

Converting Colors

HunterLab(69.3308, -1.3852,
0.5453)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(69.3308, -1.3852,
0.5453)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAB7BF
RGB	186, 183, 191
RGB Percent	73%, 72%, 75%
CMY	0.2706, 0.2823, 0.2510
CMYK	0.03, 0.04, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	262°, 6%, 73%
HSV	262°, 4%, 75%
XYZ	46.5871, 48.0676, 56.1128
YIQ	184.8090, -0.7800, 3.1240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

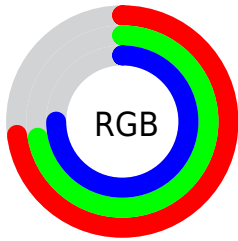
Format	Color
RYB	186, 183, 191
Decimal	12236735
CIELab	74.87, 2.55, -3.68
CIELCh	75, 4.479, 304.774
Yxy	48.0697, 0.3090, 0.3188
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290426815 (0xFFBAB7BF)
YUV	184.8090, 3.0522, 1.0445
Hunter-Lab	69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453

Details

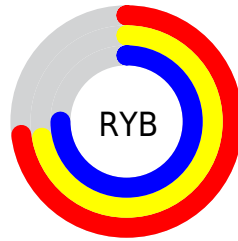
The HunterLab color $69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $71.6751, -6.0938, 6.9986$, and the grayscale version is $69.5616, -3.7116, 3.7794$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $93.4482, -2.5604, 1.7070$, and $47.7355, -0.3629, -0.4568$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62.6767, 4.6069, -7.9258$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $76.1905, -7.2361, 8.4642$.

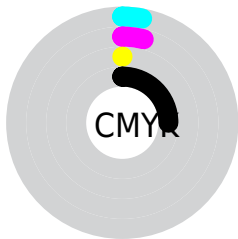
Distribution



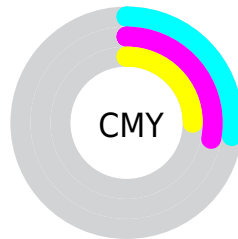
- Red (73%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69.3308, -1.3852,
0.5453

■ 69.3308, -1.3852,
0.5453

194.6967, -7.1416,
6.0970

■ 58.2083, -0.9221,
0.1149

■ 93.4388, -2.4351,
1.5361

■ 47.7525, -0.5012,
-0.2697

106.3615, -3.0137,
2.0887

■ 38.0107, -0.1283,
-0.6029

119.8305, -3.6260,
2.6770

■ 29.0396, 0.1909,
-0.8786

133.8244, -4.2703,
3.2991

■ 20.9123, 0.4489,
-1.0884

148.3243, -4.9453,
3.9534

■ 13.7276, 0.6340,
-1.2203

163.3131, -5.6495,

■ 7.3417, 1.1239,

4.6387

-1.6774

178.7752, -6.3819,
5.3536

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.3308, -1.3852,
0.5453

■ 69.3308, -1.3852,
0.5453

■ 62.6767, 4.6069,
-7.9258

■ 76.1905, -7.2361,
8.4642

■ 56.2549, 10.7815,
-17.0975

■ 83.2272, -12.9732,
15.9428

■ 50.1081, 17.1733,
-27.1460

■ 90.4234, -18.6251,
23.0727

■ 44.2918, 23.8063,
-38.2728

■ 96.2992, -22.0510,
28.6054

■ 38.8812, 30.6625,

■ 97.3770, -18.1359,

-50.6686

29.6739

■ 33.9787, 37.6193,
-64.4124

■ 98.2556, -14.9778,
30.5390

■ 29.7189, 44.3353,
-79.2478

■ 26.2628, 50.1109,
-94.2171

■ 23.7593, 53.9056,
-107.4187

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.3323, -3.3670, -0.1611



69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453



69.3323, -0.0151, 2.1180

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.3323, -1.3868, 0.5465



69.3323, -1.9750, 7.1572



69.3323, -7.6784, 3.4538

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453



71.6751, -6.0938, 6.9986

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.3323, -7.3156, 5.3900



69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453



69.3323, -4.0386, 7.4910

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.3323, -1.3868, 0.5465



69.3323, -0.3575, 5.9276



69.3323, -5.9894, 6.8534



69.3323, -6.9864, 1.5489

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453



69.3323, 0.3610, 3.4234



69.3323, -5.9894, 6.8534



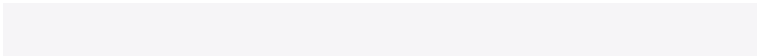
69.3323, -7.6757, 4.1227

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.3323, -1.3868, 0.5465



95.6684, -4.3569, 4.1636



70.5871, -4.8474, 2.0084



44.8524, -2.0603, 1.9766



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.3323, -1.3868, 0.5465



91.9793, -1.1487, -0.2477



69.6916, -0.1521, 1.0068



31.8152, -0.2537, -0.2885



18.4646, 45.0089, -91.8480



4.1377, 9.4262, -15.4669

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.6967, -0.3220, 2.4660



92.5734, 0.5810, 2.8901



71.3304, -7.3066, 6.5859



32.0438, 0.4105, 0.9208



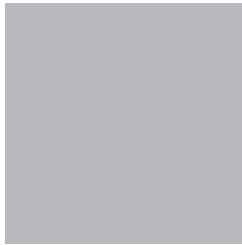
28.5960, 52.1119, -5.8658



5.7672, 10.6996, -2.6541

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

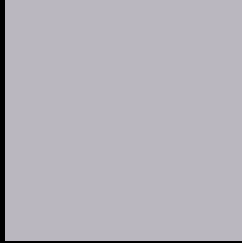
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

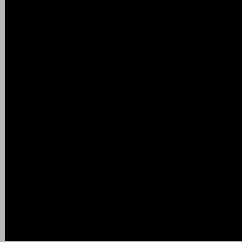
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453.

0.5453.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453

Protanopia

69.2408, -1.6957, 0.4296

Deuteranopia

69.4176, 5.0001, 0.2688



Tritanopia

69.3195, 0.4887, -2.4577

Trichromacy



Original Color

69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453

Protanomaly

69.2408, -1.6957, 0.4296

Deuteranomaly

69.2226, 2.8514, -0.0090

Tritanomaly

69.2538, 0.1324, -1.5255

Monochromacy



Original Color

69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453

Achromatopsia

69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844

Achromatomaly

69.4141, -2.8818, 2.5654

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 183, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 183, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 183, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 183, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 183, 191) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 183, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 183, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 183, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 183, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 183,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 69.3308, -1.3852, 0.5453 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 183, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
183, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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