

Converting Colors

HunterLab(67.8759, -2.3605,
3.8184)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(67.8759, -2.3605, 3.8184)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(67.9478, -2.1932,
3.6849)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8B4B5
RGB	184, 180, 181
RGB Percent	72%, 71%, 71%
CMY	0.2784, 0.2941, 0.2902
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.02, 0.28
HSL	345°, 3%, 71%
HSV	345°, 2%, 72%
XYZ	44.4289, 46.1690, 50.2859
YIQ	181.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

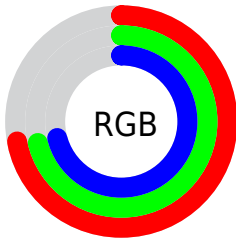
Format	Color
RYB	184, 180, 181
Decimal	12104885
CIELab	73.66, 1.60, -0.01
CIElCh	74, 1.596, 359.466
Yxy	46.1710, 0.3154, 0.3277
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290294965 (0xFFB8B4B5)
YUV	181.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591
Hunter-Lab	67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849

Details

The HunterLab color $67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $68.8508, -5.0893, 3.7557$, and the grayscale version is $68.1072, -3.6340, 3.7004$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $91.9949, -3.4043, 4.9900$, and $46.4355, -1.1303, 2.5181$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62.2005, 4.8224, 3.4755$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $73.9564, -9.0263, 4.1118$.

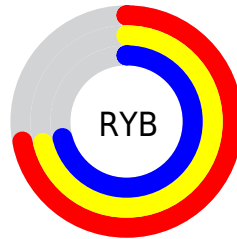
Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (71%)

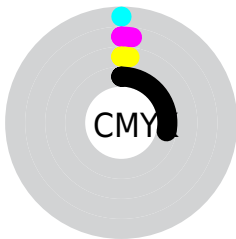
Blue (71%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (71%)

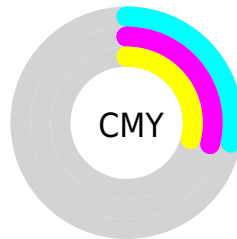


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67.9478, -2.1932,
3.6849

■ 67.9478, -2.1932,
3.6849

■ 192.7423, -8.2683,
10.4736

■ 56.9041, -1.6866,
3.0855

■ 91.9102, -3.3239,
4.9889

■ 46.5323, -1.2195,
2.5217

■ 104.7651, -3.9402,
5.6880

■ 36.8806, -0.7974,
1.9972

■ 118.1691, -4.5888,
6.4170

■ 28.0076, -0.4249,
1.5151

■ 132.1004, -5.2680,
7.1748

■ 19.9886, -0.1087,
1.0796

■ 146.5399, -5.9767,
7.9602

■ 12.9268, 0.1414,
0.6964

■ 161.4702, -6.7136,

■ 6.3623, 0.7534,

8.7724

0.3366

176.8757, -7.4778,
9.6104

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.9478, -2.1932,
3.6849

■ 67.9478, -2.1932,
3.6849

■ 62.2005, 4.8224,
3.4755

■ 73.9564, -9.0263,
4.1118

■ 56.7532, 12.0275,
3.5255

■ 80.1875, -15.6882,
4.7160

■ 51.6613, 19.3925,
3.8892

■ 86.6151, -22.2019,
5.4687

■ 46.9916, 26.8343,
4.6244

■ 93.2169, -28.5898,
6.3463

■ 42.8243, 34.1772,

■ 94.1361, -26.7118,

5.7846

0.5463

■ 39.2502, 41.1125,
7.3995

■ 94.3030, -25.7602,
-1.8236

■ 36.3609, 47.1828,
9.4455

■ 34.2287, 51.8433,
11.8142

■ 32.8755, 54.6489,
14.3030

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.9493, -2.3944, 3.0046



67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849



67.9493, -2.3810, 4.3637

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.9493, -2.1948, 3.6860



67.9493, -4.3305, 4.8712



67.9493, -4.3535, 2.5177

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849



68.8508, -5.0893, 3.7557

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.9493, -4.8685, 3.0268



67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849



67.9493, -4.8553, 4.3855

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.9493, -2.1948, 3.6860



67.9493, -3.6159, 5.0436



67.9493, -5.0518, 3.7113



67.9493, -3.6426, 2.3257

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849



67.9493, -2.6983, 4.7234



67.9493, -5.0518, 3.7113



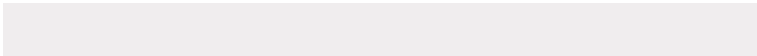
67.9493, -4.5552, 2.6577

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.9493, -2.1948, 3.6860



92.4035, -4.0303, 5.0152



67.9504, -2.0078, 2.2672



42.9231, -1.8943, 2.3298



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



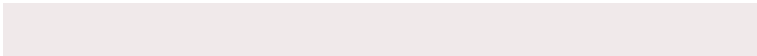
43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.9493, -2.1948, 3.6860



90.7915, -2.1358, 4.9255



68.2167, -2.8574, 4.4532



31.6030, -0.5238, 1.7151



26.7736, 46.3927, 13.0983



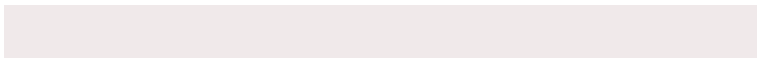
5.1275, 9.0800, 0.9955

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.9493, -2.1948, 3.6860



90.7915, -2.1358, 4.9255



68.5801, -4.4273, 2.9762



31.6030, -0.5238, 1.7151



26.7736, 46.3927, 13.0983



5.1275, 9.0800, 0.9955

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

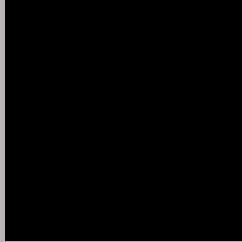
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

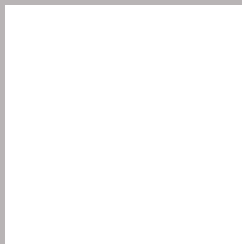
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849.



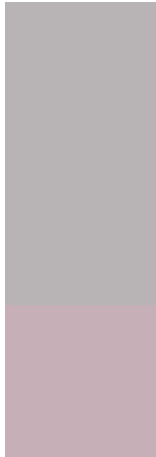
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849.

3.6849.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849

Protanopia

67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849

Deuteranopia

67.8551, 5.0557, 3.2308



Tritanopia

67.8864, 1.3213, -1.6998

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849

Protanomaly

67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849

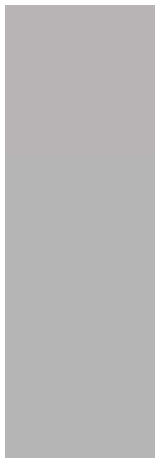
Deuteranomaly

67.9405, 2.3748, 3.2851

Tritanomaly

67.9598, -0.1969, 0.3656

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849

Achromatopsia

67.9762, -3.6270, 3.6933

Achromatomaly

68.0654, -3.3170, 3.8036

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 180, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 180, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 180, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 180, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 180, 181) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 180, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 180, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 180, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 180, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 180,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.9478, -2.1932, 3.6849 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 180, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
180, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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