

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.6680, -26.3124,  
24.7648)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(68.6680, -26.3124,  
24.7648) contains.

<b>HunterLab(68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(68.6410,  
-26.3911, 24.7846)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97C37E
RGB	151, 195, 126
RGB Percent	59%, 76%, 49%
CMY	0.4078, 0.2353, 0.5059
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.35, 0.24
HSL	98°, 37%, 63%
HSV	98°, 35%, 76%
XYZ	36.0435, 47.1159, 26.9332
YIQ	173.9780, -4.0750, -30.7870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

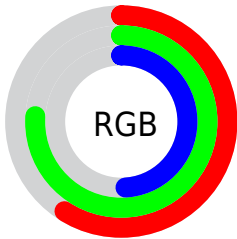
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	126, 195, 170
Decimal	9945982
CIELab	74.27, -27.16, 30.08
CIELCh	74, 40.529, 132.079
Yxy	47.1179, 0.3274, 0.4280
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288136062 (0xFF97C37E)
YUV	173.9780, -23.6532, -20.1517
Hunter-Lab	68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846

# Details

The HunterLab color **68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **52.3538, 23.9310, -25.7937**, and the grayscale version is **65.1474, -3.4761, 3.5396**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.7347, -30.6250, 29.3396**, and **47.1426, -22.0120, 20.0643** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.4795, -31.5400, 28.9270**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.9462, -20.6859, 19.8588**.

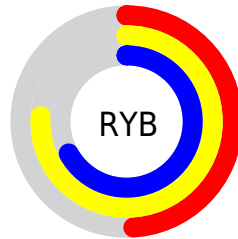
# Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (76%)

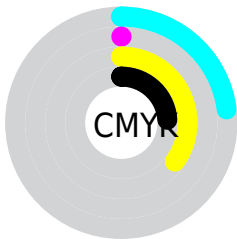
Blue (49%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (67%)

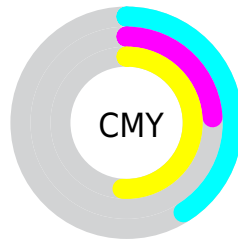


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 68.6410, -26.3911,  
24.7846

■ 68.6410, -26.3911,  
24.7846

193.7227,  
-43.6225, 43.4559

■ 57.5577, -24.3146,  
22.4781

■ 92.6766, -30.3950,  
29.1878

■ 47.1436, -22.1643,  
20.0736

■ 105.5656,  
-32.3411, 31.3112

■ 37.4466, -19.9174,  
17.5422

■ 119.0023,  
-34.2607, 33.3960

■ 28.5242, -17.5373,  
14.8419

132.9651,  
-36.1593, 35.4497

■ 20.4506, -14.9654,  
11.9327

147.4349,  
-38.0415, 37.4781

■ 13.3268, -12.0980,  
9.3288

162.3946,

■ 6.8715, -12.0251,

-39.9108, 39.4861

4.8101

177.8286,  
-41.7704, 41.4776

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.6410, -26.3911,  
24.7846

■ 68.6410, -26.3911,  
24.7846

■ 67.4795, -31.5400,  
28.9270

■ 69.9462, -20.6859,  
19.8588

■ 66.4573, -36.0991,  
32.2741

■ 71.3891, -14.4555,  
14.1712

■ 65.5746, -40.0508,  
34.8328

■ 72.9688, -7.7421,  
7.7558

■ 64.8283, -43.3878,  
36.6299


■ 74.6819, -0.5886,  
0.6536


■ 64.2133, -46.1182,


■ 76.5245, 6.9609,


37.7170


-7.0899


 63.7214, -48.2696,  
38.1794

 78.4920, 14.8632,  
-15.4264

 63.5283, -49.1100,  
38.2861

 80.2733, 21.4991,  
-20.0371

 81.6493, 25.8100,  
-17.9361

 82.1658, 27.4112,  
-17.1580

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.6425, -11.1174, 29.7007



68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846



68.6425, -34.9752, 13.5581

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.6425, -26.3926, 24.7853



68.6425, -14.5093, -38.0400



68.6425, 35.6692, 10.5936

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846



52.3538, 23.9310, -25.7937

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.6425, 34.5068, -7.7924



68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846



68.6425, 4.1169, -39.4695

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.6425, -26.3926, 24.7853



68.6425, -28.6433, -23.7491



68.6425, 22.4652, -27.2456



68.6425, 25.4876, 23.1238



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846



68.6425, -36.3809, 2.4683



68.6425, 22.4652, -27.2456



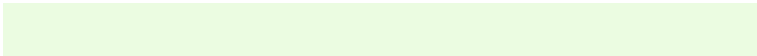
68.6425, 36.6204, 4.9808

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.6425, -26.3926, 24.7853



96.4058, -15.6343, 15.4621



64.6123, -0.9307, 21.6841



44.9792, -7.8922, 7.7826

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

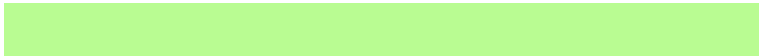


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.6425, -26.3926, 24.7853



90.7116, -40.4021, 37.3019



67.2480, -31.3962, 20.6131



33.8119, -4.8940, 4.8588



51.2574, -39.4126, 30.8946



10.8365, -7.4369, 6.5472



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.3538, 23.9310, -25.7937



64.8432, 39.9333, -43.8955



54.8286, 30.3998, -15.7990



31.7162, 1.5196, -1.5258



23.2636, 50.8474, -70.2979



5.2117, 11.0481, -13.0897



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

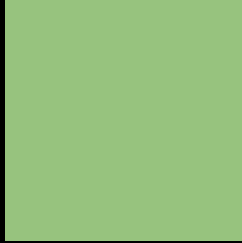
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

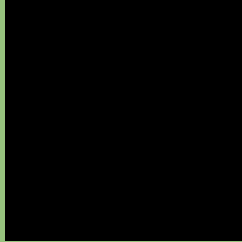
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846.

-26.3911, 24.7846.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846

### Protanopia

68.4413, -6.4050, 26.3906

### Deuteranopia

68.1980, 5.1141, 23.4449



## Tritanopia

68.6450, -7.7793, -5.5651

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846

## Protanomaly

68.4065, -14.2875, 25.6601

## Deuteranomaly

68.0054, -7.6432, 23.6636

## Tritanomaly

68.4267, -15.0476, 7.2033

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846

## Achromatopsia

65.0590, -3.4714, 3.5348

## Achromatomaly

66.3304, -12.3652, 12.1434

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 195, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 195, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 195, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 195, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

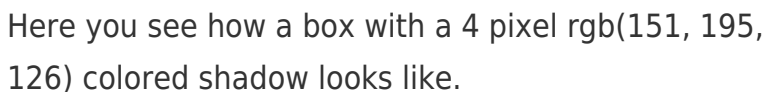
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 195, 126) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 195, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 195, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 195, 126); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 195, 126); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 195, 126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.6410, -26.3911, 24.7846 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 195, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
195, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor