

Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.3877, 1.2843,
-39.8593)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(68.3877, 1.2843,
-39.8593) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(68.2680, 1.5379,
-40.0724)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	90B6FF
RGB	144, 182, 255
RGB Percent	56%, 71%, 100%
CMY	0.4353, 0.2863, 0.0000
CMYK	0.44, 0.29, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	219°, 100%, 78%
HSV	219°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	46.2795, 46.6052, 101.1642
YIQ	178.9600, -46.0810, 14.6470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

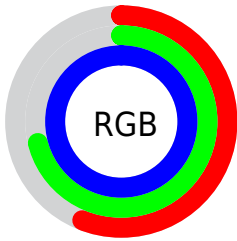
Format	Color
RYB	144, 172, 255
Decimal	9484031
CIELab	73.94, 5.70, -40.09
CIElCh	74, 40.496, 278.090
Yxy	46.6069, 0.2385, 0.2402
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287674111 (0xFF90B6FF)
YUV	178.9600, 37.4877, -30.6599
Hunter-Lab	68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724

Details

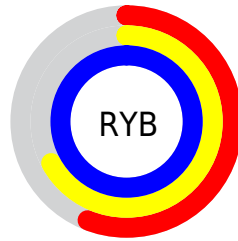
The HunterLab color $68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCFF$. A complement of this color would be $85.3818, -0.8013, 34.2740$, and the grayscale version is $66.9875, -3.5743, 3.6396$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $89.8814, -12.8900, -7.2489$, and $46.6947, 2.2835, -39.0240$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61.7262, 5.0113, -52.7506$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $75.1356, -1.0800, -28.3763$.

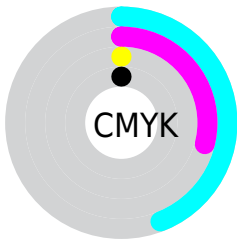
Distribution



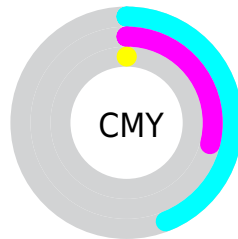
- Red (56%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68.2680, 1.5379,
-40.0724

■ 68.2680, 1.5379,
-40.0724

193.1950, -3.0400,
-44.3562

■ 57.2057, 1.8407,
-39.3998

■ 92.2640, 0.7881,
-41.3321

■ 46.8144, 2.0900,
-38.7319

■ 105.1347, 0.3490,
-41.9035

■ 37.1417, 2.2791,
-38.1134

118.5537, -0.1293,
-42.4295

■ 28.2458, 2.3995,
-37.6390

132.4996, -0.6445,
-42.9084

■ 20.2016, 2.4390,
-37.5194

146.9531, -1.1948,
-43.3400

■ 13.1111, 2.3791,
-38.2964

161.8970, -1.7785,

■ 6.6024, 3.4087,

-43.7246

-45.8517

177.3157, -2.3940,
-44.0630

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 68.2680, 1.5379,
-40.0724

■ 68.2680, 1.5379,
-40.0724

■ 61.7262, 5.0113,
-52.7506

■ 75.1356, -1.0800,
-28.3763

■ 55.5631, 9.5094,
-66.5494

■ 82.2806, -2.9882,
-17.5241

■ 49.8501, 15.2038,
-81.5396

■ 89.6687, -4.3094,
-7.3778

■ 44.6721, 22.2253,
-97.6501

■ 97.2714, -5.1427,
2.1817

■ 40.1228, 30.5705,

100.0000, -5.3358,

-114.5445

5.4332

■ 37.5294, 36.4992,
-125.6997

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.2692, -16.6696, -36.7081



68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724



68.2692, 20.2200, -29.4282

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.2692, 1.5375, -40.0702



68.2692, 27.3347, 21.7698



68.2692, -34.1642, 15.3857

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724



85.3818, -0.8013, 34.2740

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.2692, -24.6266, 25.6889



68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724



68.2692, 10.4329, 28.6163

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.2692, 1.5375, -40.0702



68.2692, 36.1352, 8.3991



68.2692, -8.6799, 29.8246



68.2692, -35.9945, -1.3241

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724



68.2692, 29.9795, -17.1709



68.2692, -8.6799, 29.8246



68.2692, -31.8074, 19.5641

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.2692, 1.5375, -40.0702



90.0646, -4.3648, -6.8599



90.7830, -41.5321, 12.7169



40.9034, -1.9079, -4.1814

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.2692, 1.5375, -40.0702



62.7026, 4.4187, -50.7442



58.9145, 26.1283, -58.4505



42.8886, -2.1737, -1.6042



27.5820, 25.1780, -88.8273



9.6667, 5.2765, -23.4730

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.7724, 42.6292, 2.5930



61.7228, 51.9035, 3.4527



95.7975, -25.7137, 42.2483



42.5320, 2.2285, 1.8673



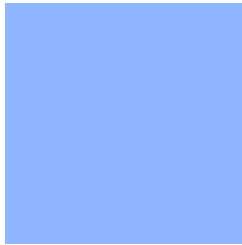
33.9057, 59.2064, 13.0578



10.6718, 18.8123, 2.7374

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

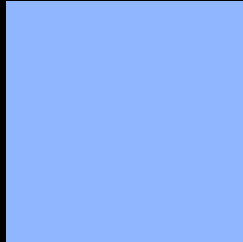
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

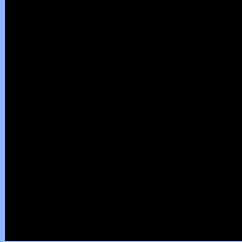
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

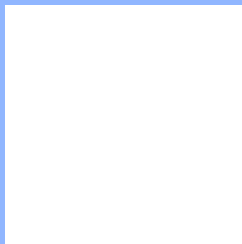
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724.

-40.0724.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724

Protanopia

68.2930, 5.9174, -37.7691

Deuteranopia

68.1387, 5.6828, -40.2355



Tritanopia

68.2583, -16.8017, -9.5092

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724

Protanomaly

68.2674, 4.4103, -38.5648

Deuteranomaly

68.1482, 4.1976, -40.2441

Tritanomaly

68.2514, -10.6653, -19.3922

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724

Achromatopsia

67.1406, -3.5825, 3.6479

Achromatomaly

67.2715, -2.8061, -10.6244

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 182, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 182, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 182, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 182, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 182, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 182, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 182, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 182, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 182, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 182,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.2680, 1.5379, -40.0724 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 182, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
182, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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