

Converting Colors

HunterLab(69.0343, 2.3507,
-21.9902)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(69.0343, 2.3507,
-21.9902) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(69.0761, 2.0903,
-21.6560)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AAB6E6
RGB	170, 182, 230
RGB Percent	67%, 71%, 90%
CMY	0.3333, 0.2863, 0.0980
CMYK	0.26, 0.21, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	228°, 55%, 78%
HSV	228°, 26%, 90%
XYZ	47.5884, 47.7151, 81.5646
YIQ	183.8840, -22.5600, 12.3840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

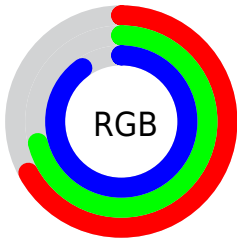
Format	Color
R_{YB}	170, 180, 230
Decimal	11187942
CIE _{Lab}	74.65, 6.32, -25.35
CIE _{LCh}	75, 26.130, 283.995
Yxy	47.7170, 0.2691, 0.2698
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289378022 (0xFFAAB6E6)
YUV	183.8840, 22.7352, -12.1763
Hunter-Lab	69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560

Details

The HunterLab color $69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $83.5873, -7.5545, 24.3974$, and the grayscale version is $69.1000, -3.6870, 3.7543$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $91.9445, -5.6138, -4.4500$, and $47.4746, 2.7442, -20.7088$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61.9079, 5.6122, -33.4522$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $76.5158, -0.8743, -10.8765$.

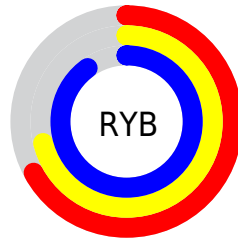
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (71%)

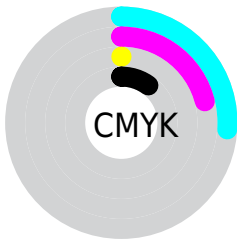
Blue (90%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (90%)

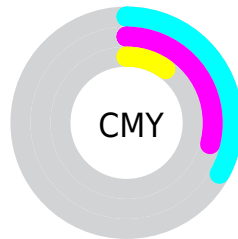


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69.0761, 2.0903,
-21.6560

■ 69.0761, 2.0903,
-21.6560

194.3371, -2.2869,
-22.6219

■ 57.9679, 2.3656,
-21.2756

■ 93.1573, 1.3905,
-22.2356

■ 47.5275, 2.5865,
-20.8380

106.0676, 0.9751,
-22.4409

■ 37.8022, 2.7455,
-20.3471

119.5247, 0.5197,
-22.5923

■ 28.8491, 2.8339,
-19.8187

133.5071, 0.0265,
-22.6923

■ 20.7415, 2.8390,
-19.2963

147.9959, -0.5024,
-22.7432

■ 13.5792, 2.7418,
-18.9042

162.9739, -1.0652,

■ 7.1718, 3.4564,

-22.7470

-20.4575

178.4257, -1.6605,
-22.7060

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.0761, 2.0903,
-21.6560

■ 69.0761, 2.0903,
-21.6560

■ 61.9079, 5.6122,
-33.4522

■ 76.5158, -0.8743,
-10.8765

■ 55.0562, 9.8392,
-46.5231

■ 84.1860, -3.3929,
-0.9089

■ 48.5885, 14.9476,
-61.1505

■ 92.0598, -5.5548,
8.4146

■ 42.5956, 21.1309,
-77.5877

■ 99.2438, -9.4947,
16.2624

■ 37.2005, 28.5401,

-95.8948

■ 32.5642, 37.1338,
-115.5889

■ 28.8728, 46.4003,
-135.1281

■ 27.6905, 49.9134,
-142.3593

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.0775, -10.0536, -21.3807



69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560



69.0775, 13.4130, -14.3439

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.0775, 2.0894, -21.6546



69.0775, 14.0526, 17.5620



69.0775, -24.8694, 9.6472

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560



83.5873, -7.5545, 24.3974

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.0775, -19.2747, 17.9933



69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560



69.0775, 2.9137, 21.9902

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.0775, 2.0894, -21.6546



69.0775, 20.6381, 8.9536



69.0775, -9.2845, 22.1329



69.0775, -25.0561, -1.8709

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560



69.0775, 18.7387, -6.7832



69.0775, -9.2845, 22.1329



69.0775, -23.5773, 12.8656

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.0775, 2.0894, -21.6546



92.9302, -3.2938, -3.1548



83.7558, -24.2425, 4.7149



42.3863, -1.3329, -2.2308

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.0775, 2.0894, -21.6546



73.5112, 4.2764, -30.9331



67.1035, 13.3177, -24.5646



37.8835, -1.2020, -1.9442



21.1622, 36.4182, -105.0673



6.7858, 6.7559, -23.0657

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.9651, 19.0356, 5.9403



74.8908, 26.8308, 7.2458



85.8155, -19.1466, 26.2679



37.9670, 1.7020, 2.3136



31.0641, 53.6025, 16.9394



8.5215, 14.8557, 3.4728

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

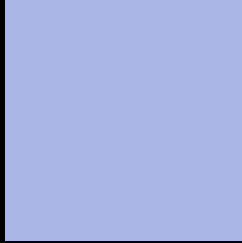
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

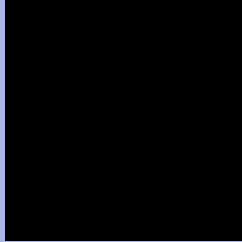
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560.

-21.6560.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560

Protanopia

69.2385, 2.6410, -21.3956

Deuteranopia

69.0672, 5.0867, -21.6173



Tritanopia

69.0633, -7.8089, -5.5500

Trichromacy



Original Color

69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560

Protanomaly

69.1571, 2.3649, -21.5261

Deuteranomaly

69.1083, 3.7174, -21.5777

Tritanomaly

68.9626, -4.3157, -11.1322

Monochromacy



Original Color

69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560

Achromatopsia

69.2330, -3.6941, 3.7616

Achromatomaly

69.0418, -1.7233, -4.9403

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 182, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 182, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 182, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 182, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 182, 230) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 182, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 182, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 182, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 182, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 182,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 69.0761, 2.0903, -21.6560 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 182, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
182, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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