

Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.4507, -39.5595,
-0.1598)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(68.4507, -39.5595,
-0.1598) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(68.4543,
-39.5384, -0.2099)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00CCBD
RGB	0, 204, 189
RGB Percent	0%, 80%, 74%
CMY	0.9999, 0.2000, 0.2588
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.07, 0.20
HSL	176°, 100%, 40%
HSV	176°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	30.7782, 46.8599, 55.5669
YIQ	141.2940, -116.7690, -47.9130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

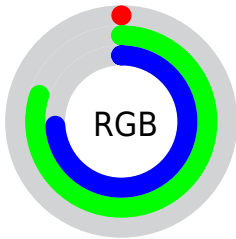
Format	Color
RYB	0, 106, 204
Decimal	52413
CIELab	74.10, -45.01, -4.48
CIELCh	74, 45.234, 185.685
Yxy	46.8617, 0.2311, 0.3518
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278242493 (0xFF00CCBD)
YUV	141.2940, 23.5191, -123.9148
Hunter-Lab	68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099

Details

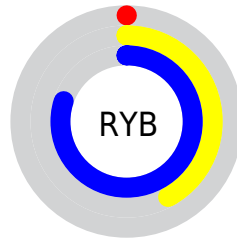
The HunterLab color **68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **35.8793, 61.5349, 22.4367**, and the grayscale version is **51.6750, -2.7572, 2.8076**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.0643, -42.5284, -2.1160**, and **48.2415, -28.2126, 0.6052** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.4553, -39.5398, -0.2080**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.6151, -38.8056, -0.7427**.

Distribution



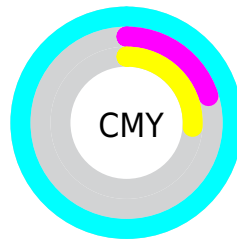
- Red (0%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

68.4543, -39.5384,
-0.2099

68.4543, -39.5384,
-0.2099

193.4586,
-64.1788, 5.0458

57.3815, -36.3917,
-0.6003

92.4701, -45.4780,
0.7058

46.9787, -33.0857,
-0.9423

105.3499,
-48.3128, 1.2234

37.2939, -29.5741,
-1.2301

118.7777,
-51.0778, 1.7780

28.3848, -25.7881,
-1.4569

132.7321,
-53.7841, 2.3676

20.3259, -21.6192,
-1.6136

147.1937,
-56.4406, 2.9906

13.2187, -17.9342,
-1.6870

162.1455,

6.7382, -11.7918,

-59.0547, 3.6455

-2.3896

177.5718,
-61.6324, 4.3309

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.4543, -39.5384,
-0.2099

■ 68.4543, -39.5384,
-0.2099

■ 68.4553, -39.5398,
-0.2080

■ 68.6151, -38.8056,
-0.7427

■ 68.8921, -37.6065,
-1.1271

■ 69.3251, -35.7969,
-1.3098

■ 69.9323, -33.3189,
-1.2658

■ 70.7268, -30.1420,

-0.9782

■ 71.7178, -26.2588,
-0.4377

■ 72.9107, -21.6815,
0.3586

■ 74.3078, -16.4390,
1.4073

■ 75.9089, -10.5728,
2.7002

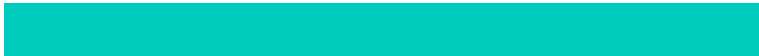
Harmonies

Analogous

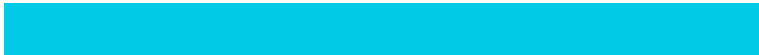
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.4556, -36.8514, 17.7920



68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099



68.4556, -33.5980, -22.8338

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.4556, -39.5386, -0.2091



68.4556, 21.6605, -35.6297



68.4556, 13.8675, 30.3965

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099



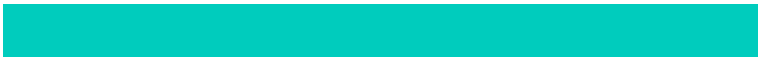
35.8793, 61.5349, 22.4367

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.4556, 32.5219, 22.6366



68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099



68.4556, 37.3892, -14.1511

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.4556, -39.5386, -0.2091



68.4556, 0.4101, -46.8930



68.4556, 41.5864, 7.4409



68.4556, -7.6299, 32.0849

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099



68.4556, -25.0645, -36.4415



68.4556, 41.5864, 7.4409



68.4556, 20.7562, 28.5575

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.4556, -39.5386, -0.2091



93.7588, -28.1598, 0.4131



65.8079, -55.9632, 39.5698



43.0611, -14.2346, -0.0273

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.4556, -39.5386, -0.2091



88.0854, -50.9307, -0.1544



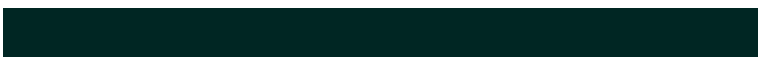
41.9022, 1.2151, -54.9939



35.6543, -4.7898, 1.3056



54.3140, -31.3354, -0.2436



12.3541, -7.0115, -0.3057

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.8793, 61.5349, 22.4367



46.1586, 79.1481, 29.0510



43.9757, 37.3184, 27.7495



33.5065, 1.2708, 2.5282



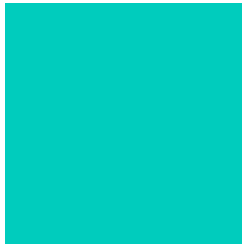
28.4728, 48.8554, 17.6630



6.5039, 11.2329, 3.4679

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

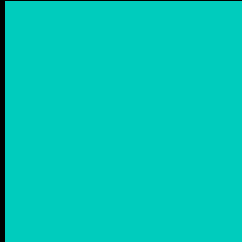
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

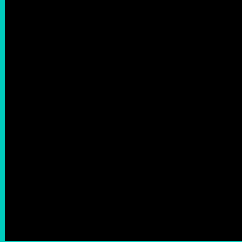
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

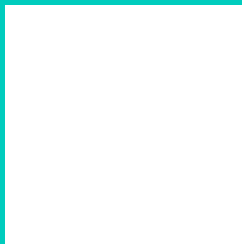
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099.



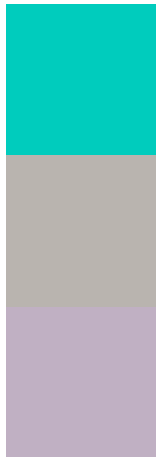
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.4543,

-39.5384, -0.2099.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099

Protanopia

67.8616, -2.8467, 6.3315

Deuteranopia

67.9686, 4.7861, -3.0717



Tritanopia

68.4977, -30.4472, -14.5579

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099



Protanomaly

65.9864, -23.7542, 1.4466



Deuteranomaly

65.6549, -19.1669, -5.4403



Tritanomaly

68.2062, -34.0647, -9.3273

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099



Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041



Achromatomaly

55.8509, -22.1103, -0.3117

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 204, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 204, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 204, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 204, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 204, 189) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 204, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 204, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 204, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 204, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 204,  
189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.4543, -39.5384, -0.2099 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 204, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 204,  
189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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