

Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.4904, -34.6524,
4.2165)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(68.4904, -34.6524,
4.2165) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(68.4891,
-34.6519, 4.2157)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	53C9B4
RGB	83, 201, 180
RGB Percent	33%, 79%, 71%
CMY	0.6745, 0.2118, 0.2941
CMYK	0.59, 0.00, 0.10, 0.21
HSL	169°, 52%, 56%
HSV	169°, 59%, 79%
XYZ	32.6921, 46.9076, 50.5111
YIQ	163.3240, -63.5870, -31.5470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

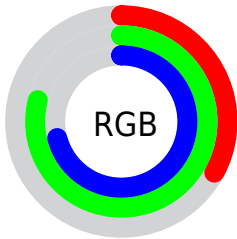
Format	Color
RYB	83, 148, 201
Decimal	5491124
CIELab	74.13, -38.17, 0.57
CIElCh	74, 38.173, 179.138
Yxy	46.9094, 0.2513, 0.3605
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283681204 (0xFF53C9B4)
YUV	163.3240, 8.2213, -70.4441
Hunter-Lab	68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157

Details

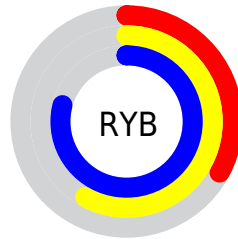
The HunterLab color **68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **44.2773, 42.1707, 10.4822**, and the grayscale version is **60.6392, -3.2356, 3.2946**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.3322, -38.2128, 4.0935**, and **47.0001, -28.6636, 3.1304** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.8084, -37.5608, 5.0187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.3597, -31.0465, 3.6292**.

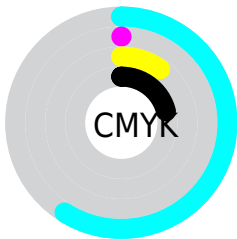
Distribution



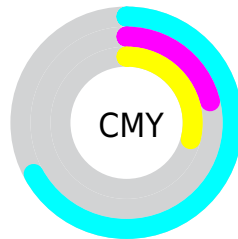
- Red (33%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68.4891, -34.6519,
4.2157

■ 68.4891, -34.6519,
4.2157

193.5078,
-56.4119, 11.2249

■ 57.4143, -31.9225,
3.5855

■ 92.5086, -39.8371,
5.5758

■ 47.0095, -29.0678,
2.9892

■ 105.3901,
-42.3260, 6.3011

■ 37.3224, -26.0504,
2.4298

■ 118.8196,
-44.7623, 7.0552

■ 28.4107, -22.8139,
1.9097

■ 132.7755,
-47.1547, 7.8371

■ 20.3491, -19.2686,
1.4321

147.2387,
-49.5105, 8.6459

■ 13.2388, -15.6819,
1.0010

162.1920,

■ 6.7632, -11.8357,

-51.8355, 9.4806

0.7201

177.6197,
-54.1347, 10.3405

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.4891, -34.6519,
4.2157

■ 68.4891, -34.6519,
4.2157

■ 67.8084, -37.5608,
5.0187

■ 69.3597, -31.0465,
3.6292

■ 67.3019, -39.7935,
6.0142

■ 70.4241, -26.7441,
3.2719

■ 66.9539, -41.3992,
7.1750

■ 71.6880, -21.7652,
3.1538

■ 66.7334, -42.4912,
8.4562


■ 73.1528, -16.1449,
3.2781

■ 66.7081, -42.6193,


■ 74.8174, -9.9299,


8.6235

3.6432

 76.6784, -3.1746,
4.2430

 78.7307, 4.0630,
5.0679

 80.9680, 11.7236,
6.1056

 82.3398, 16.4046,
6.0787

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.4904, -30.6506, 18.4250



68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157



68.4904, -31.0820, -14.1106

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.4904, -34.6524, 4.2165



68.4904, 13.8307, -31.2753



68.4904, 14.8131, 26.2149

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157



44.2773, 42.1707, 10.4822

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.4904, 28.9011, 17.7716



68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157



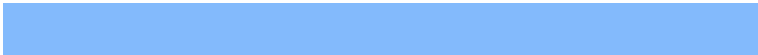
68.4904, 28.2943, -15.1811

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.4904, -34.6524, 4.2165



68.4904, -4.1727, -37.5093



68.4904, 34.0658, 3.2361



68.4904, -3.1420, 28.9611

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157



68.4904, -24.6580, -25.7761



68.4904, 34.0658, 3.2361



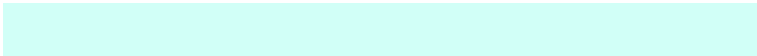
68.4904, 20.2229, 24.0762

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.4904, -34.6524, 4.2165



95.8096, -20.7728, 4.3041



67.3653, -43.0816, 33.5525



44.0500, -10.6580, 1.9518

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.4904, -34.6524, 4.2165



88.5535, -49.8871, 6.8420



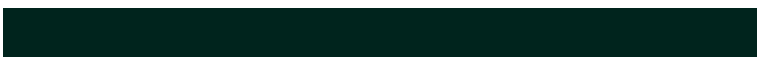
56.9891, -14.1559, -22.6229



34.6899, -4.8131, 1.6771



52.9065, -33.7240, 6.6719



11.5503, -7.1094, 0.9102

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.2773, 42.1707, 10.4822



52.5229, 66.3887, 17.4262



51.5411, 22.0503, 22.7304



32.6608, 1.3749, 2.0691



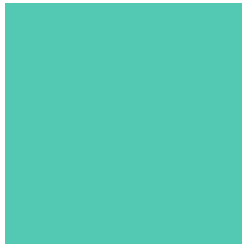
28.1009, 48.4401, 15.7047



6.1937, 10.8317, 2.2595

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

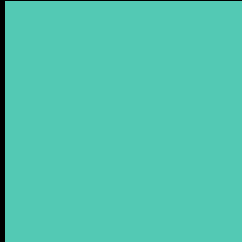
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

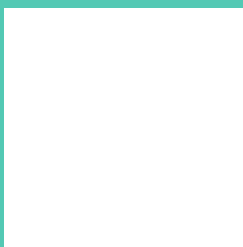
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157.



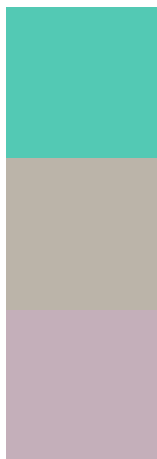
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157.

-34.6519, 4.2157.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157

Protanopia

67.8763, -3.1355, 8.9823

Deuteranopia

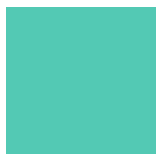
67.7797, 5.0505, 1.2182



Tritanopia

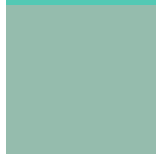
68.3127, -24.5837, -12.3969

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157



Protanomaly

67.3596, -17.3916, 6.4033



Deuteranomaly

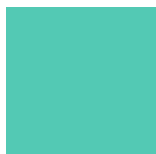
66.8657, -12.0764, 0.7813



Tritanomaly

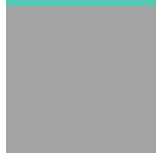
68.3977, -28.5279, -5.7204

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157



Achromatopsia

60.5188, -3.2291, 3.2881



Achromatomaly

62.7512, -16.7545, 2.9080

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 201, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 201, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 201, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 201, 180) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 201, 180) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 201, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 201, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 201, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 201, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 201,  
180) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.4891, -34.6519, 4.2157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 201, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 201,  
180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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