

Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.6542, -6.8334,
-37.3500)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(68.6542, -6.8334,
-37.3500) contains.

HunterLab(68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(68.6530, -6.8334,
-37.3514)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7ABCFC
RGB	122, 188, 252
RGB Percent	48%, 74%, 99%
CMY	0.5215, 0.2627, 0.0118
CMYK	0.52, 0.25, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	210°, 96%, 73%
HSV	210°, 52%, 99%
XYZ	43.5800, 47.1323, 98.8961
YIQ	175.5620, -59.8800, 5.9120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

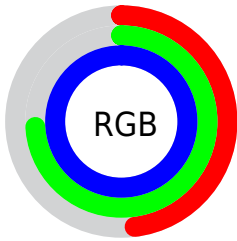
Format	Color
RYB	122, 166, 252
Decimal	8043772
CIELab	74.28, -3.56, -38.04
CIELCh	74, 38.208, 264.656
Yxy	47.1341, 0.2298, 0.2486
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286233852 (0xFF7ABCFC)
YUV	175.5620, 37.6839, -46.9739
Hunter-Lab	68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514

Details

The HunterLab color $68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCFF$. A complement of this color would be $75.6443, 12.0812, 32.3900$, and the grayscale version is $65.5758, -3.4990, 3.5629$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $90.4130, -21.0962, -6.6980$, and $47.1474, -5.3576, -35.9686$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $63.6017, -4.8617, -46.7470$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $73.9925, -7.9263, -28.3416$.

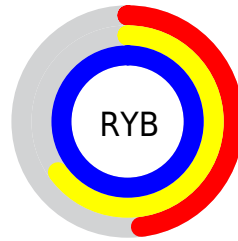
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (74%)

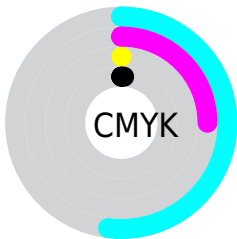
Blue (99%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (99%)

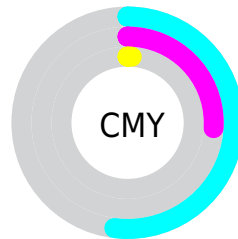


Cyan (52%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68.6530, -6.8334,
-37.3514

■ 68.6530, -6.8334,
-37.3514

193.7394,
-14.8430, -41.2272

■ 57.5688, -6.0574,
-36.7055

■ 92.6896, -8.4562,
-38.5375

■ 47.1540, -5.3051,
-36.0500

■ 105.5792, -9.3024,
-39.0653

■ 37.4562, -4.5762,
-35.4216

■ 119.0164,
-10.1714, -39.5452

■ 28.5330, -3.8698,
-34.8986

132.9797,
-11.0627, -39.9765

■ 20.4585, -3.1837,
-34.6553

147.4501,
-11.9759, -40.3595

■ 13.3336, -2.5128,
-35.1407

162.4103,

■ 6.8798, -2.6214,

-12.9106, -40.6948

-40.8120

177.8447,
-13.8665, -40.9837

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 68.6530, -6.8334,
-37.3514

■ 68.6530, -6.8334,
-37.3514

■ 63.6017, -4.8617,
-46.7470

■ 73.9925, -7.9263,
-28.3416

■ 58.8668, -1.9056,
-56.5185

■ 79.5870, -8.2480,
-19.7125

■ 54.4815, 2.1212,
-66.6163

■ 85.4115, -7.8989,
-11.4386

■ 50.4733, 7.2543,
-76.9555

■ 91.4431, -6.9682,
-3.4888

■ 47.3819, 12.3252,

■ 97.6620, -5.5336,

-85.8299

4.1709

99.9041, -5.8612,
6.8015

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.6542, -22.4093, -28.5732



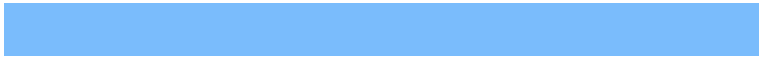
68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514



