

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.2282, 15.4275,  
25.6438)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(68.2282, 15.4275,  
25.6438) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(68.3775, 15.3490,  
25.8681)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBA77C
RGB	235, 167, 124
RGB Percent	92%, 65%, 49%
CMY	0.0784, 0.3451, 0.5137
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.47, 0.08
HSL	23°, 74%, 70%
HSV	23°, 47%, 92%
XYZ	51.7178, 46.7548, 25.3675
YIQ	182.4300, 54.3310, 1.0430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

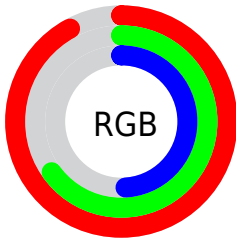
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	235, 194, 124
Decimal	15443836
CIE Lab	74.03, 20.12, 32.16
CIE LCh	74, 37.940, 57.969
Yxy	46.7571, 0.4176, 0.3775
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293633916 (0xFFEBA77C)
YUV	182.4300, -28.8060, 46.1039
Hunter-Lab	68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681

# Details

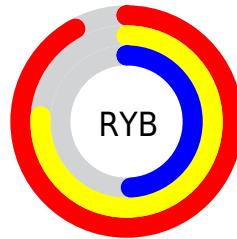
The HunterLab color **68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **69.2680, -12.5842, -24.8130**, and the grayscale version is **68.6769, -3.6644, 3.7313**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.5653, 0.2521, 25.7980**, and **47.0138, 14.5364, 21.0539** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.2240, 20.7745, 28.6900**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.7982, 10.3371, 22.3887**.

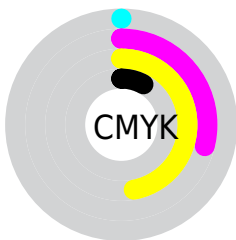
# Distribution



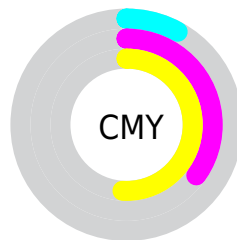
- Red (92%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (8%)




- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (51%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 68.3775, 15.3490,  
25.8681


 68.3775, 15.3490,  
25.8681


193.3505, 15.8590,  
45.4449


 57.3094, 14.9652,  
23.4289


 92.3856, 15.8740,  
30.5113

 46.9113, 14.4950,  
20.8804


 105.2616, 16.0356,  
32.7440

 37.2315, 13.9230,  
18.1917


 118.6859, 16.1363,  
34.9323

 28.3278, 13.2340,  
15.3185

132.6368, 16.1803,  
37.0845

 20.2749, 12.4085,  
12.2964

147.0951, 16.1715,  
39.2070

 13.1745, 11.4233,  
9.2222

162.0436, 16.1132,

 6.6828, 12.8220,

41.3051

4.6780

177.4668, 16.0082,  
43.3832

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.3775, 15.3490,  
25.8681

■ 68.3775, 15.3490,  
25.8681

■ 64.2240, 20.7745,  
28.6900

■ 72.7982, 10.3371,  
22.3887

■ 60.3630, 26.6066,  
30.7645

■ 77.4536, 5.7418,  
18.3336

■ 56.8279, 32.7906,  
32.0136

■ 82.3212, 1.5394,  
13.7802

■ 53.6508, 39.2250,  
32.3885


■ 87.3794, -2.2979,  
8.7949


■ 50.8588, 45.7400,


■ 92.6098, -5.8009,

31.9221

3.4345

 50.1521, 47.5036,  
31.7351

 97.6583, -10.8679,  
2.5484

 98.1846, -11.7098,  
3.1658

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.3792, 29.0684, 17.2287



68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681



68.3792, -2.4424, 28.8114

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.3792, 15.3458, 25.8690



68.3792, -34.4421, 4.8591



68.3792, 13.0485, -31.4796

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681



69.2680, -12.5842, -24.8130

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.3792, -4.8537, -37.1692



68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681



68.3792, -31.1832, -13.2648

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.3792, 15.3458, 25.8690



68.3792, -30.1730, 18.7597



68.3792, -20.7788, -29.7961



68.3792, 27.6500, -15.7662



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681



68.3792, -13.8359, 27.9073



68.3792, -20.7788, -29.7961



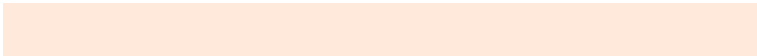
68.3792, 7.1647, -34.7792

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.3792, 15.3458, 25.8690



92.0557, 0.3120, 13.4323



59.9196, 47.1680, -11.8566



42.0386, 0.5777, 6.7499

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.3792, 15.3458, 25.8690



70.4538, 22.8045, 31.4821



84.4905, -12.5770, 38.4609



40.0138, -0.6828, 4.6131



37.7204, 34.6288, 23.8494



11.3972, 7.6325, 7.1565



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.2680, -12.5842, -24.8130



71.5648, -13.5256, -34.5195



53.0668, 15.6003, -54.8416



40.1062, -3.4286, -0.3634



38.3228, -1.7640, -44.0922



11.5712, -1.8349, -10.5020



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

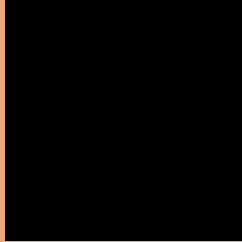
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.3775, 15.3490,

25.8681.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681

### Protanopia

68.4130, -6.1667, 23.7450

### Deuteranopia

68.2698, 5.0487, 25.8818



## Tritanopia

68.4526, 25.9343, 8.3909

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681

## Protanomaly

68.3406, 1.0659, 24.4124

## Deuteranomaly

68.1199, 8.8706, 25.8205

## Tritanomaly

68.3653, 22.0675, 15.6189

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681

## Achromatopsia

68.3947, -3.6494, 3.7160

## Achromatomaly

68.1432, 1.8809, 12.6850

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 167, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 167, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 167, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 167, 124) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 167, 124) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 167, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 167, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 167, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 167, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 167,  
124) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.3775, 15.3490, 25.8681 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 167, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
167, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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