

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(69.5589, -4.4567,  
3.1664)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(69.5589, -4.4567, 3.1664)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**HunterLab(69.5057, -4.1675,  
3.1294)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B7B9BA
RGB	183, 185, 186
RGB Percent	72%, 73%, 73%
CMY	0.2823, 0.2745, 0.2706
CMYK	0.02, 0.01, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	200°, 2%, 72%
HSV	200°, 2%, 73%
XYZ	45.7404, 48.3104, 53.3685
YIQ	184.5160, -1.5130, -0.1130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

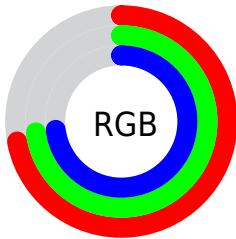
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">183, 184, 186</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12040634</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">75.02, -0.51, -0.76</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">75, 0.912, 236.204</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">48.3125, 0.3103, 0.3277</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290230714</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFB7B9BA</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">184.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294</a>

# Details

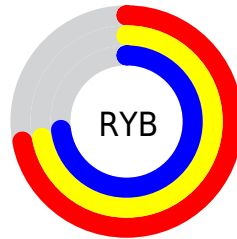
The HunterLab color  $69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $69.3819, -3.2341, 4.4121$ , and the grayscale version is  $69.4483, -3.7056, 3.7733$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $93.6334, -5.4792, 4.4077$ , and  $47.8976, -2.9856, 1.9938$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $66.0681, -6.6287, -1.0943$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $73.0677, -1.3636, 7.3045$ .

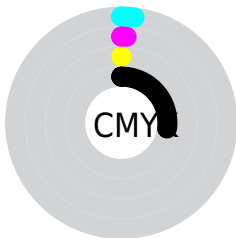
# Distribution



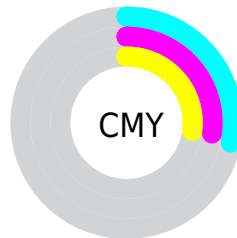
- Red (72%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 69.5057, -4.1675,  
3.1294

