

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(69.2026, -32.9901,  
0.3276)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(69.2026, -32.9901,  
0.3276) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(69.2026,  
-32.9901, 0.3276)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	55CABE
RGB	85, 202, 190
RGB Percent	33%, 79%, 75%
CMY	0.6666, 0.2078, 0.2549
CMYK	0.58, 0.00, 0.06, 0.21
HSL	174°, 52%, 56%
HSV	174°, 58%, 79%
XYZ	34.1611, 47.8900, 56.1584
YIQ	165.6490, -65.8800, -28.5360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

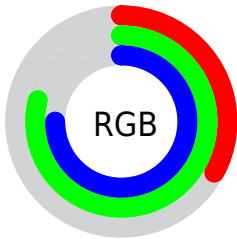
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">85, 147, 202</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">5622462</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.76, -35.69, -3.92</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">75, 35.906, 186.261</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">47.8919, 0.2472, 0.3465</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4283812542</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF55CABE</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">165.6490, 12.0050, -70.7292</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276</a>

# Details

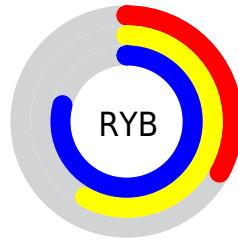
The HunterLab color **69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **44.6296, 40.9455, 13.1909**, and the grayscale version is **61.5802, -3.2858, 3.3458**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.7571, -35.9328, -0.4270**, and **47.6168, -27.2901, -0.6054** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.5474, -35.6971, 0.4967**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.0481, -29.5890, 0.3989**.

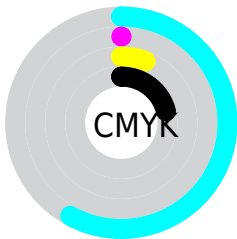
# Distribution



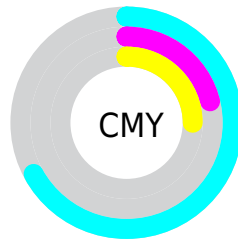
- Red (33%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



69.2026, -32.9901,  
0.3276

69.2026, -32.9901,  
0.3276

194.5156,  
-53.6975, 5.7952

58.0872, -30.4154,  
-0.0916

93.2970, -37.8971,  
1.2969

47.6392, -27.7293,  
-0.4643

106.2135,  
-40.2593, 1.8396

37.9056, -24.8983,  
-0.7846

119.6765,  
-42.5754, 2.4184

28.9436, -21.8717,  
-1.0465

133.6646,  
-44.8534, 3.0312

20.8262, -18.5694,  
-1.2414

148.1589,  
-47.0997, 3.6767

13.6528, -14.9832,  
-1.3570

163.1423,

7.2567, -12.6992,

-49.3198, 4.3533

-1.8417

178.5992,  
-51.5178, 5.0598

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.2026, -32.9901,  
0.3276

■ 69.2026, -32.9901,  
0.3276

■ 68.5474, -35.6971,  
0.4967

■ 70.0481, -29.5890,  
0.3989

■ 68.0666, -37.7323,  
0.8866

■ 71.0878, -25.4909,  
0.7176

■ 67.7447, -39.1458,  
1.4741

■ 72.3277, -20.7138,  
1.2881

■ 67.5538, -40.0385,  
2.2198

■ 73.7694, -15.2903,  
2.1079

■ 67.5206, -40.1984,

■ 75.4119, -9.2649,

2.3819

3.1699

■ 77.2521, -2.6899,  
4.4631

■ 79.2851, 4.3778,  
5.9733

■ 81.5045, 11.8800,  
7.6847

■ 82.5159, 15.3006,  
7.9336

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.2039, -30.8739, 15.0396



69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276



69.2039, -27.8834, -17.0037

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.2039, -32.9905, 0.3285



69.2039, 16.4825, -25.9031



69.2039, 9.8060, 26.4200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276



44.6296, 40.9455, 13.1909

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.2039, 24.3496, 19.6000



69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276



69.2039, 28.4544, -9.7932

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.2039, -32.9905, 0.3285



69.2039, -0.1352, -34.3078



69.2039, 31.4624, 7.0376



69.2039, -7.1867, 27.8952



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276



69.2039, -20.7531, -26.9984



69.2039, 31.4624, 7.0376



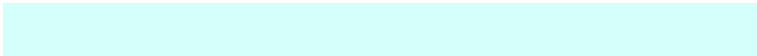
69.2039, 15.1914, 24.7720

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.2039, -32.9905, 0.3285



96.1259, -19.3816, 2.8277



67.4772, -44.3619, 33.2501



44.2840, -9.6671, 1.1937

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.2039, -32.9905, 0.3285



88.9794, -47.3433, 0.7712



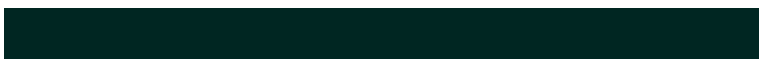
55.1017, -10.6119, -26.3588



35.6461, -4.8351, 1.4217



54.1696, -32.2029, 1.8096



12.3274, -7.1713, 0.0726



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.6296, 40.9455, 13.1909



52.2693, 65.3320, 21.1223



53.9810, 17.8332, 24.1343



33.5143, 1.3128, 2.4167



28.4965, 48.9431, 17.3126

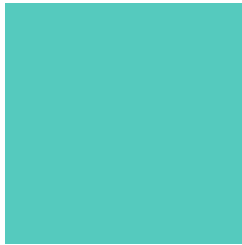


6.5225, 11.3019, 3.1928



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

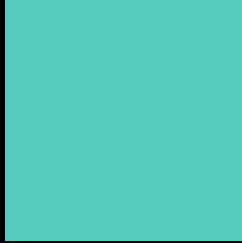
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

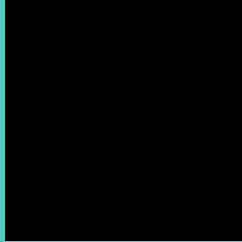
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

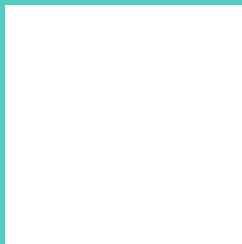
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276.



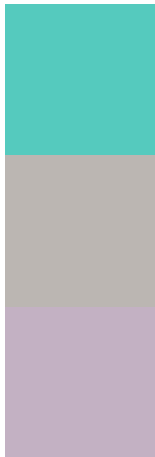
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276.

-32.9901, 0.3276.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276

### Protanopia

68.7278, -2.7310, 5.9663

### Deuteranopia

68.5467, 5.2418, -2.3276



## Tritanopia

69.0093, -25.1970, -12.5761

# Trichromacy



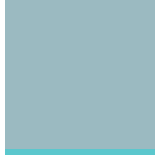
## Original Color

69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276



## Protanomaly

68.0122, -16.0906, 3.0468



## Deuteranomaly

67.7766, -11.4137, -2.5710



## Tritanomaly

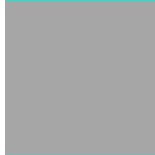
68.9048, -27.9533, -7.7288

# Monochromacy



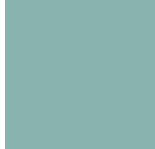
## Original Color

69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276



## Achromatopsia

61.7516, -3.2949, 3.3551



## Achromatomaly

63.7603, -15.9073, 1.2964

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 202, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 202, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 202, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 202, 190) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 202, 190) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 202, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 202, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 202, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 202, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 202,  
190) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 69.2026, -32.9901, 0.3276 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 202, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 202,  
190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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