

Converting Colors

HunterLab(68.9926, -6.7206,
5.6688)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(68.9926, -6.7206, 5.6688)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| HunterLab(68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(68.9466, -6.5453,
5.6953)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | B3B9B3 |
| RGB | 179, 185, 179 |
| RGB Percent | 70%, 73%, 70% |
| CMY | 0.2980, 0.2745, 0.2980 |
| CMYK | 0.03, 0.00, 0.03, 0.27 |
| HSL | 120°, 4%, 71% |
| HSV | 120°, 3%, 73% |
| XYZ | 44.0761, 47.5363, 49.5003 |
| YIQ | 182.5220, -1.6500, -3.1380 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

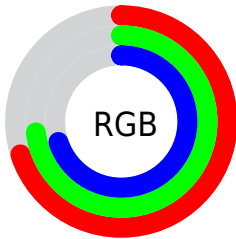
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 179, 185, 185 |
| Decimal | 11778483 |
| CIELab | 74.53, -3.21, 2.31 |
| CIELCh | 75, 3.953, 144.325 |
| Yxy | 47.5384, 0.3123, 0.3369 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289968563 (0xFFB3B9B3) |
| YUV | 182.5220, -1.7363, -3.0888 |
| Hunter-Lab | 68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953 |

Details

The HunterLab color $68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $67.8664, -0.7075, 1.7060$, and the grayscale version is $68.6222, -3.6615, 3.7284$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $93.0435, -7.9843, 7.1087$, and $47.3756, -5.2111, 4.3987$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $66.9184, -14.8472, 11.3041$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71.1984, 2.3687, -0.3258$.

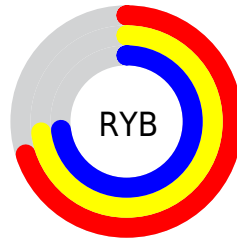
Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (73%)

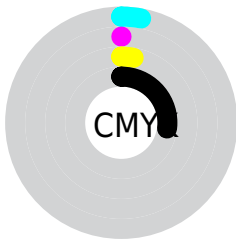
Blue (70%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (73%)

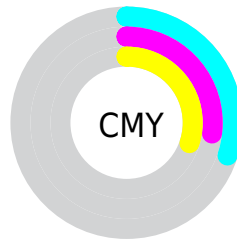


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68.9466, -6.5453,
5.6953

■ 68.9466, -6.5453,
5.6953

194.1544,
-14.4314, 13.3329

■ 57.8459, -5.7883,
4.9782

■ 93.0144, -8.1376,
7.2161

■ 47.4133, -5.0547,
4.2889

105.9183, -8.9690,
8.0160

■ 37.6964, -4.3460,
3.6293

119.3693, -9.8237,
8.8417

■ 28.7524, -3.6617,
3.0000

133.3459,
-10.7013, 9.6924

■ 20.6549, -3.0003,
2.4009

147.8291,
-11.6013, 10.5675

■ 13.5040, -2.3578,
1.8310

162.8017,

■ 7.0839, -2.3538,

-12.5233, 11.4663

1.7347

178.2481,
-13.4668, 12.3883

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.9466, -6.5453,
5.6953

■ 68.9466, -6.5453,
5.6953

■ 66.9184, -14.8472,
11.3041

■ 71.1984, 2.3687,
-0.3258

■ 65.1181, -22.4345,
16.4312

■ 73.6593, 11.8043,
-6.6976

■ 63.5534, -29.2150,
21.0138

■ 76.3195, 21.6707,
-13.3589

■ 62.2278, -35.1053,
24.9955

■ 79.1675, 31.8878,
-20.2552

■ 61.1408, -40.0414,

■ 79.4857, 33.0092,

28.3327

-21.0132

■ 60.2877, -43.9863,
31.0001

■ 59.6584, -46.9379,
32.9960

■ 59.2368, -48.9355,
34.3470

■ 58.9995, -50.0676,
35.1127

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.9481, -5.1409, 6.7642



68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953



68.9481, -7.1848, 4.0866

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.9481, -6.5469, 5.6964



68.9481, -4.0338, 0.3021



68.9481, -0.4130, 5.1316

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953



67.8664, -0.7075, 1.7060

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.9481, -0.1091, 3.4178



68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953



68.9481, -2.2121, 0.5997

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.9481, -6.5469, 5.6964



68.9481, -5.7437, 0.9489



68.9481, -0.7708, 1.7514



68.9481, -1.5970, 6.4442

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953



68.9481, -7.0935, 2.9110



68.9481, -0.7708, 1.7514



68.9481, -0.2040, 4.5845

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.9481, -6.5469, 5.6964



92.9153, -6.1691, 5.8720



69.4761, -4.6953, 6.3330



43.1483, -2.8354, 2.7068



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.9481, -6.5469, 5.6964



92.0352, -9.7055, 8.2609



69.0371, -6.0560, 4.4253



32.1677, -3.6393, 3.0554



48.6068, -41.6802, 29.2214



9.1262, -7.8257, 5.4863

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.8664, -0.7075, 1.7060



90.2232, 0.0769, 1.5760



67.7739, -1.2105, 3.0234



31.4399, 0.2899, 0.3703



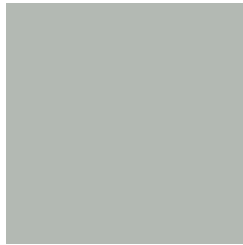
30.6724, 60.3025, -40.4510



5.7590, 11.3222, -7.5952

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

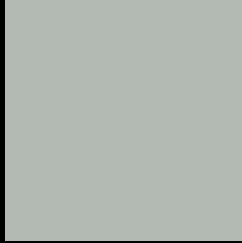
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

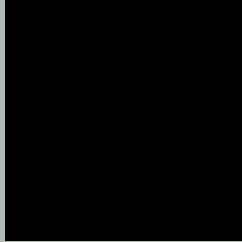
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953

Protanopia

68.8198, -2.4124, 6.0772

Deuteranopia

68.8019, 5.2171, 4.8145



Tritanopia

68.8710, -1.0491, -3.0551

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953

Protanomaly

68.8445, -3.8616, 6.0800

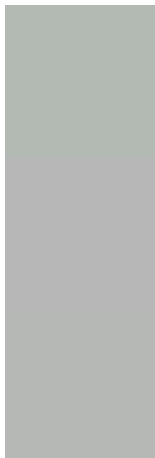
Deuteranomaly

68.8528, 0.8556, 5.2590

Tritanomaly

68.8538, -3.0981, 0.4245

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953

Achromatopsia

68.8136, -3.6717, 3.7388

Achromatomaly

68.9953, -4.6431, 4.4026

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 185, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 185, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 185, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 185, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 185, 179) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 185, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 185, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 185, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 185, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 185,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.9466, -6.5453, 5.6953 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 185, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
185, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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