

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.9800, 33.8456,  
-0.1230)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(68.9800, 33.8456,  
-0.1230) contains.

<b>HunterLab(68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(68.9616, 33.8151,  
-0.2906)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F69DC1
RGB	246, 157, 193
RGB Percent	96%, 62%, 76%
CMY	0.0353, 0.3843, 0.2431
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.22, 0.04
HSL	336°, 83%, 79%
HSV	336°, 36%, 96%
XYZ	59.6886, 47.5570, 56.4856
YIQ	187.7150, 41.4880, 30.0640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

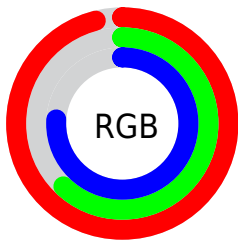
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	246, 157, 193
Decimal	16162241
CIE Lab	74.55, 37.89, -4.59
CIE LCh	75, 38.170, 353.094
Yxy	47.5593, 0.3646, 0.2905
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294352321 (0xFFFF69DC1)
YUV	187.7150, 2.6055, 51.1159
Hunter-Lab	68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906

# Details

The HunterLab color  $68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FF99CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $88.1669, -35.8642, 12.6950$ , and the grayscale version is  $70.7730, -3.7763, 3.8452$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $86.9989, 16.2687, -7.1849$ , and  $47.4188, 31.5391, -1.2509$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $62.7967, 44.6920, -0.4646$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $75.7791, 22.8421, 0.5807$ .

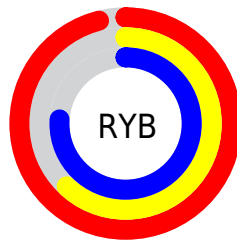
# Distribution



Red (96%)

Green (62%)

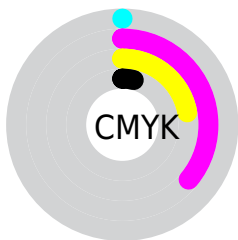
Blue (76%)



Red (96%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (76%)

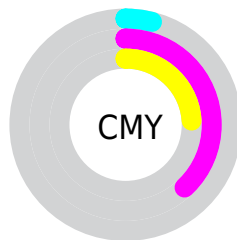


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (4%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



68.9616, 33.8151,  
-0.2906

68.9616, 33.8151,  
-0.2906

194.1758, 40.1332,  
4.9429

57.8602, 32.6882,  
-0.6775

93.0311, 35.7608,  
0.6202

47.4266, 31.4525,  
-1.0166

105.9358, 36.6013,  
1.1352

37.7088, 30.0960,  
-1.3014

119.3875, 37.3615,  
1.6872

28.7637, 28.6117,  
-1.5252

133.3648, 38.0470,  
2.2743

20.6651, 27.0035,  
-1.6789

147.8486, 38.6628,  
2.8949

13.5128, 25.3158,  
-1.7495

162.8218, 39.2133,

7.0942, 26.2715,

3.5473

-2.2955

178.2689, 39.7023,  
4.2304

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.9616, 33.8151,  
-0.2906

■ 68.9616, 33.8151,  
-0.2906

■ 62.7967, 44.6920,  
-0.4646

■ 75.7791, 22.8421,  
0.5807

■ 57.3992, 55.1102,  
0.2013

■ 83.1415, 11.9861,  
2.0081

■ 52.8985, 64.4853,  
1.8318

■ 90.9659, 1.3372,  
3.8789

■ 49.4094, 72.0613,  
4.4670

■ 99.0535, -8.8630,  
5.9537

■ 46.9971, 77.0984,

■ 99.1630, -8.2598,

7.9923

4.3927

■ 45.6279, 79.2289,  
12.1016

■ 45.2806, 79.5550,  
13.6739

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.9632, 25.9693, -18.8761



68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906



68.9632, 30.8202, 15.3738

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.9632, 33.8121, -0.2891



68.9632, -16.6387, 27.5433



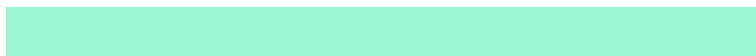
68.9632, -23.1108, -27.7965

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906



88.1669, -35.8642, 12.6950

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.9632, -32.5054, -10.3230



68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906



68.9632, -29.0427, 20.6255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.9632, 33.8121, -0.2891



68.9632, 0.4929, 28.9405



68.9632, -34.5613, 7.5660



68.9632, -7.7626, -37.1708



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906



68.9632, 23.2173, 22.5451



68.9632, -34.5613, 7.5660



68.9632, -27.0036, -22.4910

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.9632, 33.8121, -0.2891



90.7531, 6.7368, 3.0453



66.5684, 30.8898, -36.0963



41.4756, 3.8148, 1.2875

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.9632, 33.8121, -0.2891



67.3220, 43.0767, -0.5139



69.8067, 24.7252, 16.3524



40.7353, 2.2289, 1.4836



33.1208, 58.2662, 9.4193



9.9194, 17.6405, 1.3462



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.9632, 33.8121, -0.2891



67.3220, 43.0767, -0.5139



86.7828, -25.8143, -6.5445



40.7353, 2.2289, 1.4836



33.1208, 58.2662, 9.4193



9.9194, 17.6405, 1.3462



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

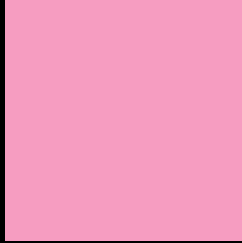
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

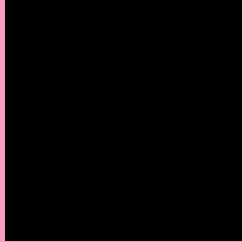
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906.

-0.2906.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906

### Protanopia

69.1105, 0.6014, -9.1539

### Deuteranopia

69.0341, 5.0067, 1.2775



## Tritanopia

69.0941, 27.8805, 9.1382

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906



## Protanomaly

68.5830, 11.7404, -6.3781



## Deuteranomaly

68.6047, 15.2070, 0.4392



## Tritanomaly

69.1732, 29.8150, 6.1356

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906



## Achromatopsia

70.9145, -3.7838, 3.8529



## Achromatomaly

69.7978, 9.0758, 1.7866

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 157, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 157, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 157, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 157, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 157, 193) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 157, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 157, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 157, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 157, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 157,  
193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.9616, 33.8151, -0.2906 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 157, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
157, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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