■ 69.5057, -4.1675,  
3.1294

194.9434,  
-11.0565, 9.6927

■ 58.3733, -3.5485,  
2.5610

■ 93.6320, -5.5054,  
4.3761

■ 47.9070, -2.9620,  
2.0302

106.5632, -6.2184,  
5.0485

■ 38.1539, -2.4115,  
1.5409

120.0404, -6.9596,  
5.7519

■ 29.1705, -1.8996,  
1.0971

134.0422, -7.7280,  
6.4849

■ 21.0296, -1.4293,  
0.7038

148.5496, -8.5227,  
7.2465

■ 13.8296, -1.0046,  
0.3680

163.5457, -9.3428,

■ 7.4560, -0.6946,

8.0356

-0.0153

179.0150,  
-10.1877, 8.8513

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.5057, -4.1675,  
3.1294

■ 69.5057, -4.1675,  
3.1294

■ 66.0681, -6.6287,  
-1.0943

■ 73.0677, -1.3636,  
7.3045

■ 62.7600, -8.7003,  
-5.3665

■ 76.7408, 1.7495,  
11.4267

■ 59.5930, -10.3374,  
-9.6790

■ 80.5186, 5.1367,  
15.4978

■ 56.5775, -11.4912,  
-14.0207

■ 84.1216, 7.8634,  
19.2308

■ 53.7243, -12.1120,

■ 85.9480, 4.5973,

-18.3752

20.9948

■ 51.0434, -12.1528,  
-22.7206

■ 87.8043, 1.3503,  
22.7593

■ 48.5435, -11.5750,  
-27.0298

■ 89.6892, -1.8768,  
24.5236

■ 46.2302, -10.3558,  
-31.2729

■ 91.6018, -5.0835,  
26.2871

■ 44.1039, -8.5005,  
-35.4232

■ 93.5410, -8.2693,  
28.0496

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.5072, -4.4484, 3.4373



69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294



69.5072, -3.7669, 2.9987

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.5072, -4.1691, 3.1305



69.5072, -2.8904, 3.7317



69.5072, -4.0750, 4.4814

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294



69.3819, -3.2341, 4.4121

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.5072, -3.6580, 4.5592



69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294



69.5072, -2.9734, 4.1279

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.5072, -4.1691, 3.1305



69.5072, -3.0280, 3.3471



69.5072, -3.2546, 4.4301



69.5072, -4.3942, 4.2170



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294



69.5072, -3.4829, 3.0284



69.5072, -3.2546, 4.4301



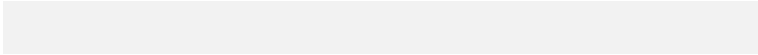
69.5072, -3.9417, 4.5302

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.5072, -4.1691, 3.1305



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



69.7456, -5.0062, 4.3626



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.5072, -4.1691, 3.1305



93.3798, -5.7618, 3.9770



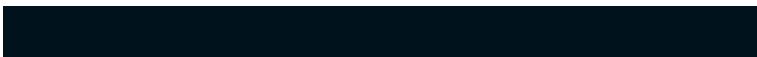
69.0707, -3.4445, 2.6238



32.3353, -1.9730, 1.4087



35.0106, -5.7011, -31.4532



7.3532, -2.2233, -4.3915

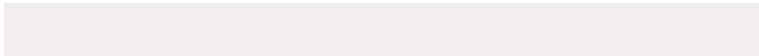


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.1446, -2.4037, 3.2051



92.7653, -2.7668, 4.1045



69.8179, -3.9591, 4.9071



32.1402, -1.0219, 1.4491



28.3191, 52.0165, -8.9806

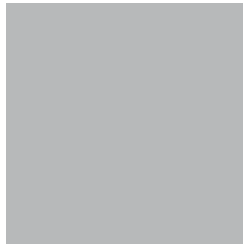


5.4192, 10.1311, -3.0917



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

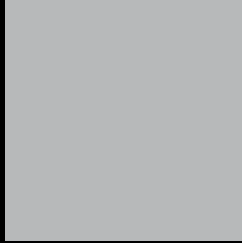
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

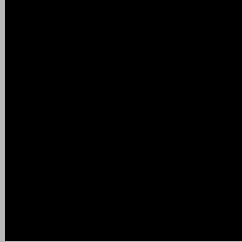
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

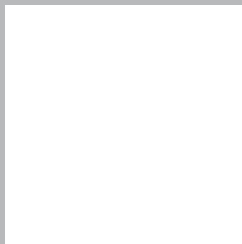
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## HunterLab 69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294.



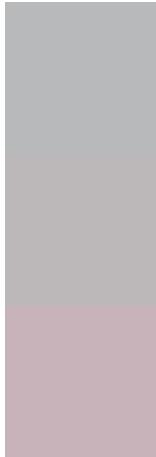
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294

### Protanopia

69.6241, -2.2770, 3.7759

### Deuteranopia

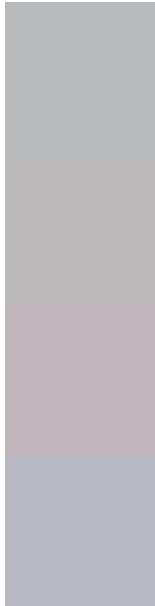
69.4590, 4.8251, 2.7540



## Tritanopia

69.4683, -0.4577, -2.8002

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294

## Protanomaly

69.4427, -2.9051, 3.5510

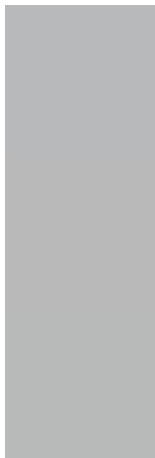
## Deuteranomaly

69.3577, 1.4926, 2.5747

## Tritanomaly

69.5459, -1.9834, -0.6931

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294

## Achromatopsia

69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844

## Achromatomaly

69.5637, -4.0264, 3.6741

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 185, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 185, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 185, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 185, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 185, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 185, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 185, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 185, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 185, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 185,  
186) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 69.5057, -4.1675, 3.1294 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 185, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
185, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor