

Converting Colors

HunterLab(67.8467, -0.8204,
-9.7941)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(67.8467, -0.8204,
-9.7941) contains.

HunterLab(67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(67.8467, -0.8204,
-9.7941)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADB4CF
RGB	173, 180, 207
RGB Percent	68%, 71%, 81%
CMY	0.3216, 0.2941, 0.1882
CMYK	0.16, 0.13, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	228°, 26%, 75%
HSV	228°, 16%, 81%
XYZ	44.8173, 46.0317, 65.5544
YIQ	180.9850, -12.8390, 6.9130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

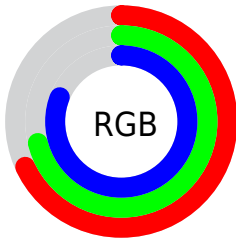
Format	Color
R _Y B	173, 179, 207
Decimal	11384015
CIE Lab	73.57, 3.11, -14.45
CIE LCh	74, 14.784, 282.134
Yxy	46.0336, 0.2866, 0.2943
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289574095 (0xFFADB4CF)
YUV	180.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028
Hunter-Lab	67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941

Details

The HunterLab color $67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $75.8887, -5.9560, 15.7693$, and the grayscale version is $67.9232, -3.6242, 3.6904$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $91.5800, -3.6368, -4.8827$, and $46.3376, 0.1316, -10.0057$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61.3236, 1.7400, -19.2569$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $74.5749, -2.9913, -1.0326$.

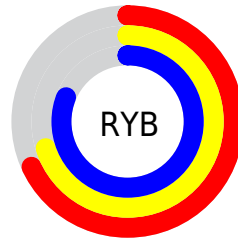
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (71%)

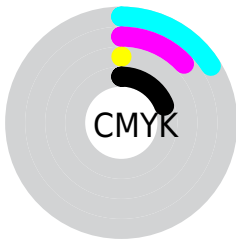
Blue (81%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (81%)

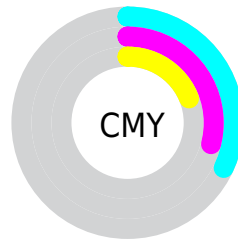


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67.8467, -0.8204,
-9.7941

■ 67.8467, -0.8204,
-9.7941

192.5990, -6.3351,
-7.7563

■ 56.8088, -0.3904,
-9.7640

■ 91.7983, -1.8082,
-9.6735

■ 46.4431, -0.0052,
-9.6698

104.6483, -2.3582,
-9.5335

■ 36.7981, 0.3291,
-9.5047

118.0474, -2.9430,
-9.3446

■ 27.9323, 0.6063,
-9.2636

131.9741, -3.5609,
-9.1096

■ 19.9213, 0.8174,
-8.9444

146.4092, -4.2104,
-8.8312

■ 12.8686, 0.9491,
-8.5589

161.3352, -4.8900,

■ 6.2843, 1.8192,

-8.5115

-9.9719

176.7366, -5.5986,
-8.1526

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.8467, -0.8204,
-9.7941

■ 67.8467, -0.8204,
-9.7941

■ 61.3236, 1.7400,
-19.2569

■ 74.5749, -2.9913,
-1.0326

■ 55.0331, 4.7926,
-29.6035

■ 81.4795, -4.8457,
7.1666

■ 49.0187, 8.4616,
-41.0484

■ 88.5426, -6.4444,
14.9175

■ 43.3373, 12.9000,
-53.8322

■ 95.6692, -8.1130,
22.2243

■ 38.0659, 18.2754,

■ 98.6332, -12.8760,

-68.1704

25.0667

■ 33.3089, 24.7223,
-84.1202

■ 29.2020, 32.2197,
-101.2973

■ 25.9007, 40.3591,
-118.4660

■ 24.9119, 43.1975,
-124.3888

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.8481, -7.6334, -9.4044



67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941



67.8481, 5.4779, -6.3139

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.8481, -0.8216, -9.7928



67.8481, 6.4642, 11.6022



67.8481, -15.7573, 7.4403

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941



75.8887, -5.9560, 15.7693

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.8481, -12.2697, 12.3755



67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941



67.8481, 0.4811, 14.6086

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.8481, -0.8216, -9.7928



67.8481, 9.7952, 6.2846



67.8481, -6.3813, 14.8768



67.8481, -16.0748, 0.9952

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941



67.8481, 8.4674, -2.4538



67.8481, -6.3813, 14.8768



67.8481, -14.9235, 9.3139

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.8481, -0.8216, -9.7928



95.5883, -4.1287, 0.1470



75.9367, -15.5219, 4.0299



43.9387, -1.8281, -0.2820

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.8481, -0.8216, -9.7928



82.7076, 0.1331, -16.8543



66.6450, 5.6344, -11.3524



34.3606, -1.1267, -1.6991



20.0512, 33.3412, -97.0364



5.8404, 4.6926, -17.4301

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.1535, 8.8443, 4.5845



83.2625, 15.1518, 6.0294



77.1774, -12.5287, 16.9641



34.4202, 1.5128, 2.0706



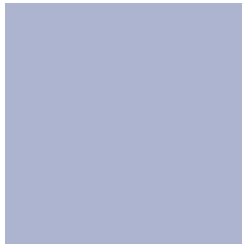
29.1155, 50.2711, 15.6365



6.9694, 12.1995, 2.4554

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

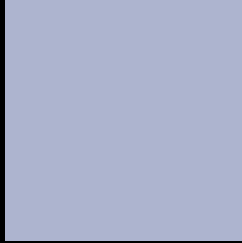
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

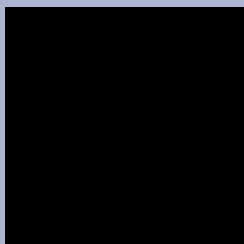
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941.



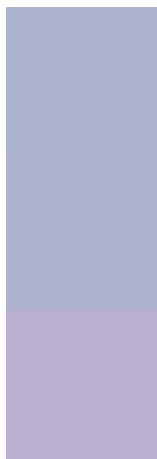
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941.

-9.7941.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941

Protanopia

67.7691, 0.3665, -9.3211

Deuteranopia

67.7636, 5.0034, -10.3692



Tritanopia

67.8965, -4.4932, -3.8458

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941

Protanomaly

67.6834, 0.0731, -9.4438

Deuteranomaly

67.6920, 3.2691, -10.4989

Tritanomaly

67.8148, -2.9595, -6.0391

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941

Achromatopsia

67.9762, -3.6270, 3.6933

Achromatomaly

67.9930, -3.0078, -0.6355

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 180, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 180, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 180, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 180, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 180, 207) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 180, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 180, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 180, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 180, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 180,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.8467, -0.8204, -9.7941 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 180, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
180, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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