

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(67.9463, 6.0379,  
40.5174)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(67.9463, 6.0379,  
40.5174) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(67.8794, 6.1580,  
40.4769)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6AB24
RGB	230, 171, 36
RGB Percent	90%, 67%, 14%
CMY	0.0980, 0.3294, 0.8588
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.84, 0.10
HSL	42°, 80%, 52%
HSV	42°, 84%, 90%
XYZ	47.5144, 46.0761, 8.0584
YIQ	173.2510, 78.4990, -29.4770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

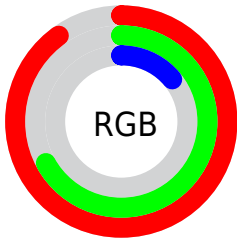
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	121, 230, 36
Decimal	15117092
CIE Lab	73.60, 10.64, 70.50
CIE LCh	74, 71.301, 81.421
Yxy	46.0784, 0.4674, 0.4533
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293307172 (0xFFE6AB24)
YUV	173.2510, -67.6647, 49.7689
Hunter-Lab	67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769

# Details

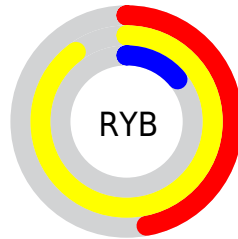
The HunterLab color **67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **37.7791, 24.1439, -93.7859**, and the grayscale version is **64.9984, -3.4682, 3.5315**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.4522, -9.1390, 46.3876**, and **46.5066, 6.7338, 28.7751** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.8841, 9.2851, 40.4172**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.9855, 3.3760, 39.6778**.

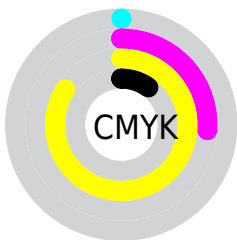
# Distribution



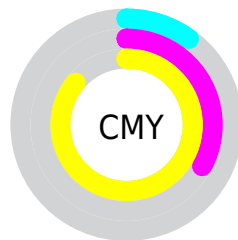
- Red (90%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (86%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 67.8794, 6.1580,  
40.4769


 67.8794, 6.1580,  
40.4769

192.6458, 3.3690,  
77.5618

 56.8399, 6.2141,  
35.5690

 91.8348, 5.8581,  
49.6789


 46.4722, 6.2055,  
30.4257

 104.6864, 5.6310,  
54.0195


 36.8250, 6.1197,  
25.2526


 118.0871, 5.3566,  
58.2152

 27.9568, 5.9447,  
19.5698

 132.0153, 5.0379,  
62.2838

 19.9433, 5.6632,  
13.9603

 146.4518, 4.6777,  
66.2405

 12.8876, 5.2495,  
9.0213

 161.3792, 4.2781,

 6.3099, 7.0084,

70.0985

4.4169

176.7820, 3.8413,  
73.8691

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.8794, 6.1580,  
40.4769

■ 67.8794, 6.1580,  
40.4769

■ 65.8841, 9.2851,  
40.4172

■ 69.9855, 3.3760,  
39.6778

■ 64.7952, 11.1641,  
40.1219

■ 72.1996, 0.9845,  
37.9500

■ 74.5234, -1.0016,  
35.2694

■ 76.9549, -2.5755,  
31.6384

■ 79.4916, -3.7389,

27.0775

■ 82.1300, -4.4993,  
21.6189

■ 84.8663, -4.8688,  
15.3027

■ 87.6965, -4.8622,  
8.1728

■ 90.6167, -4.4964,  
0.2758

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.8811, 40.9079, 36.0736



67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769



67.8811, -25.3864, 39.3877

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.8811, 6.1546, 40.4775



67.8811, -53.3860, -22.4118



67.8811, 53.7840, -46.0812

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769



37.7791, 24.1439, -93.7859

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.8811, 21.2768, -80.5418



67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769



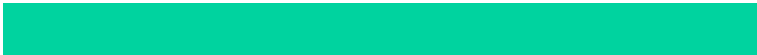
67.8811, -38.9997, -62.9162

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.8811, 6.1546, 40.4775



67.8811, -55.8858, 12.1381



67.8811, -12.8817, -87.8564



67.8811, 71.6643, -5.9947



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769



67.8811, -40.8819, 35.2651



67.8811, -12.8817, -87.8564



67.8811, 43.9401, -59.3731

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.8811, 6.1546, 40.4775



92.0876, -5.0062, 24.8282



43.5388, 69.1123, 12.4916



42.1146, -2.1942, 12.5292

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.8811, 6.1546, 40.4775



72.7216, 12.7755, 45.0344



82.6120, -34.4296, 49.1041



40.0481, -2.2808, 5.5329



48.9840, 7.9667, 30.3232



13.9103, 1.0753, 8.5903



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.7791, 24.1439, -93.7859



35.5026, 42.1579, -135.3820



28.8731, 57.9981, -134.9204



38.2077, -1.7453, -1.5397



24.2881, 26.7152, -88.0284



7.7151, 4.4444, -19.2373



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.8794, 6.1580,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769

### Protanopia

68.1467, -9.2546, 40.1597

### Deuteranopia

67.9164, 4.8462, 40.4776



## Tritanopia

67.7596, 26.3307, 8.5019

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769

**Protanomaly**

67.9168, -3.9728, 40.1796

**Deuteranomaly**

68.0371, 5.2505, 40.5616

**Tritanomaly**

67.2768, 17.2374, 25.5309

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769

**Achromatopsia**

64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122

**Achromatomaly**

65.1187, -2.7334, 23.0164

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 171, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 171, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 171, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 171, 36) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 171, 36) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 171, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 171, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 171, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 171, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 171,  
36) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.8794, 6.1580, 40.4769 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 171, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
171, 36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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