

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(69.5267, -31.6461,  
13.5342)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(69.5267, -31.6461,  
13.5342) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(69.5267,  
-31.6461, 13.5342)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	78C9A1
RGB	120, 201, 161
RGB Percent	47%, 79%, 63%
CMY	0.5294, 0.2117, 0.3686
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.20, 0.21
HSL	150°, 43%, 63%
HSV	150°, 40%, 79%
XYZ	35.0655, 48.3396, 41.2006
YIQ	172.2210, -35.4360, -29.6120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

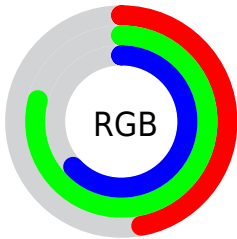
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	120, 174, 201
Decimal	7915937
CIELab	75.04, -33.80, 12.31
CIElCh	75, 35.973, 159.997
Yxy	48.3416, 0.2814, 0.3879
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286106017 (0xFF78C9A1)
YUV	172.2210, -5.5320, -45.7978
Hunter-Lab	69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342

# Details

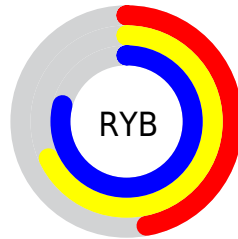
The HunterLab color **69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **53.2820, 31.2150, -3.6313**, and the grayscale version is **64.3551, -3.4338, 3.4965**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.5159, -34.8829, 14.7630**, and **47.7704, -26.4804, 11.0155** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.3488, -36.7593, 16.0471**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.9204, -25.7904, 11.0695**.

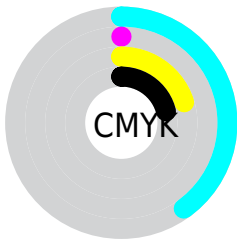
# Distribution



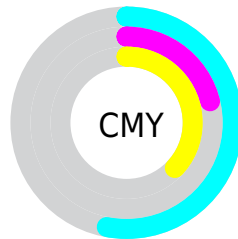
- Red (47%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 69.5267, -31.6461,  
13.5342

■ 69.5267, -31.6461,  
13.5342

194.9730,  
-51.5661, 24.9199

■ 58.3930, -29.1865,  
12.2868

■ 93.6551, -36.3468,  
16.0229

■ 47.9255, -26.6247,  
11.0282

■ 106.5874,  
-38.6144, 17.2702

■ 38.1710, -23.9302,  
9.7502

■ 120.0655,  
-40.8405, 18.5230

■ 29.1862, -21.0564,  
8.4390

134.0682,  
-43.0327, 19.7832

■ 21.0437, -17.9292,  
7.0719

148.5766,  
-45.1969, 21.0520

■ 13.8418, -14.4567,  
5.6089

163.5736,

■ 7.4696, -13.0718,

-47.3380, 22.3306

5.2287

179.0437,  
-49.4599, 23.6197

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.5267, -31.6461,  
13.5342

■ 69.5267, -31.6461,  
13.5342

■ 68.3488, -36.7593,  
16.0471

■ 70.9204, -25.7904,  
11.0695

■ 67.3791, -41.0926,  
18.5741

■ 72.5258, -19.2404,  
8.6791

■ 66.6117, -44.6341,  
21.0814

■ 74.3416, -12.0596,  
6.3879

■ 66.0348, -47.3976,  
23.5334


■ 76.3632, -4.3170,  
4.2153


■ 65.6312, -49.4294,


■ 78.5839, 3.9163,


25.8937


2.1758

 65.3676, -50.8417,  
28.0488

 80.9959, 12.5703,  
0.2794

 82.9311, 19.4831,  
-2.3356

 83.2772, 21.2760,  
-7.2344

 83.6412, 23.1538,  
-12.3646

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.5281, -23.3605, 23.5182



69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342



69.5281, -32.8645, -1.7886

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.5281, -31.6471, 13.5350



69.5281, 2.0082, -33.9826



69.5281, 22.9249, 20.8416

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342



53.2820, 31.2150, -3.6313

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.5281, 31.2060, 8.9316



69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342



69.5281, 18.3906, -24.2504

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.5281, -31.6471, 13.5350



69.5281, -14.4663, -31.9073



69.5281, 29.4718, -7.6209



69.5281, 7.7351, 26.9865



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342



69.5281, -29.6376, -13.4795



69.5281, 29.4718, -7.6209



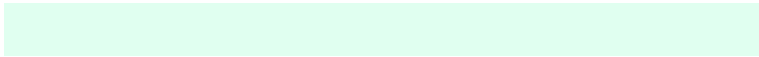
69.5281, 26.6716, 17.5131

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.5281, -31.6471, 13.5350



96.8070, -17.5945, 8.9075



71.1736, -27.0549, 28.5801



44.6376, -8.7277, 4.3026

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.5281, -31.6471, 13.5350



89.6627, -47.0781, 20.4597



70.7005, -24.8151, -3.2112



34.6063, -5.2789, 2.8709



51.8497, -40.2029, 21.9790



11.3471, -8.3489, 3.8400



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.2820, 31.2150, -3.6313



64.6359, 50.3852, -5.5936



52.1609, 25.7387, 12.3932



32.7457, 1.8316, 0.8581



28.9753, 51.6504, 2.9921



6.4200, 11.6560, -0.9797



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

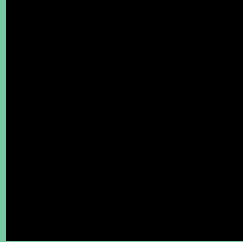
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342.

-31.6461, 13.5342.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342

### Protanopia

68.9951, -4.7106, 16.9048

### Deuteranopia

68.9981, 5.0282, 11.6039



## Tritanopia

69.3846, -17.3855, -9.6519

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342



## Protanomaly

68.8542, -16.1072, 15.4428



## Deuteranomaly

68.5771, -10.2604, 11.7118



## Tritanomaly

69.5180, -23.1017, -0.0999

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342



## Achromatopsia

64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897



## Achromatomaly

65.9291, -14.8258, 7.0504

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 201, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 201, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 201, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 201, 161) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 201, 161) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 201, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 201, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 201, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 201, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 201,  
161) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 69.5267, -31.6461, 13.5342 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 201, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
201, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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