

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(69.4302, -46.7593,  
31.6682)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(69.4302, -46.7593,  
31.6682) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(69.4302,  
-46.7593, 31.6682)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5AD064
RGB	90, 208, 100
RGB Percent	35%, 82%, 39%
CMY	0.6471, 0.1843, 0.6078
CMYK	0.57, 0.00, 0.52, 0.18
HSL	125°, 56%, 58%
HSV	125°, 57%, 82%
XYZ	29.0726, 48.2055, 19.8289
YIQ	160.4060, -35.6600, -58.6040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

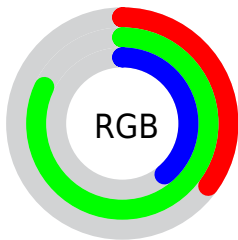
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">90, 199, 208</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">5951588</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.96, -55.16, 43.45</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">75, 70.218, 141.769</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">48.2075, 0.2994, 0.4964</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284141668 (0xFF5AD064)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">160.4060, -29.7802, -61.7461</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682</a>

# Details

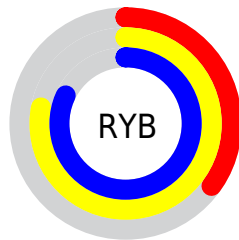
The HunterLab color **69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. The color can be described as middle muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **49.7999, 55.7331, -31.9465**, and the grayscale version is **59.5859, -3.1794, 3.2374**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.5597, -49.2940, 34.3721**, and **47.6894, -38.8859, 25.0926** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.5418, -50.9114, 34.6159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.5785, -41.5198, 28.0912**.

# Distribution



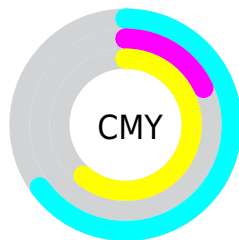
- Red (35%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 69.4302, -46.7593,  
31.6682

■ 69.4302, -46.7593,  
31.6682

194.8369,  
-75.6923, 56.1808

■ 58.3020, -42.9964,  
28.5179

■ 93.5486, -53.8205,  
37.6054

■ 47.8402, -39.0253,  
25.2084

■ 106.4761,  
-57.1701, 40.4324

■ 38.0920, -34.7896,  
21.7024

■ 119.9497,  
-60.4249, 43.1855

■ 29.1140, -30.2054,  
17.9536

■ 133.9481,  
-63.5992, 45.8762

■ 20.9789, -25.1448,  
14.6853

148.4523,  
-66.7045, 48.5140

■ 13.7855, -21.1831,  
9.6499

163.4453,

■ 7.4069, -12.9621,

-69.7501, 51.1066

5.1848

178.9115,  
-72.7438, 53.6604

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.4302, -46.7593,  
31.6682

■ 69.4302, -46.7593,  
31.6682

■ 68.5418, -50.9114,  
34.6159

■ 70.5785, -41.5198,  
28.0912

■ 67.8961, -53.9807,  
36.9215

■ 71.9892, -35.2212,  
23.9153

■ 67.4748, -56.0221,  
38.5979

■ 73.6656, -27.9273,  
19.1885

■ 67.2480, -57.1506,  
39.6825


■ 75.6053, -19.7233,  
13.9697


■ 67.1983, -57.3969,


■ 77.8024, -10.7089,


39.9114

8.3233

 80.2481, -0.9895,  
2.3154

 82.9320, 9.3300,  
-3.9901

 85.6861, 19.6526,  
-10.7551

 85.7867, 20.1752,  
-12.1719

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.4316, -25.6572, 39.6668



69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682



69.4316, -55.9027, 11.8587

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.4316, -46.7603, 31.6686



69.4316, -12.5398, -86.1185



69.4316, 65.3914, 22.6062

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682



49.7999, 55.7331, -31.9465

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.4316, 70.6939, -5.4052



69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682



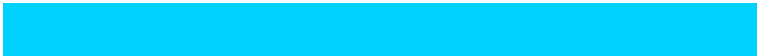
69.4316, 21.3587, -78.6118

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.4316, -46.7603, 31.6686



69.4316, -38.6963, -62.1026



69.4316, 53.3335, -44.7590



69.4316, 39.9621, 36.3906

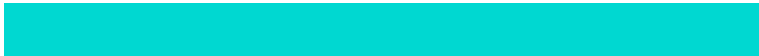


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682



69.4316, -55.4424, -9.6569



69.4316, 53.3335, -44.7590



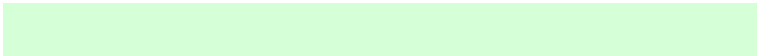
69.4316, 69.7551, 14.9725

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.4316, -46.7603, 31.6686



95.0726, -25.3421, 17.9102



76.0794, -21.1393, 38.9713



43.7444, -12.7314, 8.9230

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.4316, -46.7603, 31.6686



86.1081, -65.0129, 44.2519



70.5584, -39.9497, 15.2785



36.3625, -6.2178, 4.6520



53.0553, -45.2767, 31.4249



12.5684, -10.5622, 7.0912



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.7999, 55.7331, -31.9465



57.9169, 83.5666, -47.4828



47.5310, 45.7913, -0.4597



34.6281, 2.6281, -0.8874



32.6987, 63.1360, -34.2070



7.7656, 15.0466, -8.5305



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682.

-46.7593, 31.6682.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682

### Protanopia

68.6995, -7.9207, 33.4553

### Deuteranopia

68.7704, 4.7970, 29.9865



## Tritanopia

69.2930, -20.9019, -10.9635

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682



## Protanomaly

67.8989, -25.1993, 31.9440



## Deuteranomaly

67.5129, -18.1342, 29.3088



## Tritanomaly

68.8292, -32.0991, 8.6619

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682



## Achromatopsia

59.2902, -3.1636, 3.2213



## Achromatomaly

61.9921, -21.2366, 14.8307

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 208, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 208, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 208, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 208, 100) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 208, 100) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 208, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 208, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 208, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 208, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 208,  
100) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 69.4302, -46.7593, 31.6682 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 208, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 208,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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