

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.7272, -39.9144,  
25.1984)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(68.7272, -39.9144,  
25.1984) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(68.7250,  
-39.9136, 25.1984)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6ACB7C
RGB	106, 203, 124
RGB Percent	42%, 80%, 49%
CMY	0.5843, 0.2039, 0.5137
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.39, 0.20
HSL	131°, 48%, 61%
HSV	131°, 48%, 80%
XYZ	30.9379, 47.2313, 26.5547
YIQ	164.9910, -32.4530, -45.1330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

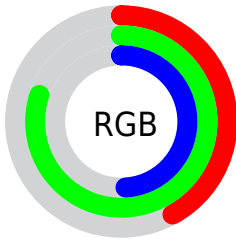
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">106, 188, 203</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6998908</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.34, -45.44, 30.80</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">74, 54.896, 145.873</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">47.2332, 0.2954, 0.4510</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285188988 (0xFF6ACB7C)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">164.9910, -20.2086, -51.7351</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **51.4862, 43.5192, -20.3703**, and the grayscale version is **61.4277, -3.2776, 3.3375**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.7611, -43.5908, 27.9913**, and **47.2002, -33.4440, 20.3610** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.6383, -44.8812, 28.5859**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.0582, -33.9897, 21.4015**.

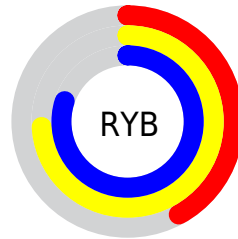
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (80%)

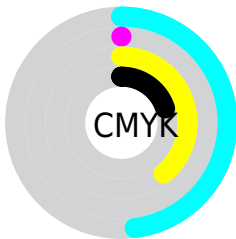
Blue (49%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (80%)

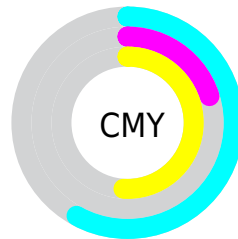


Cyan (48%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (39%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 68.7250, -39.9136,  
25.1984

■ 68.7250, -39.9136,  
25.1984

193.8413,  
-64.7249, 44.1756

■ 57.6368, -36.7445,  
22.8475

■ 92.7694, -45.8972,  
29.6819

■ 47.2177, -33.4141,  
20.3954

■ 105.6625,  
-48.7522, 31.8421

■ 37.5152, -29.8767,  
17.8122

■ 119.1031,  
-51.5365, 33.9619

■ 28.5868, -26.0633,  
15.0555

■ 133.0697,  
-54.2615, 36.0489

■ 20.5067, -21.8657,  
12.0979

147.5432,  
-56.9360, 38.1092

■ 13.3755, -18.0766,  
9.3628

162.5064,

■ 6.9305, -12.1284,

-59.5676, 40.1479

4.8514

177.9439,  
-62.1622, 42.1689

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.7250, -39.9136,  
25.1984

■ 68.7250, -39.9136,  
25.1984

■ 67.6383, -44.8812,  
28.5859

■ 70.0582, -33.9897,  
21.4015

■ 66.7873, -48.8612,  
31.5251

■ 71.6356, -27.1618,  
17.2397

■ 66.1617, -51.8606,  
33.9910

■ 73.4568, -19.5062,  
12.7648

■ 65.7434, -53.9253,  
35.9724


■ 75.5167, -11.1106,  
8.0303

■ 65.5020, -55.1687,


■ 77.8077, -2.0686,


37.4694

3.0881

 65.4611, -55.3812,  
37.7314

 80.3207, 7.5265,  
-2.0130

 83.0449, 17.5855,  
-7.2294

 84.3764, 22.9515,  
-14.0853

# Harmonies

## Analogous

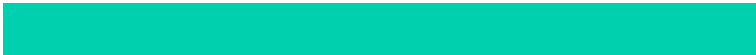
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.7264, -23.8938, 33.9801



68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984



68.7264, -46.2657, 7.0324

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.7264, -39.9146, 25.1990



68.7264, -7.1842, -61.4254



68.7264, 46.5678, 21.2251

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984



51.4862, 43.5192, -20.3703

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.7264, 52.7570, 0.2782



68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984



68.7264, 19.2001, -53.2696

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.7264, -39.9146, 25.1990



68.7264, -29.2075, -47.5243



68.7264, 42.1014, -28.1256



68.7264, 26.2427, 32.3464

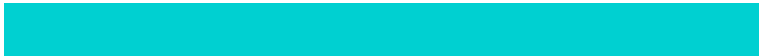


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984



68.7264, -44.9639, -10.3661



68.7264, 42.1014, -28.1256



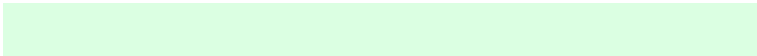
68.7264, 50.4872, 15.3744

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.7264, -39.9146, 25.1990



95.9758, -21.4374, 14.3491



73.5500, -21.8815, 33.9459



44.1409, -10.9943, 7.2507

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.7264, -39.9146, 25.1990



87.5260, -58.0626, 36.9805



69.8337, -33.3223, 9.1884



35.4548, -5.9019, 4.1556



52.2296, -44.1193, 29.9585



11.9072, -9.7441, 6.1517



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.4862, 43.5192, -20.3703



61.5950, 68.3632, -31.5197



49.8030, 35.7047, 3.2641



33.7145, 2.3878, -0.4340



31.3513, 59.2687, -22.9862



7.1873, 13.6960, -6.1120



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.7250,

-39.9136, 25.1984.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984

### Protanopia

68.3370, -6.9811, 27.9144

### Deuteranopia

68.1980, 5.1141, 23.4449



## Tritanopia

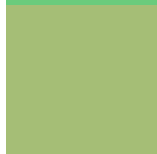
68.5959, -18.7846, -9.6393

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984



## Protanomaly

67.9222, -21.1006, 26.5227



## Deuteranomaly

67.4437, -14.4108, 23.3531



## Tritanomaly

68.5262, -27.7790, 5.7505

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984



## Achromatopsia

61.3402, -3.2730, 3.3327



## Achromatomaly

63.5386, -18.1290, 11.9100

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 203, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 203, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 203, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 203, 124) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 203, 124) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 203, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 203, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 203, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 203, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 203,  
124) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.7250, -39.9136, 25.1984 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 203, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
203, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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