

Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.8501, -6.9723,
-15.5875)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(68.8501, -6.9723,
-15.5875) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| HunterLab(68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(68.9385, -7.0178,
-15.2814)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 9ABBDB |
| RGB | 154, 187, 219 |
| RGB Percent | 60%, 73%, 86% |
| CMY | 0.3961, 0.2667, 0.1412 |
| CMYK | 0.30, 0.15, 0.00, 0.14 |
| HSL | 210°, 47%, 73% |
| HSV | 210°, 30%, 86% |
| XYZ | 43.8830, 47.5252, 73.8782 |
| YIQ | 180.7810, -29.9400, 2.9560 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

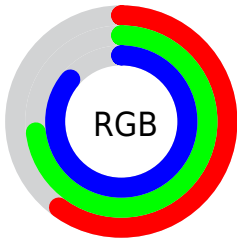
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 154, 176, 219 |
| Decimal | 10140635 |
| CIELab | 74.53, -3.75, -19.67 |
| CIELCh | 75, 20.020, 259.216 |
| Yxy | 47.5271, 0.2655, 0.2875 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288330715 (0xFF9ABBDB) |
| YUV | 180.7810, 18.8420, -23.4869 |
| Hunter-Lab | 68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814 |

Details

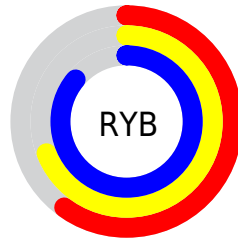
The HunterLab color $68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCFF$. A complement of this color would be $72.4648, 2.7685, 19.6863$, and the grayscale version is $67.8187, -3.6186, 3.6847$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $92.2078, -12.9252, -4.2414$, and $47.4312, -5.5071, -14.7726$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64.1610, -6.8774, -22.5153$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $73.9075, -6.6134, -8.3379$.

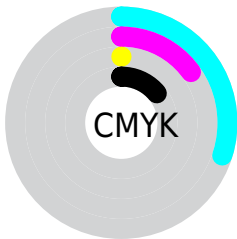
Distribution



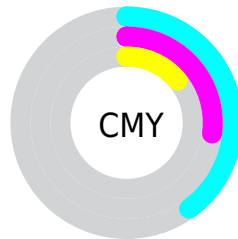
- Red (60%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68.9385, -7.0178,
-15.2814

■ 68.9385, -7.0178,
-15.2814

194.1428,
-15.1036, -14.7229

■ 57.8381, -6.2322,
-15.0729

■ 93.0053, -8.6606,
-15.5116

■ 47.4060, -5.4689,
-14.8003

■ 105.9088, -9.5157,
-15.5426

■ 37.6897, -4.7282,
-14.4604

119.3594,
-10.3933, -15.5214

■ 28.7462, -4.0090,
-14.0551

133.3357,
-11.2928, -15.4508

■ 20.6494, -3.3088,
-13.5981

147.8185,
-12.2140, -15.3335

■ 13.4993, -2.6220,
-13.1400

162.7907,

■ 7.0783, -2.6842,

-13.1565, -15.1717

-14.0707

178.2369,
-14.1198, -14.9675

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.9385, -7.0178,
-15.2814

■ 68.9385, -7.0178,
-15.2814

■ 64.1610, -6.8774,
-22.5153

■ 73.9075, -6.6134,
-8.3379

■ 59.5923, -6.1079,
-30.0652

■ 79.0454, -5.7343,
-1.6620

■ 55.2575, -4.6216,
-37.9410

■ 84.3375, -4.4437,
4.7759

■ 51.1828, -2.3290,
-46.1363

■ 89.7700, -2.7950,
11.0035

■ 47.3953, 0.8475,

■ 94.4623, -3.8302,

-54.6185

16.0754

■ 43.9194, 4.9514,
-63.3237

■ 97.8779, -9.4521,
19.5496

■ 40.7496, 9.8933,
-72.2281

■ 98.9417, -11.1650,
20.6116

■ 40.6510, 10.0580,
-72.5226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.9399, -15.0525, -10.5152



68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814



68.9399, 2.3439, -14.4574

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.9399, -7.0186, -15.2801



68.9399, 14.1553, 9.1546



68.9399, -16.7912, 14.0285

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814



72.4648, 2.7685, 19.6863

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.9399, -9.5081, 18.0449



68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814



68.9399, 8.4765, 15.5015

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.9399, -7.0186, -15.2801



68.9399, 14.9098, 0.4705



68.9399, -0.2810, 18.5455



68.9399, -20.4913, 6.8808

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814



68.9399, 8.0737, -10.8787



68.9399, -0.2810, 18.5455



68.9399, -14.6995, 15.7465

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.9399, -7.0186, -15.2801



94.2902, -6.7339, -1.5064



78.1374, -28.3207, 12.6482



43.2023, -3.2032, -1.2257

0.0000, NaN, NaN



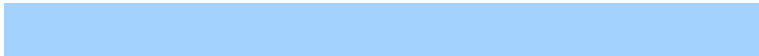
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.9399, -7.0186, -15.2801



78.1193, -8.3061, -23.8129



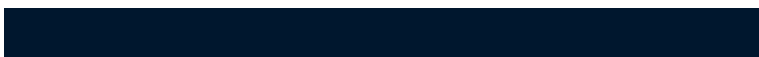
59.5452, 9.2569, -29.8778



37.0197, -2.6686, -0.7019



31.6517, 7.0638, -54.8106



9.0632, -0.0327, -11.2575

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.6224, 24.3026, -2.8908



72.2282, 36.6637, -4.7996



82.1545, -13.1959, 28.3279



36.2785, 2.1023, 0.8776



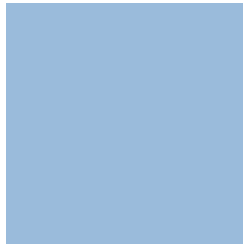
31.0405, 55.4296, 2.4467



8.0101, 14.5051, -0.9294

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

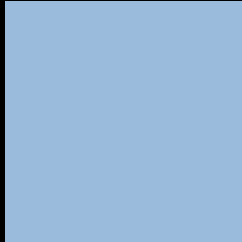
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

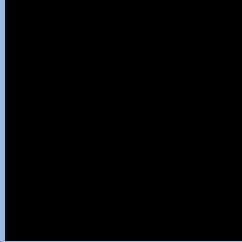
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

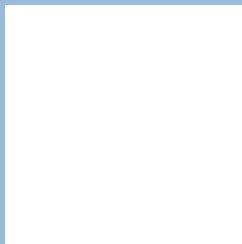
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814.

-15.2814.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814

Protanopia

68.6907, 1.1308, -13.1448

Deuteranopia

68.8518, 5.1499, -16.3903



Tritanopia

68.8348, -11.6010, -7.5362

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814

Protanomaly

68.6656, -1.9459, -13.8179

Deuteranomaly

68.8432, 0.5054, -15.8845

Tritanomaly

68.7713, -9.8700, -10.3628

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814

Achromatopsia

67.9762, -3.6270, 3.6933

Achromatomaly

68.1653, -5.1733, -2.9949

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 187, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 187, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 187, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 187, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 187, 219) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 187, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 187, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 187, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 187, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 187,  
219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.9385, -7.0178, -15.2814 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 187, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
187, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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