

Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.8433, -37.2105,
-5.7212)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(68.8433, -37.2105,
-5.7212) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(68.8497,
-37.1723, -5.8117)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00CCC9
RGB	0, 204, 201
RGB Percent	0%, 80%, 79%
CMY	0.9998, 0.2000, 0.2118
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.01, 0.20
HSL	179°, 100%, 40%
HSV	179°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	32.1355, 47.4028, 62.7143
YIQ	142.6620, -120.6210, -44.1810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

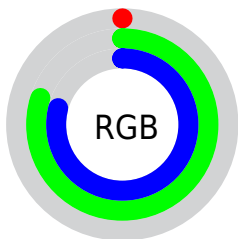
Format	Color
RYB	0, 103, 204
Decimal	52425
CIELab	74.45, -41.53, -10.46
CIELCh	74, 42.828, 194.138
Yxy	47.4046, 0.2259, 0.3332
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278242505 (0xFF00CCC9)
YUV	142.6620, 28.7606, -125.1146
Hunter-Lab	68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117

Details

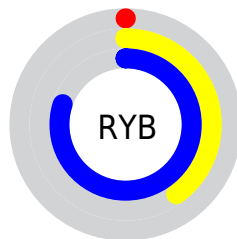
The HunterLab color **68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **35.8406, 61.3895, 23.0147**, and the grayscale version is **52.2038, -2.7855, 2.8363**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.4457, -40.3520, -6.9926**, and **48.5814, -26.1783, -4.2111** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.8507, -37.1734, -5.8108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.9724, -36.6711, -5.8028**.

Distribution



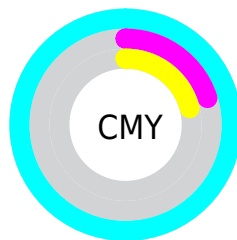
- Red (0%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

68.8497, -37.1723,
-5.8117

68.8497, -37.1723,
-5.8117

194.0173,
-60.3252, -2.5033

57.7543, -34.2428,
-5.9446

92.9071, -42.7200,
-5.3805

47.3276, -31.1729,
-6.0176

105.8063,
-45.3759, -5.0919

37.6170, -27.9211,
-6.0236

119.2527,
-47.9710, -4.7586

28.6798, -24.4256,
-5.9550

133.2249,
-50.5155, -4.3833

20.5900, -20.5891,
-5.8032

147.7039,
-53.0171, -3.9682

13.4477, -16.8114,
-5.5609

162.6723,

7.0171, -12.2800,

-55.4825, -3.5153

-6.0755

178.1149,
-57.9170, -3.0265

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.8497, -37.1723,
-5.8117

■ 68.8497, -37.1723,
-5.8117

■ 68.8507, -37.1734,
-5.8108

■ 68.9724, -36.6711,
-5.8028

■ 69.2105, -35.7104,
-5.6344

■ 69.6037, -34.1451,
-5.2539

■ 70.1706, -31.9152,
-4.6390

■ 70.9245, -28.9873,

-3.7763

■ 71.8749, -25.3507,
-2.6604

■ 73.0274, -21.0146,
-1.2926

■ 74.3849, -16.0050,
0.3199

■ 75.9471, -10.3609,
2.1649

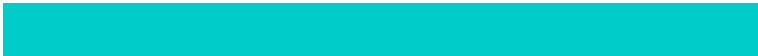
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.8510, -36.9329, 13.0243



68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117



68.8510, -29.1840, -26.9429

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.8510, -37.1724, -5.8108



68.8510, 25.2345, -28.0537



68.8510, 7.1634, 30.4876

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117



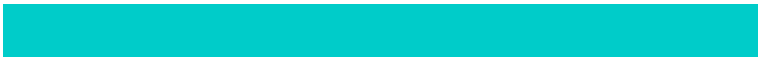
35.8406, 61.3895, 23.0147

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.8510, 26.1854, 24.6836



68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117



68.8510, 37.4042, -7.0314

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.8510, -37.1724, -5.8108



68.8510, 5.9804, -42.0604



68.8510, 37.7709, 12.1062



68.8510, -12.8306, 30.6415

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117



68.8510, -19.6778, -38.0198



68.8510, 37.7709, 12.1062



68.8510, 13.9323, 29.2280

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.8510, -37.1724, -5.8108



93.9106, -27.2916, -1.7426



65.7339, -56.2794, 39.5185



43.1415, -13.7720, -1.1696

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.8510, -37.1724, -5.8108



88.6006, -47.8478, -7.4534



38.1443, 8.0974, -65.1525



35.6709, -4.6975, 1.0691



54.6234, -29.4841, -4.6267



12.4105, -6.6743, -1.1041

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.8406, 61.3895, 23.0147



46.1175, 78.9954, 29.6618



46.5734, 30.9061, 29.2377



33.4907, 1.1861, 2.7528



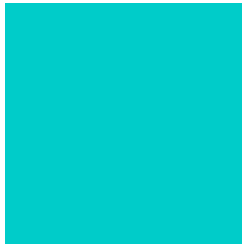
28.4347, 48.7142, 18.2281



6.4658, 11.0920, 4.0302

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

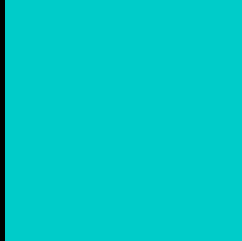
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

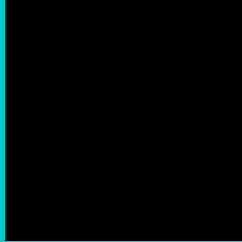
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

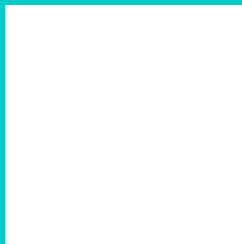
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117.



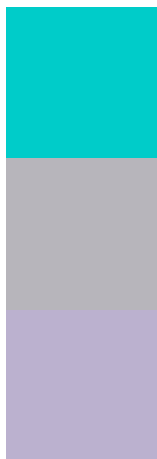
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.8497,

-37.1723, -5.8117.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117

Protanopia

68.3395, -1.9986, 1.2873

Deuteranopia

68.2012, 4.9103, -9.2071



Tritanopia

68.7651, -31.0005, -15.3602

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117



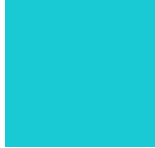
Protanomaly

66.2676, -21.9219, -4.1682



Deuteranomaly

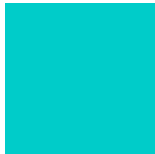
66.2347, -17.8208, -11.2002



Tritanomaly

68.7031, -33.4395, -12.0041

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117



Achromatopsia

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475



Achromatomaly

56.4046, -21.2682, -2.5348

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 204, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 204, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 204, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 204, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 204, 201) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 204, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 204, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 204, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 204, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 204,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.8497, -37.1723, -5.8117 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 204, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 204,  
201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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