

Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.3403, -21.7419,
-31.0403)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(68.3403, -21.7419,
-31.0403) contains.

HunterLab(68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(68.4034,
-21.8179, -31.0446)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3AC4F2
RGB	58, 196, 242
RGB Percent	23%, 77%, 95%
CMY	0.7725, 0.2314, 0.0510
CMYK	0.76, 0.19, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	195°, 88%, 59%
HSV	195°, 76%, 95%
XYZ	37.5119, 46.7903, 91.0588
YIQ	159.9820, -97.0140, -14.9500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

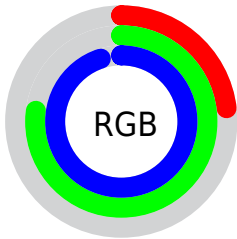
Format	Color
R_{YB}	58, 137, 242
Decimal	3851506
CIE _{Lab}	74.06, -21.41, -33.16
CIE _{LCh}	74, 39.473, 237.152
Yxy	46.7919, 0.2139, 0.2668
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282041586 (0xFF3AC4F2)
YUV	159.9820, 40.4349, -89.4382
Hunter-Lab	68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446

Details

The HunterLab color **68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **53.9318, 45.7340, 29.6303**, and the grayscale version is **59.1537, -3.1563, 3.2139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.7171, -35.7068, -6.5585**, and **47.8447, -14.5741, -28.3405** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.9955, -20.5997, -35.1644**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.0495, -22.1887, -26.7096**.

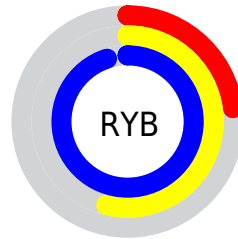
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (77%)

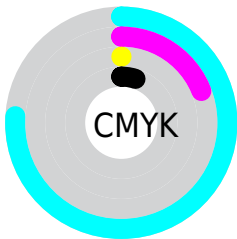
Blue (95%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (95%)

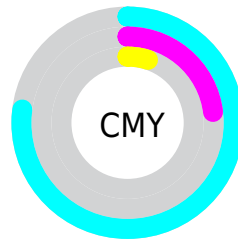


Cyan (76%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

68.4034, -21.8179,
-31.0446

68.4034, -21.8179,
-31.0446

193.3865,
-36.7408, -33.9064

57.3334, -20.0683,
-30.4783

92.4137, -25.2216,
-32.0325

46.9338, -18.2719,
-29.8786

105.2910,
-26.8919, -32.4502

37.2523, -16.4107,
-29.2673

118.7165,
-28.5484, -32.8159

28.3468, -14.4575,
-28.6946

132.6685,
-30.1953, -33.1305

20.2919, -12.3688,
-28.2762

147.1279,
-31.8356, -33.3954

13.1892, -10.0662,
-28.3187

162.0775,

6.7013, -11.7273,

-33.4720, -33.6119

-32.7420

177.5018,
-35.1064, -33.7817

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 68.4034, -21.8179,
-31.0446

■ 68.4034, -21.8179,
-31.0446

■ 65.9955, -20.5997,
-35.1644

■ 71.0495, -22.1887,
-26.7096

■ 63.8069, -18.5956,
-39.0666

■ 73.9342, -21.7029,
-22.1884

■ 62.9775, -17.6619,
-40.5894

■ 77.0561, -20.3827,
-17.5123

■ 80.4081, -18.2718,
-12.7153

■ 83.9806, -15.4266,

-7.8291

■ 87.7624, -11.9090,
-2.8815

■ 91.7416, -7.7828,
2.1042

■ 95.9062, -3.1096,
7.1097

■ 98.1455, -5.1692,
9.6384

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.4046, -32.3917, -13.4977



68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446



68.4046, -5.4041, -39.1773

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.4046, -21.8176, -31.0434



68.4046, 35.4195, 2.0285



68.4046, -19.0719, 27.4233

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446



53.9318, 45.7340, 29.6303

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.4046, -1.8853, 29.5428



68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446



68.4046, 30.7854, 17.3786

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.4046, -21.8176, -31.0434



68.4046, 28.7029, -17.1794



68.4046, 16.6289, 26.4047



68.4046, -30.9282, 19.5882

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446



68.4046, 7.1033, -36.9078



68.4046, 16.6289, 26.4047



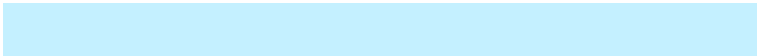
68.4046, -13.7842, 28.7203

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.4046, -21.8176, -31.0434



90.2892, -15.3365, -6.7585



80.8731, -62.0757, 39.1432



41.1133, -7.6768, -4.0033

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.4046, -21.8176, -31.0434



68.7948, -20.8462, -39.5104



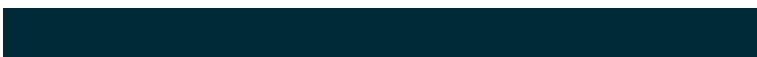
41.4895, 25.1606, -94.0406



41.4977, -4.2571, 0.1764



46.4051, -13.2978, -29.2962



13.9561, -4.6385, -7.4307

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.8829, 79.6793, -28.1064



50.8934, 91.9913, -28.5572



76.5931, -0.9119, 44.0801



39.9499, 2.8085, -0.2440



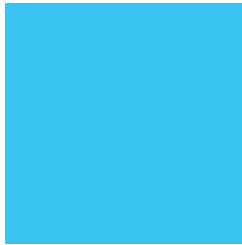
34.5937, 64.5218, -18.5680



10.0565, 18.8896, -6.4281

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

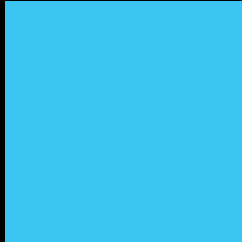
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

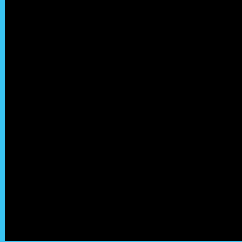
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

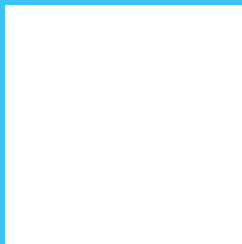
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446.

-21.8179, -31.0446.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446

Protanopia

67.9869, 2.8764, -22.7026

Deuteranopia

67.8761, 5.4820, -34.2387



Tritanopia

68.2828, -31.2044, -15.4709

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446



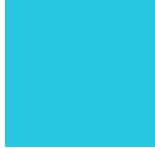
Protanomaly

67.2515, -8.5956, -27.3371



Deuteranomaly

67.5097, -6.7143, -34.3866



Tritanomaly

68.4173, -28.2451, -20.6888

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446



Achromatopsia

59.2902, -3.1636, 3.2213



Achromatomaly

61.4946, -13.5501, -9.3133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 196, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 196, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 196, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 196, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 196, 242) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 196, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 196, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 196, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 196, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 196,  
242) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.4034, -21.8179, -31.0446 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 196, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 196,  
242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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