

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.8869, -21.0531,  
42.0792)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(68.8869, -21.0531,  
42.0792) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(68.8854,  
-21.0503, 42.0783)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8BF00
RGB	184, 191, 0
RGB Percent	72%, 75%, 0%
CMY	0.2784, 0.2510, 0.9999
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 1.00, 0.25
HSL	62°, 100%, 37%
HSV	62°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	38.3980, 47.4520, 7.1354
YIQ	167.1330, 57.1390, -60.8850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

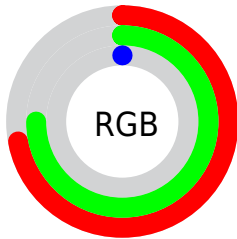
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 191, 7</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12107520</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.48, -20.37, 75.36</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">74, 78.066, 105.125</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">47.4542, 0.4129, 0.5103</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290297600 (0xFFB8BF00)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">167.1330, -82.3966, 14.7924</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC00**. A complement of this color would be **19.5132, 52.6882, -136.8286**, and the grayscale version is **62.5326, -3.3366, 3.3975**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.9321, -24.1601, 51.7485**, and **47.5527, -16.8037, 29.0076** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.8869, -21.0531, 42.0792**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.9843, -20.6212, 41.6125**.

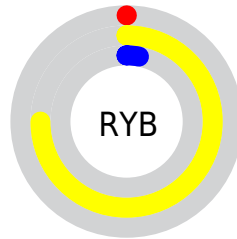
# Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (75%)

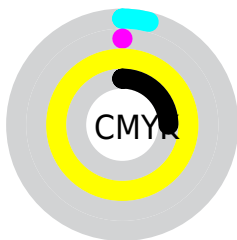
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (3%)

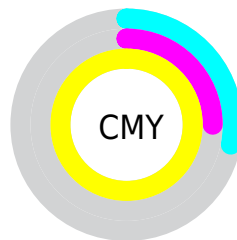


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



68.8854, -21.0503,  
42.0783

68.8854, -21.0503,  
42.0783

194.0682,  
-35.5584, 81.3244

57.7883, -19.3637,  
36.8939

92.9469, -24.3473,  
51.8173

47.3594, -17.6329,  
31.4763

105.8478,  
-25.9676, 56.4146

37.6464, -15.8437,  
26.2064

119.2960,  
-27.5766, 60.8584

28.7067, -13.9714,  
20.0947

133.2698,  
-29.1780, 65.1664

20.6141, -11.9758,  
14.4298

147.7503,  
-30.7747, 69.3544

13.4686, -9.7855,  
9.4280

162.7203,

7.0420, -12.3234,

-32.3691, 73.4359

4.9294

178.1643,  
-33.9632, 77.4225

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.8854, -21.0503,  
42.0783

■ 68.8854, -21.0503,  
42.0783

■ 68.8869, -21.0531,  
42.0792

■ 68.9843, -20.6212,  
41.6125

■ 69.1155, -19.9974,  
40.6492

■ 69.2924, -19.1142,  
39.0145

■ 69.5208, -17.9407,  
36.6268

■ 69.8054, -16.4534,

33.4235

■ 70.1501, -14.6344,  
29.3565

■ 70.5578, -12.4708,  
24.3906

■ 71.0313, -9.9541,  
18.5020

■ 71.5725, -7.0799,  
11.6771

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.8870, 15.2788, 42.0989



68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783



68.8870, -46.6936, 36.1808

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.8870, -21.0526, 42.0787



68.8870, -46.5335, -62.3242



68.8870, 78.1216, -15.6848

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783



19.5132, 52.6882, -136.8286

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.8870, 53.4452, -61.9455



68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783



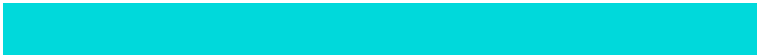
68.8870, -20.7859, -97.0169

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.8870, -21.0526, 42.0787



68.8870, -59.1827, -16.0449



68.8870, 15.6070, -96.8505



68.8870, 78.0084, 18.9948



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783



68.8870, -56.4890, 26.3362



68.8870, 15.6070, -96.8505



68.8870, 72.2564, -30.6596

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.8870, -21.0526, 42.0787



94.3950, -16.8407, 32.9925



33.4900, 56.2884, 21.6206



44.1207, -8.4931, 16.8479



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.8870, -21.0526, 42.0787



92.1742, -28.2238, 56.3032



62.7655, -45.0947, 37.8857



33.3200, -3.2026, 5.2142



55.8500, -17.0400, 34.1162



11.0789, -3.2781, 6.7694



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.5132, 52.6882, -136.8286



26.0683, 70.4858, -183.4855



25.6517, 58.5889, -97.1018



30.4000, -0.0728, -2.0832



15.8414, 42.7335, -110.7284



3.2261, 8.5262, -21.1822



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

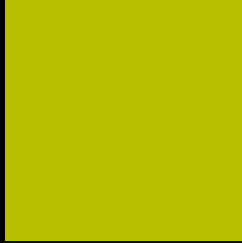
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

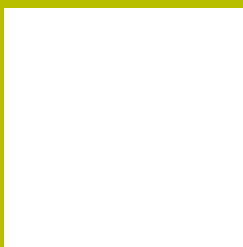
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783.



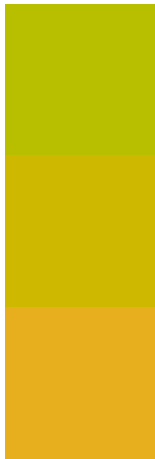
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783.

-21.0503, 42.0783.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783

### Protanopia

68.9539, -9.6855, 42.3195

### Deuteranopia

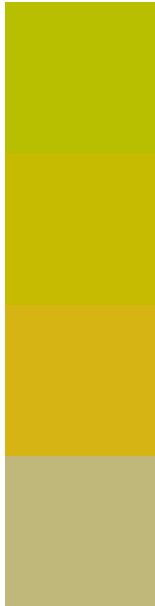
68.8148, 4.9262, 41.4313



## Tritanopia

68.9004, 4.6852, 0.1231

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783

## Protanomaly

69.0527, -14.0217, 42.3045

## Deuteranomaly

68.5461, -4.9322, 41.6185

## Tritanomaly

68.1752, -8.8567, 25.8415

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783

## Achromatopsia

62.1634, -3.3169, 3.3775

## Achromatomaly

64.0121, -13.4174, 26.5793

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 191, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 191, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 191, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 191, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 191, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 191, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 191, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 191, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 191, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 191,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.8854, -21.0503, 42.0783 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 191, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
191, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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