

Converting Colors

HunterLab(67.6803, -6.5218,
0.7436)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(67.6803, -6.5218, 0.7436)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(67.5714, -6.2825,
0.7662)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABB6BA
RGB	171, 182, 186
RGB Percent	67%, 71%, 73%
CMY	0.3294, 0.2863, 0.2706
CMYK	0.08, 0.02, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	196°, 10%, 70%
HSV	196°, 8%, 73%
XYZ	42.3854, 45.6589, 53.0334
YIQ	179.1670, -7.8400, -1.0880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

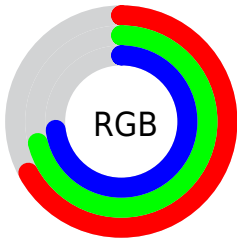
Format	Color
RYB	171, 177, 186
Decimal	11253434
CIELab	73.32, -3.02, -3.35
CIELCh	73, 4.510, 228.003
Yxy	45.6609, 0.3004, 0.3236
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289443514 (0xFFABB6BA)
YUV	179.1670, 3.3687, -7.1625
Hunter-Lab	67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662

Details

The HunterLab color $67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $66.3619, -0.6589, 6.4574$, and the grayscale version is $67.2003, -3.5856, 3.6511$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $91.5033, -8.0396, 1.8122$, and $46.1692, -4.6638, -0.1290$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64.5929, -9.0798, -2.9983$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70.6860, -3.0922, 4.5367$.

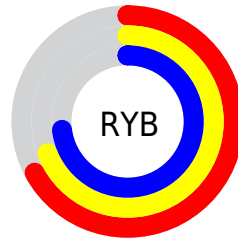
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (71%)

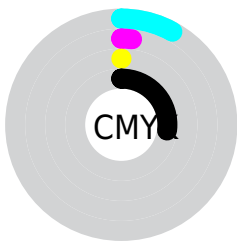
Blue (73%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (73%)

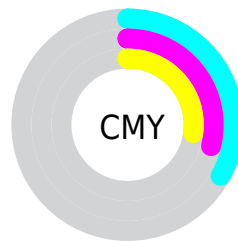


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67.5714, -6.2825,
0.7662

■ 67.5714, -6.2825,
0.7662

192.2091,
-14.0709, 6.3827

■ 56.5493, -5.5384,
0.3275

■ 91.4938, -7.8501,
1.7727

■ 46.2006, -4.8186,
-0.0656

104.3301, -8.6699,
2.3328

■ 36.5737, -4.1246,
-0.4074

117.7162, -9.5136,
2.9285

■ 27.7276, -3.4559,
-0.6919

131.6304,
-10.3804, 3.5577

■ 19.7385, -2.8113,
-0.9105

146.0533,
-11.2701, 4.2191

■ 12.7107, -2.1869,
-1.0508

160.9677,

■ 6.0670, -2.4916,

-12.1820, 4.9111

-1.9600

176.3577,
-13.1158, 5.6327

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.5714, -6.2825,
0.7662

■ 67.5714, -6.2825,
0.7662

■ 64.5929, -9.0798,
-2.9983

■ 70.6860, -3.0922,
4.5367

■ 61.7551, -11.4357,
-6.7477

■ 73.9238, 0.4537,
8.3006

■ 59.0681, -13.3061,
-10.4651

■ 77.2781, 4.3161,
12.0524

■ 56.5403, -14.6460,
-14.1308

■ 80.7413, 8.4608,
15.7876

■ 54.1791, -15.4149,

■ 83.2633, 9.4241,

-17.7222

18.3918

■ 51.9902, -15.5806,
-21.2144

■ 84.7137, 6.7965,
19.8059

■ 49.9759, -15.1260,
-24.5829

■ 86.1838, 4.1808,
21.2206

■ 48.1340, -14.0577,
-27.8081

■ 87.6730, 1.5775,
22.6355

■ 46.4459, -12.4490,
-30.8999

■ 89.1808, -1.0131,
24.0504

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.5728, -7.3984, 2.4828



67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662



67.5728, -4.4446, -0.1793

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.5728, -6.2839, 0.7673



67.5728, 0.3773, 2.8766



67.5728, -4.8499, 7.2227

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662



66.3619, -0.6589, 6.4574

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.5728, -2.7696, 7.3208



67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662



67.5728, 0.2655, 4.8521

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.5728, -6.2839, 0.7673



67.5728, -0.5887, 1.0631



67.5728, -0.8921, 6.4651



67.5728, -6.5775, 6.1927

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662



67.5728, -3.0473, -0.2284



67.5728, -0.8921, 6.4651



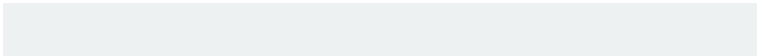
67.5728, -4.1692, 7.3646

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.5728, -6.2839, 0.7673



93.4807, -5.9286, 4.0940



68.4557, -10.1052, 6.9888



43.8884, -2.7610, 1.9458



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.5728, -6.2839, 0.7673



90.1153, -9.2971, -0.0331



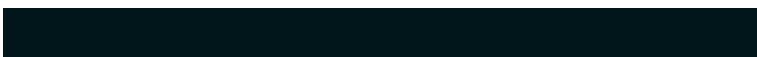
65.3962, -2.6979, -1.8679



31.2966, -3.1023, 0.1354



38.0026, -10.1816, -25.5208



7.7777, -2.8101, -3.6553

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.5311, 3.1486, 0.3920



86.6726, 6.6803, -0.6543



68.5117, -4.2673, 8.7990



30.2006, 1.9745, -0.0638



28.7059, 53.3996, -14.3185



5.4787, 10.3421, -3.8992

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

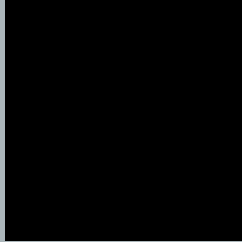
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

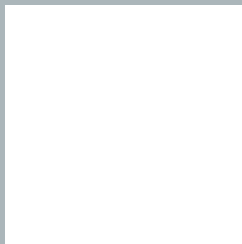
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.5714, -6.2825,

0.7662.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662

Protanopia

67.5618, -1.8170, 1.8041

Deuteranopia

67.3589, 5.2434, -0.2796



Tritanopia

67.7290, -3.5971, -3.5255

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662

Protanomaly

67.5354, -3.3769, 1.2607

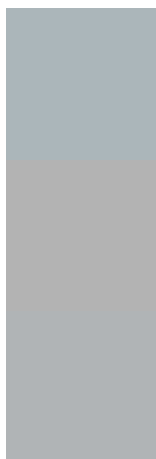
Deuteranomaly

67.4324, 0.9578, 0.2314

Tritanomaly

67.5457, -4.4344, -2.2303

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662

Achromatopsia

67.1406, -3.5825, 3.6479

Achromatomaly

67.2681, -4.4938, 2.3645

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 182, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 182, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 182, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 182, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 182, 186) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 182, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 182, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 182, 186); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 182, 186); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 182, 186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.5714, -6.2825, 0.7662 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 182, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
182, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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