab	67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029

Details

The HunterLab color $67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $83.7692, -10.0264, 23.8173$, and the grayscale version is $67.8856, -3.6222, 3.6884$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $90.5493, -2.3662, -6.1927$, and $46.3589, 4.3395, -19.9961$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59.8842, 8.6831, -33.4758$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $75.5500, 0.1471, -9.3476$.

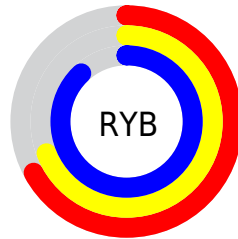
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (69%)

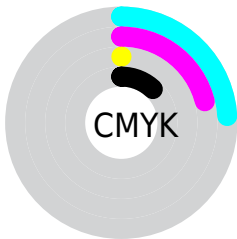
Blue (88%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (88%)

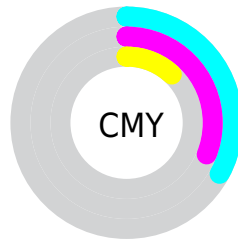


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67.5657, 4.1476,
-20.8029

■ 67.5657, 4.1476,
-20.8029

192.2010, 0.6027,
-21.6477

■ 56.5439, 4.3086,
-20.4341

■ 91.4875, 3.6591,
-21.3573

■ 46.1955, 4.4081,
-20.0071

104.3235, 3.3425,
-21.5493

■ 36.5690, 4.4373,
-19.5254

117.7093, 2.9818,
-21.6872

■ 27.7233, 4.3852,
-19.0051

131.6232, 2.5798,
-21.7734

■ 19.7347, 4.2362,
-18.4905

146.0459, 2.1390,
-21.8105

■ 12.7074, 3.9668,
-18.1137

160.9600, 1.6614,

■ 6.0624, 5.7811,

-21.8005

-21.6763

176.3497, 1.1488,
-21.7456

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.5657, 4.1476,
-20.8029

■ 67.5657, 4.1476,
-20.8029

■ 59.8842, 8.6831,
-33.4758

■ 75.5500, 0.1471,
-9.3476

■ 52.5617, 13.9145,
-47.7217

■ 83.7889, -3.4375,
1.1634

■ 45.6848, 20.0328,
-63.9476

■ 92.2509, -6.6994,
10.9443

■ 39.3755, 27.2330,
-82.5228

■ 99.1041, -10.2660,
18.2708

■ 33.8081, 35.6002,

-103.4708

■ 29.2192, 44.8251,
-125.7567

■ 25.8820, 53.7586,
-146.2942

■ 24.4565, 58.3843,
-156.6033

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.5671, -7.9915, -21.8868



67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029



67.5671, 14.8857, -12.5280

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.5671, 4.1466, -20.8015



67.5671, 12.3565, 18.3554



67.5671, -24.9860, 7.7664

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029



83.7692, -10.0264, 23.8173

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.5671, -20.3059, 16.6560



67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029



67.5671, 0.8885, 22.0127

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.5671, 4.1466, -20.8015



67.5671, 19.8515, 10.5043



67.5671, -11.0295, 21.4509



67.5671, -24.2492, -3.9447

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029



67.5671, 19.5403, -4.7491



67.5671, -11.0295, 21.4509



67.5671, -24.0081, 11.1423

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.5671, 4.1466, -20.8015



93.2129, -2.5652, -2.7848



82.3247, -20.8726, 1.7472



42.8566, -1.0722, -1.6255

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.5671, 4.1466, -20.8015



73.7118, 7.1175, -30.5521



68.0488, 13.0873, -19.9055



36.6745, -0.6373, -2.2890



18.7652, 43.5056, -117.3709



5.6248, 8.9581, -26.3685

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.7770, 15.3676, 7.9201



76.8814, 22.4750, 10.0495



83.4500, -19.3663, 23.3515



37.0425, 1.4799, 2.7151



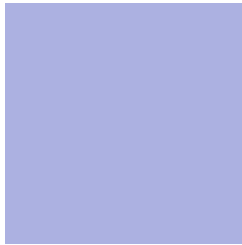
30.4360, 52.2516, 18.6677



8.0585, 13.9248, 4.2435

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

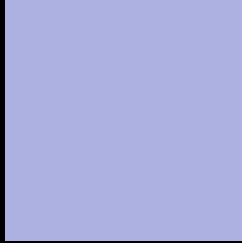
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

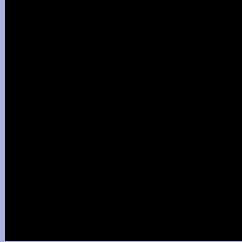
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029

Protanopia

67.5697, 2.7340, -21.4509

Deuteranopia

67.4430, 5.2346, -20.9732



Tritanopia

67.6037, -5.4501, -4.7656

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029

Protanomaly

67.6512, 3.0096, -21.3198

Deuteranomaly

67.3581, 4.9502, -21.1094

Tritanomaly

67.5148, -1.9639, -10.2722

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029

Achromatopsia

67.9762, -3.6270, 3.6933

Achromatomaly

67.9255, -1.2473, -4.2743

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 177, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 177, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 177, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 177, 225) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 177, 225) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 177, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 177, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 177, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 177, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 177,  
225) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.5657, 4.1476, -20.8029 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 177, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
177, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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