

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(69.5149, -4.7520,  
2.4320)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(69.5149, -4.7520, 2.4320)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(69.3610, -4.6105,  
2.4718)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5B9BB
RGB	181, 185, 187
RGB Percent	71%, 73%, 73%
CMY	0.2902, 0.2745, 0.2667
CMYK	0.03, 0.01, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	200°, 4%, 72%
HSV	200°, 3%, 73%
XYZ	45.3746, 48.1095, 53.9082
YIQ	184.0320, -3.0260, -0.2260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

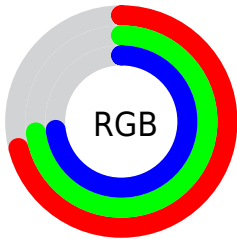
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">181, 183, 187</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11909563</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.90, -1.01, -1.51</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">75, 1.812, 236.151</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">48.1115, 0.3078, 0.3264</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290099643 (0xFFB5B9BB)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">184.0320, 1.4632, -2.6591</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718</a>

# Details

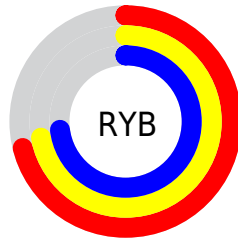
The HunterLab color  $69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $69.1140, -2.7461, 5.0369$ , and the grayscale version is  $69.2426, -3.6946, 3.7621$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $93.4806, -5.9475, 3.7176$ , and  $47.7629, -3.3979, 1.3743$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $65.9189, -7.0232, -1.7905$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $72.9297, -1.8464, 6.6851$ .

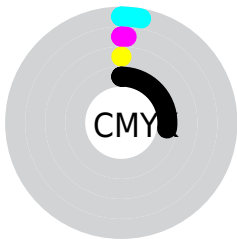
# Distribution



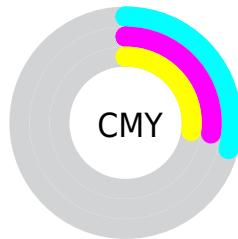
- Red (71%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 69.3610, -4.6105,  
2.4718

■ 69.3610, -4.6105,  
2.4718

194.7393,  
-11.6829, 8.7712

■ 58.2368, -3.9662,  
1.9396

■ 93.4722, -5.9951,  
3.6516

■ 47.7792, -3.3527,  
1.4472

106.3964, -6.7298,  
4.2927

■ 38.0354, -2.7732,  
0.9991

119.8667, -7.4919,  
4.9660

■ 29.0622, -2.2298,  
0.5998

133.8620, -8.2804,  
5.6701

■ 20.9325, -1.7247,  
0.2554

148.3632, -9.0945,  
6.4038

■ 13.7452, -1.2605,  
-0.0255

163.3532, -9.9334,

■ 7.3616, -0.9907,

7.1658

-0.4468

178.8166,  
-10.7964, 7.9553

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.3610, -4.6105,  
2.4718

■ 69.3610, -4.6105,  
2.4718

■ 65.9189, -7.0232,  
-1.7905

■ 72.9297, -1.8464,  
6.6851

■ 62.6088, -9.0365,  
-6.1012

■ 76.6117, 1.2346,  
10.8448

■ 59.4423, -10.6049,  
-10.4516

■ 80.4002, 4.5965,  
14.9526

■ 56.4301, -11.6788,  
-14.8296

■ 84.1973, 7.9075,  
18.9139

■ 53.5830, -12.2082,

■ 86.0368, 4.6174,

-19.2179

20.6976

■ 50.9109, -12.1467,  
-23.5937

■ 87.9066, 1.3467,  
22.4816

■ 48.4224, -11.4572,  
-27.9290

■ 89.8054, -1.9039,  
24.2652

■ 46.1223, -10.1204,  
-32.1935

■ 91.7322, -5.1336,  
26.0479

■ 44.0098, -8.1475,  
-36.3617

■ 93.6859, -8.3423,  
27.8293

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.3625, -5.1646, 3.0874



69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718



69.3625, -3.8143, 2.2076

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.3625, -4.6120, 2.4729



69.3625, -2.0677, 3.6712



69.3625, -4.4230, 5.1557

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718



69.1140, -2.7461, 5.0369

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.3625, -3.5951, 5.3078



69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718



69.3625, -2.2327, 4.4568

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.3625, -4.6120, 2.4729



69.3625, -2.3432, 2.9047



69.3625, -2.7927, 5.0535



69.3625, -5.0558, 4.6354



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718



69.3625, -3.2499, 2.2667



69.3625, -2.7927, 5.0535



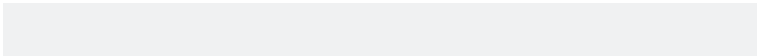
69.3625, -4.1584, 5.2513

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.3625, -4.6120, 2.4729



93.8587, -5.3995, 4.5512



69.8426, -6.2858, 4.9414



44.0568, -2.5252, 2.1495



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.3625, -4.6120, 2.4729



92.4246, -6.4678, 2.8235



68.4903, -3.1655, 1.4491



32.8022, -2.3774, 0.8809



35.5993, -5.7358, -32.1140



7.8226, -2.2887, -4.8369



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.6413, -1.0844, 2.6294



91.2053, -0.4911, 3.0934



69.9839, -4.1945, 6.0136



32.3035, 0.0709, 0.9928



28.8254, 52.9369, -9.0667



5.8063, 10.8390, -3.1901



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

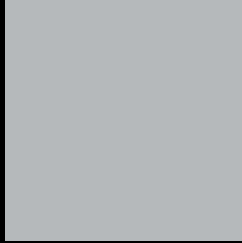
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

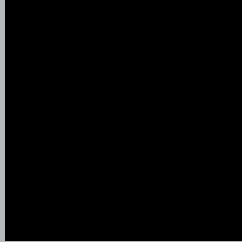
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

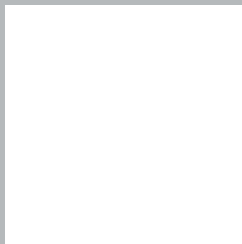
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718.



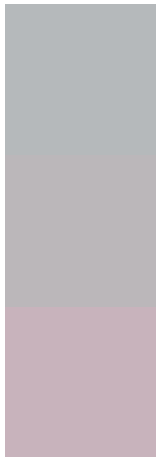
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.3610, -4.6105,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718

### Protanopia

69.2654, -1.9232, 2.8832

### Deuteranopia

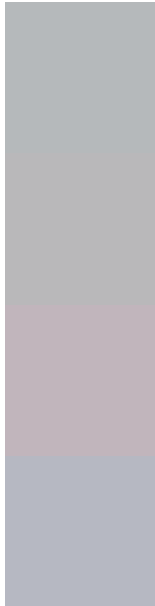
69.3905, 4.6569, 2.1880



## Tritanopia

69.2903, -1.0693, -3.0377

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718

## Protanomaly

69.3833, -3.0499, 3.0037

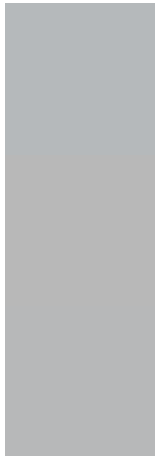
## Deuteranomaly

69.2936, 1.3363, 2.0133

## Tritanomaly

69.3694, -2.5939, -0.9233

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718

## Achromatopsia

69.2330, -3.6941, 3.7616

## Achromatomaly

69.1744, -3.8368, 3.2174

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 185, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 185, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 185, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 185, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 185, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 185, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 185, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 185, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 185, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 185,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 69.3610, -4.6105, 2.4718 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 185, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
185, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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