

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.3579, 4.8091,  
-4.1330)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(68.3579, 4.8091,  
-4.1330)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C0B1C6
RGB	192, 177, 198
RGB Percent	75%, 69%, 78%
CMY	0.2471, 0.3059, 0.2235
CMYK	0.03, 0.11, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	283°, 16%, 74%
HSV	283°, 11%, 78%
XYZ	47.6535, 46.7280, 59.9340
YIQ	183.8790, 2.1990, 9.7110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

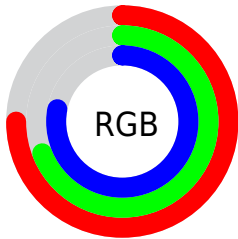
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	192, 177, 198
Decimal	12628422
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	74.02, 9.21, -8.71
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	74, 12.677, 316.612
Yxy	46.7300, 0.3088, 0.3028
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290818502 (0xFFC0B1C6)
<b>YUV</b>	183.8790, 6.9617, 7.1221
Hunter-Lab	68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330

# Details

The HunterLab color  $68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $73.2332, -11.9906, 11.2386$ , and the grayscale version is  $69.1546, -3.6899, 3.7573$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $92.4415, 4.0967, -3.6457$ , and  $46.7249, 5.0382, -4.6012$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $62.2436, 13.2923, -12.3047$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $74.7534, -3.5121, 3.6261$ .

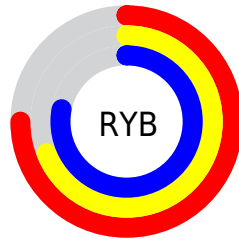
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (69%)

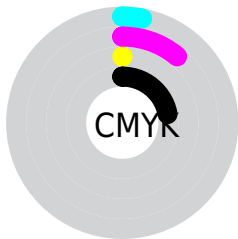
Blue (78%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (78%)

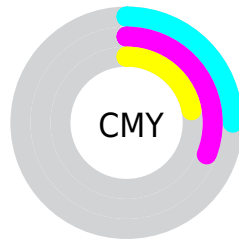


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 68.3579, 4.8091,  
-4.1330

■ 68.3579, 4.8091,  
-4.1330

193.3225, 1.4958,  
-0.2789

■ 57.2907, 4.9385,  
-4.3363

■ 92.3637, 4.3780,  
-3.5672

■ 46.8939, 5.0056,  
-4.4826

105.2388, 4.0886,  
-3.2147

■ 37.2153, 5.0007,  
-4.5644

118.6621, 3.7543,  
-2.8195

■ 28.3130, 4.9124,  
-4.5738

132.6121, 3.3779,  
-2.3840

■ 20.2617, 4.7251,  
-4.5012

147.0695, 2.9619,  
-1.9104

■ 13.1631, 4.4150,  
-4.3352

162.0172, 2.5084,

■ 6.6684, 5.6636,

-1.4007

-5.1015

177.4396, 2.0191,  
-0.8563

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.3579, 4.8091,  
-4.1330

■ 68.3579, 4.8091,  
-4.1330

■ 62.2436, 13.2923,  
-12.3047

■ 74.7534, -3.5121,  
3.6261

■ 56.4531, 21.9254,  
-20.9416

■ 81.3883, -11.6730,  
11.0262

■ 51.0473, 30.6428,  
-30.0622

■ 88.2345, -19.6920,  
18.1243

■ 46.0999, 39.2969,  
-39.6188

■ 94.8625, -27.0105,  
24.5886

■ 41.6996, 47.6038,

■ 95.3196, -25.3187,

-49.4359

25.0601

■ 37.9455, 55.0924,  
-59.1335

■ 95.7903, -23.5864,  
25.5437

■ 34.9330, 61.1058,  
-68.0833

■ 96.2743, -21.8143,  
26.0392

■ 32.7240, 64.9468,  
-75.4984

■ 96.7716, -20.0033,  
26.5464

■ 31.2684, 66.5873,  
-80.8730

■ 97.2821, -18.1541,  
27.0652

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.3594, -0.3709, -7.4734



68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330



68.3594, 7.7625, 1.1696

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.3594, 4.8075, -4.1317



68.3594, -0.9991, 13.4269



68.3594, -14.2066, 0.5568

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330



73.2332, -11.9906, 11.2386

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.3594, -14.3619, 6.1777



68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330



68.3594, -6.8707, 13.2933

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.3594, 4.8075, -4.1317



68.3594, 4.3341, 11.1221



68.3594, -11.7175, 10.7402



68.3594, -11.2859, -4.6131



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330



68.3594, 8.0111, 4.9545



68.3594, -11.7175, 10.7402



68.3594, -14.5804, 2.4641

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.3594, 4.8075, -4.1317



97.3671, -1.9917, 2.3526



68.8602, -3.0216, -3.6232



44.7233, -0.5064, 0.7039

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.3594, 4.8075, -4.1317



88.8203, 9.3016, -8.2598



68.8027, 6.0124, -1.3806



32.6474, 1.7872, -1.4946



25.3050, 53.8135, -64.8718



5.8191, 12.1229, -12.9642



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.4625, 4.1918, 3.4600



89.0004, 8.2899, 4.4636



72.8567, -13.1121, 8.9994



32.6894, 1.5289, 1.6608



28.3019, 49.1826, 12.7473



6.2614, 11.0798, 1.2783



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

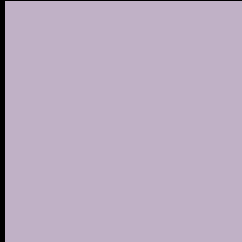
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

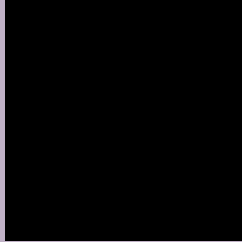
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330.

-4.1330.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330

### Protanopia

68.4990, -0.5982, -5.0990

### Deuteranopia

68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330



## Tritanopia

68.3542, 2.9088, -1.0858

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330

## Protanomaly

68.5247, 0.9418, -4.5100

## Deuteranomaly

68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330

## Tritanomaly

68.4194, 3.2599, -2.0118

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330

## Achromatopsia

69.2330, -3.6941, 3.7616

## Achromatomaly

68.7653, -0.4070, 0.8555

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 177, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 177, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 177, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 177, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

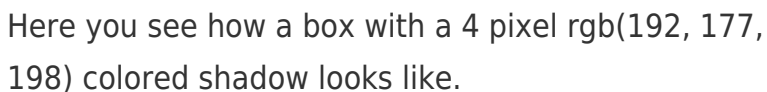
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 177, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 177, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 177, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 177, 198); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 177, 198); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 177, 198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.3579, 4.8091, -4.1330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 177, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
177, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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