

Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.5512, 4.2813,
-29.6603)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(68.5512, 4.2813,
-29.6603) contains.

HunterLab(68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(68.5512, 4.2813,
-29.6603)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5B4F1
RGB	165, 180, 241
RGB Percent	65%, 71%, 95%
CMY	0.3529, 0.2941, 0.0549
CMYK	0.32, 0.25, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	228°, 73%, 80%
HSV	228°, 32%, 95%
XYZ	47.7154, 46.9927, 89.7746
YIQ	182.4690, -28.5210, 15.7910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

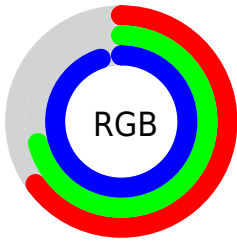
Format	Color
R_{YB}	165, 178, 241
Decimal	10859761
CIE Lab	74.19, 8.65, -32.05
CIE LCh	74, 33.195, 285.112
Yxy	46.9945, 0.2586, 0.2547
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289049841 (0xFFA5B4F1)
YUV	182.4690, 28.8558, -15.3203
Hunter-Lab	68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603

Details

The HunterLab color $68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $87.0694, -8.3234, 29.2650$, and the grayscale version is $68.4840, -3.6541, 3.7209$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $90.8752, -6.0882, -5.8349$, and $46.9692, 4.8394, -28.9121$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61.1361, 8.4308, -42.8874$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $76.2821, 0.8049, -17.6636$.

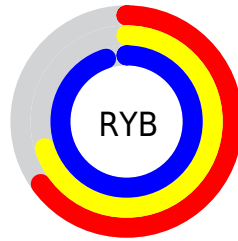
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (71%)

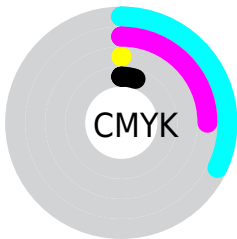
Blue (95%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (95%)

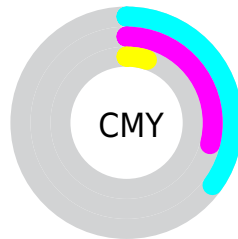


Cyan (32%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68.5512, 4.2813,
-29.6603

■ 68.5512, 4.2813,
-29.6603

■ 193.5956, 0.7624,
-32.2666

■ 57.4729, 4.4398,
-29.1163

■ 92.5772, 3.7989,
-30.5954

■ 47.0642, 4.5368,
-28.5346

■ 105.4618, 3.4851,
-30.9848

■ 37.3731, 4.5636,
-27.9334

■ 118.8942, 3.1273,
-31.3217

■ 28.4571, 4.5096,
-27.3566

■ 132.8529, 2.7282,
-31.6072

■ 20.3906, 4.3596,
-26.9069

■ 147.3188, 2.2903,
-31.8428

■ 13.2748, 4.0906,
-26.8570

■ 162.2747, 1.8155,

■ 6.8077, 5.1759,

-32.0301

-30.6493

177.7050, 1.3057,
-32.1708

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 68.5512, 4.2813,
-29.6603

■ 68.5512, 4.2813,
-29.6603

■ 61.1361, 8.4308,
-42.8874

■ 76.2821, 0.8049,
-17.6636

■ 54.0948, 13.4298,
-57.6440

■ 84.2787, -2.1361,
-6.6503

■ 47.5133, 19.4803,
-74.2282

■ 92.5074, -4.6507,
3.5839

■ 41.5075, 26.7750,
-92.8271

■ 99.5645, -7.7268,
11.6591

■ 36.2327, 35.3837,

-113.2323

■ 31.8815, 45.0106,
-134.3304

■ 29.0338, 53.1945,
-151.1214

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.5525, -11.1500, -29.7006



68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603



68.5525, 18.7511, -19.4360

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.5525, 4.2806, -29.6588



68.5525, 18.6584, 20.9284



68.5525, -30.1455, 10.6216

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603



87.0694, -8.3234, 29.2650

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.5525, -23.5197, 20.8718



68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603



68.5525, 4.1630, 25.8607

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.5525, 4.2806, -29.6588



68.5525, 27.5400, 10.7172



68.5525, -11.2577, 25.8426



68.5525, -30.1201, -4.0768

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603



68.5525, 25.5146, -9.3004



68.5525, -11.2577, 25.8426



68.5525, -28.6501, 14.6201

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.5525, 4.2806, -29.6588



92.0378, -2.9885, -4.2847



87.4019, -29.0404, 4.6360



41.9936, -1.1927, -2.7352

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.5525, 4.2806, -29.6588



67.8474, 7.3845, -40.7385



66.2787, 18.7341, -33.2761



39.6658, -1.2395, -2.0689



21.7259, 37.9608, -109.1020



7.2631, 7.8544, -26.0335

Inverse Universe

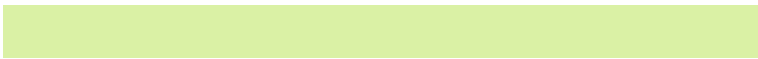
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.9341, 25.5786, 6.9314



69.9508, 34.3739, 8.3494



89.7577, -23.3940, 31.3836



39.7616, 1.7978, 2.4371



32.0466, 55.2828, 17.5914



9.3165, 16.2159, 3.9957

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

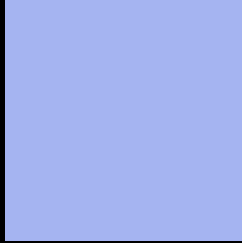
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

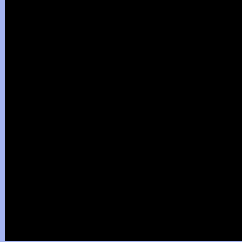
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603.

-29.6603.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603

Protanopia

68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603

Deuteranopia

68.4153, 5.3351, -29.8686



Tritanopia

68.5369, -9.6790, -6.2756

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603

Protanomaly

68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603

Deuteranomaly

68.3360, 5.0694, -30.0059

Tritanomaly

68.3465, -4.6074, -14.3231

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603

Achromatopsia

68.3947, -3.6494, 3.7160

Achromatomaly

68.2566, -1.2246, -7.0398

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 180, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 180, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 180, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 180, 241) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 180, 241) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 180, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 180, 241)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 180, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 180, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 180,  
241) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.5512, 4.2813, -29.6603 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 180, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
180, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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