

Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.6292, -6.1639,
-7.3422)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(68.6292, -6.1639,
-7.3422) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(68.5980, -6.1647,
-7.2134)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5B9CC
RGB	165, 185, 204
RGB Percent	65%, 73%, 80%
CMY	0.3529, 0.2745, 0.2000
CMYK	0.19, 0.09, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	209°, 28%, 72%
HSV	209°, 19%, 80%
XYZ	43.7651, 47.0569, 63.9029
YIQ	181.1860, -18.0190, 1.6690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

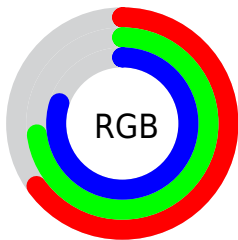
Format	Color
RYB	165, 178, 204
Decimal	10861004
CIELab	74.23, -2.81, -11.89
CIELCh	74, 12.213, 256.713
Yxy	47.0588, 0.2829, 0.3041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289051084 (0xFFA5B9CC)
YUV	181.1860, 11.2473, -14.1951
Hunter-Lab	68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134

Details

The HunterLab color $68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $70.5939, -0.0595, 13.6005$, and the grayscale version is $68.0152, -3.6291, 3.6954$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $92.3830, -8.9890, -3.9492$, and $47.1331, -4.5950, -7.3337$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64.0540, -6.6198, -13.5247$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $73.2993, -5.2809, -1.1347$.

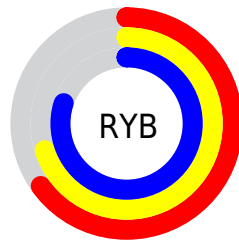
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (73%)

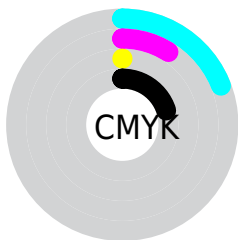
Blue (80%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (80%)

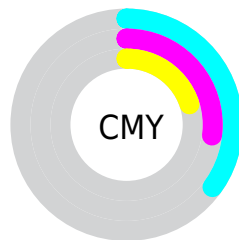


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68.5980, -6.1647,
-7.2134

■ 68.5980, -6.1647,
-7.2134

193.6619,
-13.8924, -4.3607

■ 57.5171, -5.4291,
-7.2871

■ 92.6290, -7.7163,
-6.8940

■ 47.1056, -4.7186,
-7.2993

■ 105.5159, -8.5289,
-6.6588

■ 37.4114, -4.0349,
-7.2425

118.9505, -9.3656,
-6.3773

■ 28.4920, -3.3777,
-7.1098

132.9114,
-10.2259, -6.0523

■ 20.4219, -2.7463,
-6.8942

147.3793,
-11.1093, -5.6862

■ 13.3019, -2.1379,
-6.5932

162.3372,

■ 6.8410, -2.1533,

-12.0151, -5.2810

-7.2720

177.7694,
-12.9430, -4.8386

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.5980, -6.1647,
-7.2134

■ 68.5980, -6.1647,
-7.2134

■ 64.0540, -6.6198,
-13.5247

■ 73.2993, -5.2809,
-1.1347

■ 59.6797, -6.5780,
-20.0952

■ 78.1395, -4.0212,
4.7321

■ 55.4955, -5.9671,
-26.9420

■ 83.1074, -2.4350,
10.4122

■ 51.5225, -4.7076,
-34.0745

■ 88.1923, -0.5630,
15.9281

■ 47.7840, -2.7190,

■ 92.1191, -2.7833,

-41.4867

19.9461

■ 44.3038, 0.0694,
-49.1504

■ 95.2363, -7.9507,
22.9799

■ 41.1037, 3.6998,
-57.0107

■ 98.4188, -13.0633,
26.0015

■ 38.1807, 8.1026,
-65.0434

■ 98.5595, -13.2857,
26.1334

■ 37.9304, 8.5079,
-65.7759

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.5994, -11.0211, -4.3004



68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134



68.5994, -0.4823, -7.0254

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.5994, -6.1658, -7.2122



68.5994, 7.1563, 6.6663



68.5994, -11.4642, 10.5075

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134



70.5939, -0.0595, 13.6005

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.5994, -6.7886, 12.9913



68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134



68.5994, 4.0169, 10.9008

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.5994, -6.1658, -7.2122



68.5994, 7.3364, 1.2933



68.5994, -1.1257, 13.1291



68.5994, -14.0120, 6.0883

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134



68.5994, 3.0144, -5.1644



68.5994, -1.1257, 13.1291



68.5994, -10.0962, 11.5801

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.5994, -6.1658, -7.2122



96.2026, -6.3512, 0.8613



73.9191, -18.8889, 8.9104



44.3183, -2.9849, 0.1656

0.0000, NaN, NaN



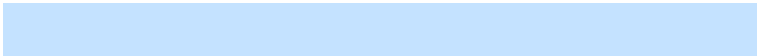
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.5994, -6.1658, -7.2122



85.8078, -8.2511, -12.6405



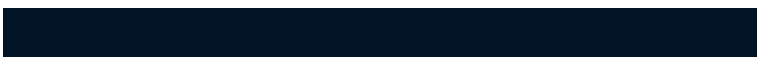
62.8533, 3.5756, -15.0963



34.3213, -2.4912, -0.6103



30.4015, 6.1532, -51.2821



7.9277, -0.4233, -8.9952

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.7659, 12.7881, -0.6328



81.4939, 21.3235, -1.9836



76.4409, -9.6992, 19.3216



33.6275, 1.9219, 0.8015



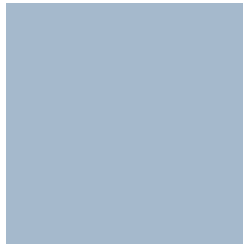
29.5568, 52.8364, 1.8938



6.8264, 12.4104, -1.1707

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

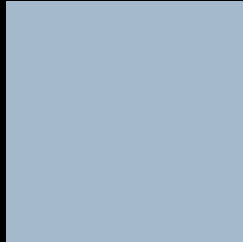
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

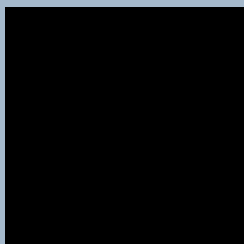
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

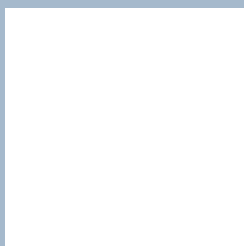
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134.

-7.2134.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134

Protanopia

68.5333, -0.4122, -5.5828

Deuteranopia

68.3515, 5.3424, -8.4398



Tritanopia

68.6880, -7.6955, -4.9766

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134

Protanomaly

68.4355, -2.2118, -6.2790

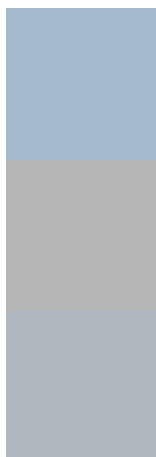
Deuteranomaly

68.3766, 0.8517, -7.9339

Tritanomaly

68.7222, -7.5065, -5.4592

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134

Achromatopsia

67.9762, -3.6270, 3.6933

Achromatomaly

68.0029, -4.5799, -0.1527

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 185, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 185, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 185, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 185, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 185, 204) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 185, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 185, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 185, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 185, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 185,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.5980, -6.1647, -7.2134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 185, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
185, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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