68.6542, 11.2409, -33.0363

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.6542, -6.8334, -37.3500



68.6542, 30.3815, 16.0063



68.6542, -29.4724, 20.0640

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514



75.6443, 12.0812, 32.3900

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.6542, -17.4021, 27.2748



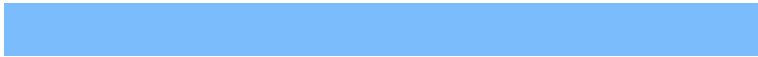
68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514



68.6542, 17.3303, 25.3855

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.6542, -6.8334, -37.3500



68.6542, 33.9437, 0.6271



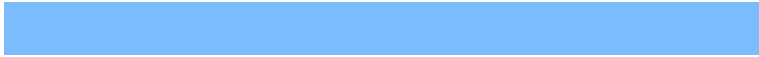
68.6542, -0.4420, 28.9388



68.6542, -34.5979, 6.7080

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514



68.6542, 22.1511, -23.7707



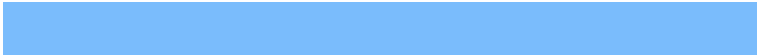
68.6542, -0.4420, 28.9388



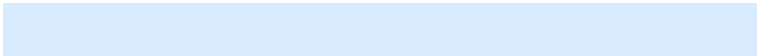
68.6542, -26.1563, 23.1364

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.6542, -6.8334, -37.3500



90.5658, -7.4468, -6.2602



87.8951, -49.0714, 22.4010



41.3022, -3.5404, -3.6809

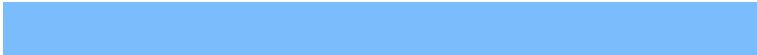
0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.6542, -6.8334, -37.3500



64.2383, -4.8141, -47.8211



50.6211, 27.1678, -76.1999



42.5439, -3.0772, -0.8543



34.6273, 8.0523, -60.6637



11.5010, 0.6632, -15.8069

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.8443, 53.9324, -6.5612



57.4211, 65.6925, -6.5054



95.0628, -20.2880, 46.7372



41.6801, 2.4868, 0.9902



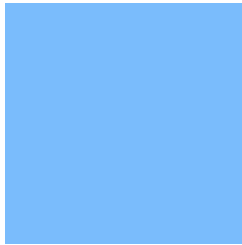
34.0901, 60.8468, 2.9083



10.4774, 18.8906, -0.5764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

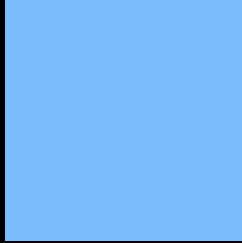
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

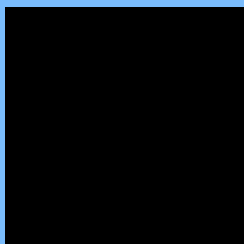
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

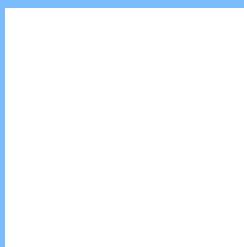
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514.

-37.3514.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514

Protanopia

68.2783, 5.2301, -32.8498

Deuteranopia

68.5320, 5.3911, -38.7975



Tritanopia

68.8267, -22.7192, -11.0758

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514

Protanomaly

68.2122, 0.6992, -35.1466

Deuteranomaly

68.4749, 0.5109, -38.2607

Tritanomaly

68.6598, -17.1840, -20.1255

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514

Achromatopsia

65.8903, -3.5157, 3.5799

Achromatomaly

66.3853, -6.1180, -10.2218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 188, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 188, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 188, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 188, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 188, 252) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 188, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 188, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 188, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 188, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 188,  
252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.6530, -6.8334, -37.3514 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 188, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
188, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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