

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.4351, -15.7074,  
-25.5477)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(68.4351, -15.7074,  
-25.5477) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(68.4309,  
-15.7147, -25.5521)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6CC0EA
RGB	108, 192, 234
RGB Percent	42%, 75%, 92%
CMY	0.5764, 0.2470, 0.0823
CMYK	0.54, 0.18, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	200°, 75%, 67%
HSV	200°, 54%, 92%
XYZ	39.8852, 46.8279, 84.7783
YIQ	171.6720, -63.5460, -4.7460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

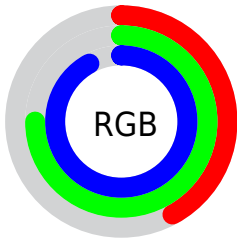
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	108, 158, 234
Decimal	<a href="#">7127274</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.08, -13.94, -28.68</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">74, 31.891, 244.084</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">46.8296, 0.2326, 0.2731</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285317354</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF6CC0EA</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">171.6720, 30.7277, -55.8403</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **63.5526, 22.3253, 26.3144**, and the grayscale version is **63.9907, -3.4144, 3.4767**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.8682, -26.3179, -6.1982**, and **47.1096, -13.2361, -24.2126** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.9760, -15.5112, -31.2644**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.1219, -15.1285, -19.8166**.

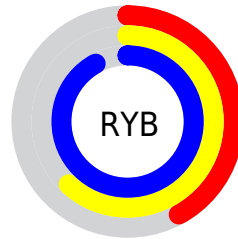
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (75%)

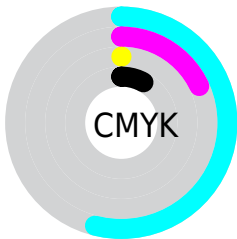
Blue (92%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (92%)

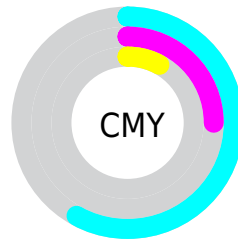


Cyan (54%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 68.4309, -15.7147,  
-25.5521

■ 68.4309, -15.7147,  
-25.5521

193.4254,  
-27.6938, -27.3749

■ 57.3594, -14.3828,  
-25.0827

■ 92.4442, -18.3572,  
-26.3214

■ 46.9581, -13.0353,  
-24.5641

■ 105.3228,  
-19.6760, -26.6235

■ 37.2748, -11.6623,  
-24.0070

■ 118.7496,  
-20.9971, -26.8719

■ 28.3673, -10.2488,  
-23.4406

132.7028,  
-22.3224, -27.0684

■ 20.3102, -8.7702,  
-22.9362

147.1635,  
-23.6536, -27.2151

■ 13.2052, -7.1816,  
-22.6906

162.1143,

■ 6.7213, -9.3954,

-24.9920, -27.3138

-25.7550

177.5397,  
-26.3384, -27.3664

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 68.4309, -15.7147,  
-25.5521

■ 68.4309, -15.7147,  
-25.5521

■ 64.9760, -15.5112,  
-31.2644

■ 72.1219, -15.1285,  
-19.8166

■ 61.7642, -14.4706,  
-36.9190

■ 76.0318, -13.8135,  
-14.0936

■ 58.8025, -12.5721,  
-42.4743

■ 80.1475, -11.8366,  
-8.4057

■ 56.0875, -9.8402,  
-47.8987

■ 84.4548, -9.2647,  
-2.7697

■ 54.5141, -7.8425,

■ 88.9396, -6.1616,

-51.2083

2.8039

93.5890, -2.5856,  
8.3094

96.6847, -4.4598,  
11.7632

99.1666, -8.5512,  
14.4155

99.3582, -8.8631,  
14.6179

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.4322, -25.7733, -13.3479



68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521



68.4322, -1.6058, -29.3589

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.4322, -15.7148, -25.5508



68.4322, 27.2817, 5.6347



68.4322, -18.9603, 22.6481

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521



63.5526, 22.3253, 26.3144

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.4322, -5.6804, 25.6895



68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521



68.4322, 21.6868, 17.2880

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.4322, -15.7148, -25.5508



68.4322, 24.0234, -9.2684



68.4322, 9.3024, 23.9596



68.4322, -27.5317, 14.5835



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521



68.4322, 8.4146, -26.0683



68.4322, 9.3024, 23.9596



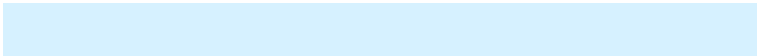
68.4322, -14.9421, 24.2033

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.4322, -15.7148, -25.5508



92.0293, -10.8995, -4.4339



80.1061, -48.9461, 27.7969



42.1192, -5.3244, -2.6448

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.4322, -15.7148, -25.5508



71.0980, -16.9912, -35.3825



50.3884, 15.1435, -60.2802



40.2825, -3.7153, -0.1503



41.1586, -6.3383, -37.7621



12.2711, -2.8964, -9.0854



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.5905, 54.9249, -16.4174



57.1007, 72.7239, -20.1216



80.6940, -8.6922, 39.1457



39.0172, 2.5804, 0.1719



33.4708, 61.4221, -10.1728

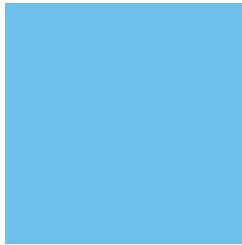


9.4733, 17.5485, -4.1519



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

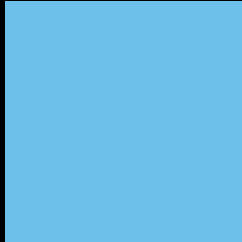
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

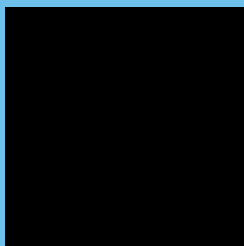
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

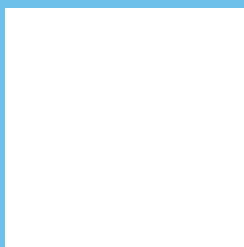
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521.

-15.7147, -25.5521.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521

### Protanopia

67.9871, 2.5523, -20.1836

### Deuteranopia

68.1104, 5.4722, -27.6799



## Tritanopia

68.5147, -23.8203, -12.0997

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521

## Protanomaly

67.8863, -5.2723, -22.3656

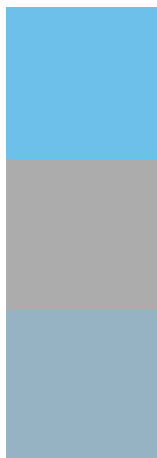
## Deuteranomaly

67.9162, -2.9312, -27.4792

## Tritanomaly

68.6157, -21.1525, -16.5972

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521

## Achromatopsia

64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897

## Achromatomaly

65.2456, -9.2206, -6.8744

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 192, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 192, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 192, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 192, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 192, 234) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 192, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 192, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 192, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 192, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 192,  
234) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.4309, -15.7147, -25.5521 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 192, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
192, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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