

Converting Colors

HunterLab(67.7396, -3.9522,
3.5741)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(67.7396, -3.9522, 3.5741)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(67.8876, -3.9356,
3.5834)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4B5B5
RGB	180, 181, 181
RGB Percent	71%, 71%, 71%
CMY	0.2941, 0.2902, 0.2902
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	180°, 1%, 71%
HSV	180°, 1%, 71%
XYZ	43.6868, 46.0873, 50.3093
YIQ	180.7010, -0.5960, -0.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

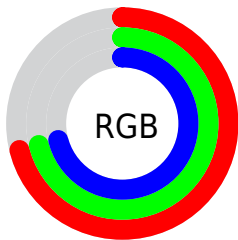
Format	Color
RYB	180, 181, 181
Decimal	11842997
CIELab	73.60, -0.35, -0.13
CIElCh	74, 0.372, 200.507
Yxy	46.0892, 0.3119, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290033077 (0xFFB4B5B5)
YUV	180.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148
Hunter-Lab	67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834

Details

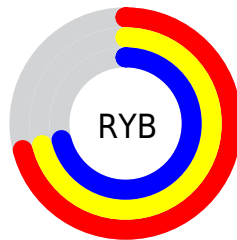
The HunterLab color $67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $67.6482, -3.2936, 3.7799$, and the grayscale version is $67.8521, -3.6204, 3.6865$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $91.9324, -5.2350, 4.8844$, and $46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $66.3736, -9.2800, 1.7111$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69.5756, 1.8677, 5.6263$.

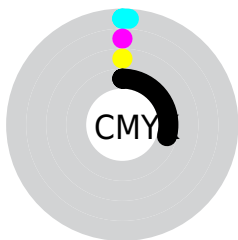
Distribution



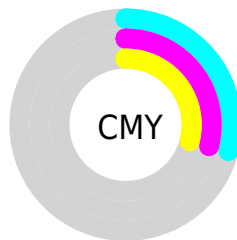
- Red (71%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67.8876, -3.9356,
3.5834

■ 67.8876, -3.9356,
3.5834

192.6570,
-10.7307, 10.3299

■ 56.8474, -3.3295,
2.9898

■ 91.8436, -5.2497,
4.8767

■ 46.4792, -2.7567,
2.4322

104.6956, -5.9515,
5.5708

■ 36.8315, -2.2209,
1.9144

118.0967, -6.6820,
6.2950

■ 27.9628, -1.7249,
1.4395

132.0253, -7.4401,
7.0481

■ 19.9486, -1.2721,
1.0120

146.4621, -8.2249,
7.8291

■ 12.8922, -0.8671,
0.6379

161.3899, -9.0354,

■ 6.3160, -0.5775,

8.6369

0.2583

176.7929, -9.8710,
9.4708

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.8876, -3.9356,
3.5834

■ 67.8876, -3.9356,
3.5834

■ 66.3736, -9.2800,
1.7111

■ 69.5756, 1.8677,
5.6263

■ 65.0329, -14.1143,
0.0218

■ 71.4282, 8.0856,
7.8199

■ 63.8687, -18.3988,
-1.4695

■ 73.4412, 14.6669,
10.1482

■ 62.8809, -22.1008,
-2.7522

■ 75.6078, 21.5639,
12.5948

■ 62.0673, -25.1992,

■ 75.9320, 22.5830,

-3.8194

12.9368

■ 61.4226, -27.6868,
-4.6694

■ 75.9335, 22.5904,
12.9161

■ 60.9389, -29.5736,
-5.3063

■ 75.9349, 22.5978,
12.8953

■ 60.6045, -30.8887,
-5.7410

■ 75.9364, 22.6052,
12.8745

■ 60.4038, -31.6836,
-5.9919

■ 75.9378, 22.6126,
12.8537

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.8891, -3.9537, 3.7475



67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834



67.8891, -3.8374, 3.4508

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.8891, -3.9372, 3.5845



67.8891, -3.3692, 3.4939



67.8891, -3.5712, 4.0066

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834



67.6482, -3.2936, 3.7799

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.8891, -3.4144, 3.9390



67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834



67.8891, -3.2978, 3.6432

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.8891, -3.9372, 3.5845



67.8891, -3.5095, 3.3985



67.8891, -3.3143, 3.8061



67.8891, -3.7425, 3.9910

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834



67.8891, -3.7369, 3.3965



67.8891, -3.3143, 3.8061



67.8891, -3.5150, 3.9929

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.8891, -3.9372, 3.5845



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



67.8604, -4.0973, 4.0163



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.8891, -3.9372, 3.5845



90.7529, -5.6137, 4.6758



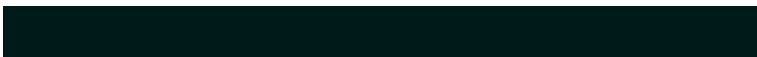
67.7440, -3.6960, 3.4162



31.6292, -1.9339, 1.6371



50.0675, -26.6396, -5.0727



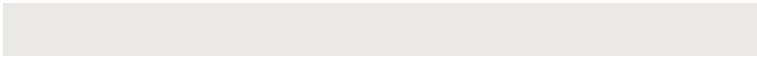
8.8818, -4.7207, -0.9108

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.6482, -3.2936, 3.7799



90.1618, -4.0344, 5.1554



67.7929, -3.5351, 3.9470



31.4406, -1.4299, 1.7901



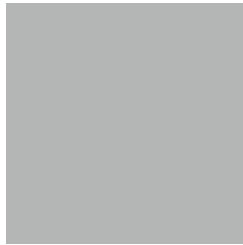
26.0255, 44.5733, 16.7877



4.6179, 7.9119, 2.9563

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

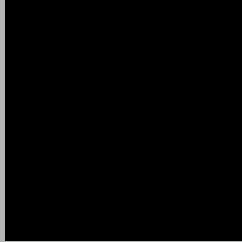
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

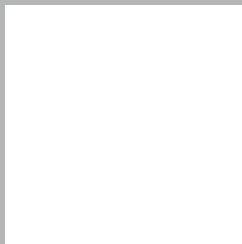
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834.



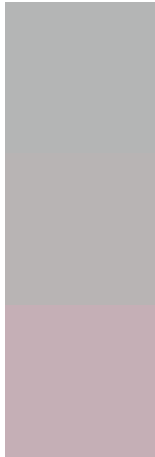
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.8876, -3.9356,

3.5834.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834

Protanopia

67.9177, -2.3576, 4.1145

Deuteranopia

67.7552, 4.7208, 3.1064



Tritanopia

67.8495, -0.2519, -2.2832

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834

Protanomaly

67.8270, -2.6715, 4.0028

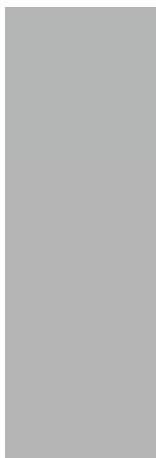
Deuteranomaly

67.7481, 1.7216, 3.0454

Tritanomaly

67.9267, -1.7687, -0.1975

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834

Achromatopsia

67.9762, -3.6270, 3.6933

Achromatomaly

67.9762, -3.6270, 3.6933

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 181, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 181, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 181, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 181, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 181, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 181, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 181, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 181, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 181, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 181,  
181) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 181, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
181, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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