

Converting Colors

HunterLab(69.2135, -17.3534,
-51.6958)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(69.2135, -17.3534,
-51.6958) contains.

HunterLab(68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(68.6677,
-21.3461, -39.7485)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00C5FF
RGB	0, 197, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 77%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.2274, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.23, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	194°, 100%, 50%
HSV	194°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	38.0163, 47.1525, 101.7054
YIQ	144.7090, -136.0300, -23.7260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

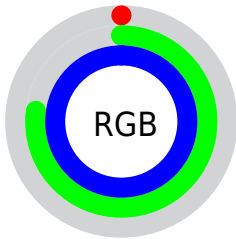
Format	Color
RYB	0, 111, 255
Decimal	50687
CIELab	74.29, -20.77, -39.84
CIELCh	74, 44.927, 242.459
Yxy	47.1541, 0.2034, 0.2523
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278240767 (0xFF00C5FF)
YUV	144.7090, 54.3735, -126.9098
Hunter-Lab	68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485

Details

The HunterLab color **68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **49.2888, 68.5906, 31.5696**, and the grayscale version is **52.9326, -2.8244, 2.8759**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.3776, -38.8061, -7.0542**, and **48.7054, -11.8797, -35.2326** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.6626, -21.3390, -39.7575**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.7484, -23.4566, -36.1009**.

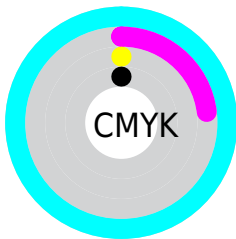
Distribution



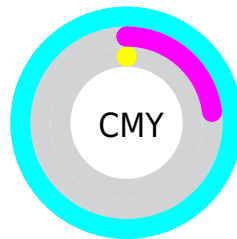
- Red (0%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

68.6677, -21.3461,
-39.7485

68.6677, -21.3461,
-39.7485

193.7599,
-36.0134, -43.9702

57.5825, -19.6335,
-39.0794

92.7057, -24.6829,
-40.9973

47.1668, -17.8772,
-38.4121

105.5960,
-26.3226, -41.5620

37.4681, -16.0599,
-37.7893

119.0339,
-27.9500, -42.0809

28.5438, -14.1561,
-37.3015

132.9979,
-29.5690, -42.5526

20.4682, -12.1242,
-37.1491

147.4689,
-31.1826, -42.9767

13.3421, -9.8900,
-37.8449

162.4297,

6.8901, -12.0576,

-32.7933, -43.3538

-44.2229

177.8647,
-34.4030, -43.6846

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 68.6677, -21.3461,
-39.7485

■ 68.6677, -21.3461,
-39.7485

■ 68.6626, -21.3390,
-39.7575

■ 70.7484, -23.4566,
-36.1009

■ 73.0297, -24.8447,
-32.2428

■ 75.5511, -25.3610,
-28.1349

■ 78.3232, -24.9693,
-23.7921

■ 81.3478, -23.6749,

-19.2428

■ 84.6209, -21.5115,
-14.5209

■ 88.1348, -18.5305,
-9.6607

■ 91.8792, -14.7938,
-4.6942

■ 95.8426, -10.3679,
0.3502

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.6688, -34.5038, -20.2170



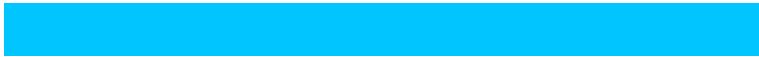
68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485



68.6688, -1.9280, -46.7283

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.6688, -21.3458, -39.7465



68.6688, 41.4712, 5.3642



68.6688, -24.0083, 28.8772

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485



49.2888, 68.5906, 31.5696

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.6688, -5.3902, 32.0903



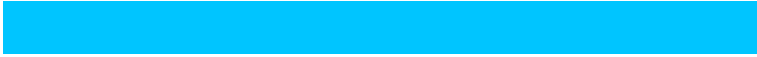
68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485



68.6688, 33.8009, 21.3113

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.6688, -21.3458, -39.7465



68.6688, 35.8950, -16.4830



68.6688, 16.0022, 29.8043



68.6688, -35.9064, 19.2221

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485



68.6688, 12.4359, -42.0347



68.6688, 16.0022, 29.8043



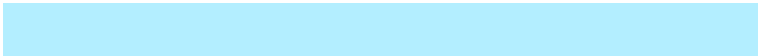
68.6688, -18.4117, 30.5891

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.6688, -21.3458, -39.7465



88.1238, -18.5407, -9.6756



84.7345, -71.4836, 48.4051



40.0715, -9.2032, -5.4312

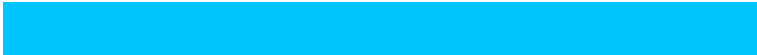
0.0000, NaN, NaN



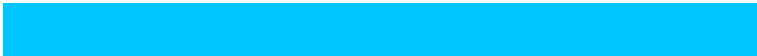
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.6688, -21.3458, -39.7465



68.6626, -21.3390, -39.7575



34.4889, 45.1650, -140.5982



44.4289, -4.6942, 0.2713



49.8703, -15.7574, -28.3180



16.0767, -5.6289, -7.9433

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.2921, 94.1338, -29.6379



50.2897, 94.1370, -29.6300



74.1843, 10.0406, 45.8860



42.6913, 3.0828, -0.3995



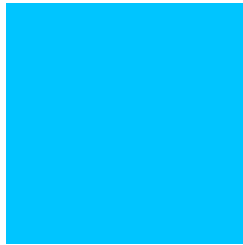
36.3850, 68.1638, -21.8640



11.4257, 21.5258, -7.8028

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

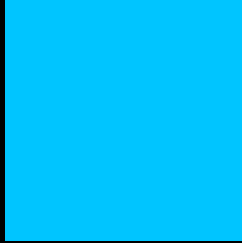
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

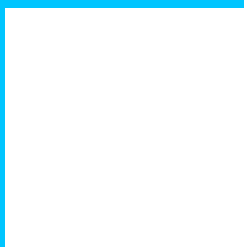
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485.

-21.3461, -39.7485.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485

Protanopia

68.1789, 4.5424, -30.2783

Deuteranopia

68.3612, 4.9128, -39.8439



Tritanopia

68.7392, -32.9255, -14.8413

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485



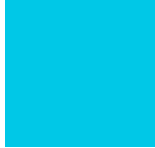
Protanomaly

66.8690, -10.5055, -36.2862



Deuteranomaly

67.0332, -9.0737, -42.5327



Tritanomaly

68.6135, -28.8169, -23.5535

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485



Achromatopsia

53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911



Achromatomaly

56.8586, -16.4787, -13.1142

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 197, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 197, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 197, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 197, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 197, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 197, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 197, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 197, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 197, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 197,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 68.6677, -21.3461, -39.7485 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 197, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 197,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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