

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.6578, -9.9438,  
8.9537)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(68.6578, -9.9438, 8.9537)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(68.5979, -9.8072,  
8.7978)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AEBAAB
RGB	174, 186, 171
RGB Percent	68%, 73%, 67%
CMY	0.3176, 0.2706, 0.3294
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.08, 0.27
HSL	108°, 10%, 70%
HSV	108°, 8%, 73%
XYZ	42.3651, 47.0567, 45.3780
YIQ	180.7020, -2.3370, -7.2090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

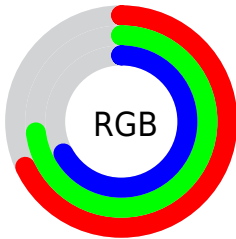
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	171, 186, 183
Decimal	11451051
CIELab	74.23, -6.97, 6.17
CIElCh	74, 9.309, 138.469
Yxy	47.0587, 0.3143, 0.3491
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289641131 (0xFFAEBAAB)
YUV	180.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777
Hunter-Lab	68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978

# Details

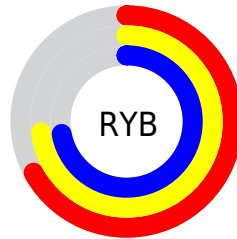
The HunterLab color **68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **65.3754, 2.8794, -1.7979**, and the grayscale version is **67.8729, -3.6215, 3.6877**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.5490, -11.9215, 10.7251**, and **47.1641, -7.8154, 6.9856** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.9201, -16.8653, 14.4690**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.4441, -2.2375, 2.5584**.

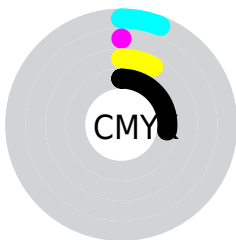
# Distribution



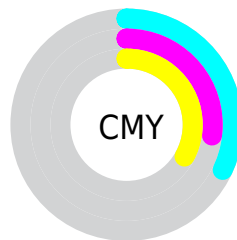
- Red (68%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 68.5979, -9.8072,  
8.7978

■ 68.5979, -9.8072,  
8.7978

193.6618,  
-19.1067, 17.8443

■ 57.5170, -8.8533,  
7.8827

■ 92.6290, -11.7614,  
10.6810

■ 47.1056, -7.9093,  
6.9814

105.5159,  
-12.7608, 11.6488

■ 37.4114, -6.9736,  
6.0920

118.9505,  
-13.7765, 12.6349

■ 28.4920, -6.0410,  
5.2101

132.9113,  
-14.8087, 13.6397

■ 20.4218, -5.1025,  
4.3273

147.3793,  
-15.8578, 14.6630

■ 13.3019, -4.1414,  
3.4279

162.3371,

■ 6.8410, -4.8042,

-16.9238, 15.7049

4.1122

177.7694,  
-18.0068, 16.7654

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.5979, -9.8072,  
8.7978

■ 68.5979, -9.8072,  
8.7978

■ 66.9201, -16.8653,  
14.4690

■ 70.4441, -2.2375,  
2.5584

■ 65.4111, -23.3453,  
19.5197

■ 72.4484, 5.7863,  
-4.1993

■ 64.0759, -29.1911,  
23.9081

■ 74.6055, 14.2023,  
-11.4205

■ 62.9163, -34.3520,  
27.6020

■ 76.9085, 22.9537,  
-19.0529

■ 61.9322, -38.7889,

■ 78.9751, 30.1019,

30.5832

-21.8350

■ 61.1207, -42.4780,  
32.8521

■ 79.7494, 32.4486,  
-20.6273

■ 60.4766, -45.4150,  
34.4317

■ 59.9910, -47.6194,  
35.3724

■ 59.6490, -49.1522,  
35.7923

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.5994, -6.2914, 10.8548



68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978



68.5994, -11.6620, 5.3043

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.5994, -9.8088, 8.7988



68.5994, -5.3266, -4.5212



68.5994, 4.4442, 6.2051

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978



65.3754, 2.8794, -1.7979

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.5994, 4.7182, 2.1257



68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978



68.5994, -0.9963, -4.2426

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.5994, -9.8088, 8.7988



68.5994, -9.1176, -2.4879



68.5994, 2.7050, -1.7490



68.5994, 1.9655, 9.4228



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978



68.5994, -11.7360, 2.5529



68.5994, 2.7050, -1.7490



68.5994, 4.7994, 4.8946

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.5994, -9.8088, 8.7988



93.8260, -7.1335, 6.8645



68.7375, -4.6385, 9.0413



44.0422, -3.2978, 3.1802



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.5994, -9.8088, 8.7988



91.8605, -15.2602, 13.5143



68.4782, -9.9866, 6.6812



31.8501, -4.9978, 4.4471



48.9071, -40.3988, 29.4291



9.3224, -6.9962, 5.6219



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.3754, 2.8794, -1.7979



86.4038, 6.2205, -4.4282



65.5155, 3.0649, 0.6165



30.1158, 1.8286, -1.2545



25.8914, 53.5514, -54.6763



5.0962, 10.3772, -9.4960



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

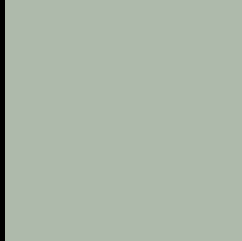
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

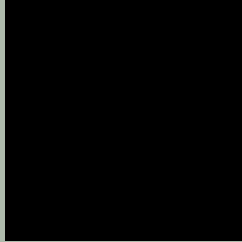
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

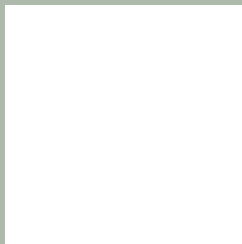
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978.

8.7978.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978

### Protanopia

68.6581, -3.4821, 9.8313

### Deuteranopia

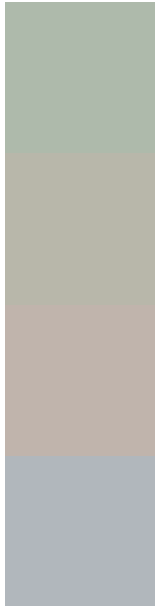
68.3844, 4.8274, 7.9453



## Tritanopia

68.5216, -2.2543, -3.5235

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978

## Protanomaly

68.5271, -5.4244, 9.2272

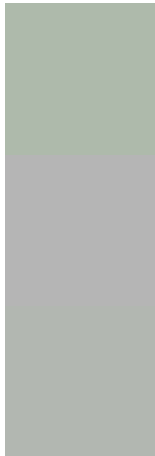
## Deuteranomaly

68.4307, -1.0525, 8.3319

## Tritanomaly

68.4434, -4.6536, 0.8788

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978

## Achromatopsia

67.9762, -3.6270, 3.6933

## Achromatomaly

68.1955, -6.1903, 5.7502

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 186, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 186, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 186, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 186, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 186, 171) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 186, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 186, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 186, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 186, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 186,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.5979, -9.8072, 8.7978 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 186, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
186, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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