

Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.5023, -2.8583,
16.7501)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(68.5023, -2.8583,
16.7501) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(68.5696, -3.1791,
16.8807)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4B597
RGB	196, 181, 151
RGB Percent	77%, 71%, 59%
CMY	0.2314, 0.2902, 0.4078
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.23, 0.23
HSL	40°, 28%, 68%
HSV	40°, 23%, 77%
XYZ	44.8748, 47.0179, 35.9884
YIQ	182.0650, 18.5700, -6.1500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

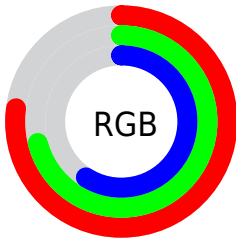
Format	Color
RYB	174, 196, 151
Decimal	12891543
CIELab	74.20, 0.54, 17.24
CIELCh	74, 17.247, 88.221
Yxy	47.0200, 0.3509, 0.3677
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291081623 (0xFFC4B597)
YUV	182.0650, -15.3150, 12.2210
Hunter-Lab	68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807

Details

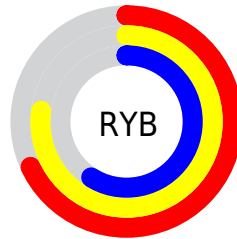
The HunterLab color $68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCC99$. A complement of this color would be $61.5112, -2.1246, -12.4732$, and the grayscale version is $68.4798, -3.6539, 3.7206$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $92.6600, -4.5533, 20.0598$, and $47.0204, -1.9018, 13.7378$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $66.2124, -2.3304, 21.4032$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71.0138, -3.7167, 11.6919$.

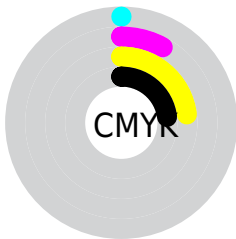
Distribution



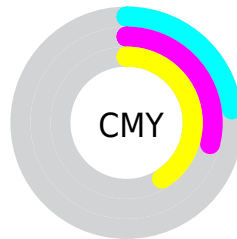
- Red (77%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68.5696, -3.1791,
16.8807

■ 68.5696, -3.1791,
16.8807

193.6219, -9.6618,
30.2126

■ 57.4904, -2.6168,
15.3514

■ 92.5978, -4.4140,
19.8796

■ 47.0807, -2.0899,
13.7874

■ 105.4833, -5.0786,
21.3605

■ 37.3883, -1.6035,
12.1744

118.9166, -5.7735,
22.8353

■ 28.4709, -1.1612,
10.4896

132.8761, -6.4974,
24.3075

■ 20.4030, -0.7679,
8.6965

147.3429, -7.2491,
25.7794

■ 13.2855, -0.4304,
7.0384

162.2995, -8.0276,

■ 6.8209, -0.0223,

27.2532

4.7746

177.7306, -8.8321,
28.7305

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.5696, -3.1791,
16.8807

■ 68.5696, -3.1791,
16.8807

■ 66.2124, -2.3304,
21.4032

■ 71.0138, -3.7167,
11.6919

■ 63.9415, -1.1526,
25.2198

■ 73.5365, -3.9507,
5.8731

■ 61.7620, 0.3607,
28.2995

■ 76.1353, -3.8982,
-0.5354

■ 59.6775, 2.2134,
30.6180

■ 78.8065, -3.5747,
-7.4946

■ 57.6904, 4.4026,

■ 81.5463, -2.9959,

32.1639

-14.9670

■ 55.8025, 6.9166,
32.9461

■ 83.8118, -5.1276,
-15.3726

■ 54.0134, 9.7302,
33.0048

■ 85.8743, -8.4992,
-12.5533

■ 52.8053, 11.8376,
32.7456

■ 87.9655, -11.8409,
-9.7703

■ 90.0842, -15.1532,
-7.0231

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.5711, 4.6830, 15.1091



68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807



68.5711, -10.8310, 15.4827

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.5711, -3.1812, 16.8816



68.5711, -16.7779, -3.6034



68.5711, 10.0012, -4.4855

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807



61.5112, -2.1246, -12.4732

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.5711, 3.8133, -10.5538



68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807



68.5711, -11.6269, -10.0046

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.5711, -3.1812, 16.8816



68.5711, -18.4611, 4.1881



68.5711, -4.1424, -12.6800



68.5711, 12.5084, 3.2738

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807



68.5711, -14.8300, 12.8377



68.5711, -4.1424, -12.6800



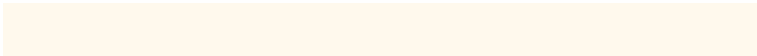
68.5711, 8.2690, -6.8227

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.5711, -3.1812, 16.8816



97.5533, -5.2347, 11.2554



60.5167, 14.1885, 2.1929



45.0362, -2.4135, 5.4307

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.5711, -3.1812, 16.8816



90.5381, -3.7077, 26.1717



72.4358, -12.9424, 20.4428



33.4282, -1.7826, 4.4945



42.5208, 9.1161, 26.3607



9.5057, 0.6578, 5.8689

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.5112, -2.1246, -12.4732



78.8527, -1.8757, -22.5805



57.8267, 7.5518, -17.7816



32.0690, -1.5925, -1.1308



22.7071, 20.7906, -73.2629



5.9251, 1.5860, -10.8295

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

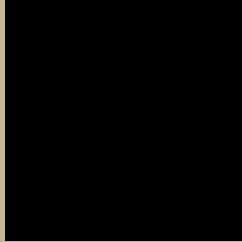
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.5696, -3.1791,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807

Protanopia

68.6005, -4.5531, 16.5176

Deuteranopia

68.3929, 5.2271, 16.4828



Tritanopia

68.6602, 6.7076, 0.8518

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807

Protanomaly

68.6966, -4.2180, 16.6185

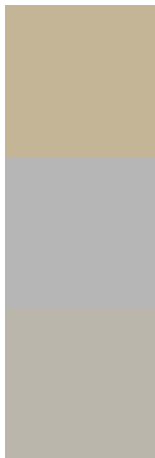
Deuteranomaly

68.4347, 2.4217, 16.4753

Tritanomaly

68.6134, 2.7485, 7.2811

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807

Achromatopsia

68.3947, -3.6494, 3.7160

Achromatomaly

68.5281, -3.8238, 8.8255

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 181, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 181, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 181, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 181, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

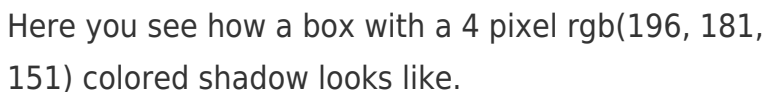
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 181, 151) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 181, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 181, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 181, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 181, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 181,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.5696, -3.1791, 16.8807 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 181, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
181, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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