

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(69.6059, 39.6828,  
-1.8374)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(69.6059, 39.6828,  
-1.8374) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(69.6049, 39.7242,  
-1.9231)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FF9AC6
RGB	255, 154, 198
RGB Percent	100%, 60%, 78%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3961, 0.2235
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.22, 0.00
HSL	334°, 100%, 80%
HSV	334°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	62.9886, 48.4484, 59.4577
YIQ	189.2150, 46.0720, 35.0960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

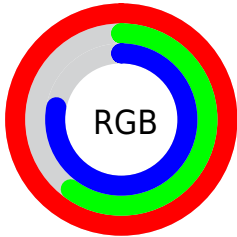
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 154, 198
Decimal	16751302
CIE Lab	75.11, 43.22, -6.39
CIE LCh	75, 43.689, 351.589
Yxy	48.4506, 0.3686, 0.2835
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294941382 (0xFFFF9AC6)
YUV	189.2150, 4.3310, 57.6934
Hunter-Lab	69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231

# Details

The HunterLab color **69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **91.1560, -40.3749, 15.3763**, and the grayscale version is **71.3966, -3.8095, 3.8791**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.3558, 19.0696, -11.4098**, and **48.0174, 36.6090, -2.3508** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.4627, 51.0523, -2.1662**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.4702, 28.1621, -0.8816**.

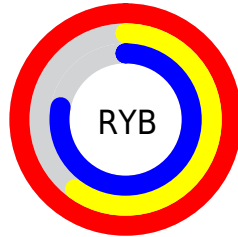
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (60%)

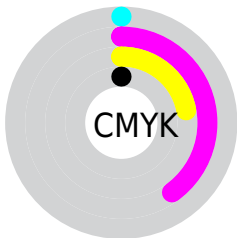
Blue (78%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (78%)

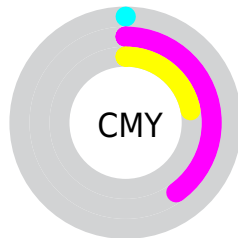


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



69.6049, 39.7242,  
-1.9231

69.6049, 39.7242,  
-1.9231

195.0835, 47.6525,  
2.7271

58.4670, 38.4007,  
-2.2322

93.7416, 42.0532,  
-1.1582

47.9947, 36.9677,  
-2.4896

106.6777, 43.0802,  
-0.7119

38.2352, 35.4159,  
-2.6883

120.1595, 44.0229,  
-0.2262

29.2449, 33.7445,  
-2.8209

134.1658, 44.8872,  
0.2968

21.0963, 31.9711,  
-2.8778

148.6775, 45.6780,  
0.8552

13.8876, 30.1739,  
-2.8458

163.6778, 46.3999,

7.5201, 30.4645,

1.4473

-3.1398

179.1511, 47.0569,  
2.0718

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.6049, 39.7242,  
-1.9231

■ 69.6049, 39.7242,  
-1.9231

■ 63.4627, 51.0523,  
-2.1662

■ 76.4702, 28.1621,  
-0.8816

■ 58.1675, 61.6864,  
-1.4472

■ 83.9404, 16.6504,  
0.7938

■ 53.8513, 70.9349,  
0.3670

■ 91.9225, 5.3225,  
2.9700

■ 50.6190, 77.9799,  
3.2985

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 48.5066, 82.1423,

7.1834

■ 47.3750, 83.4655,  
11.5964

■ 47.3387, 83.4971,  
11.7662

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.6065, 29.9365, -23.7630



69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231



69.6065, 36.8533, 16.2208

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.6065, 39.7208, -1.9216



69.6065, -17.6344, 30.4132



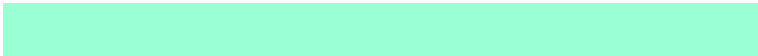
69.6065, -26.5521, -32.4578

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231



91.1560, -40.3749, 15.3763

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.6065, -36.7064, -11.4666



69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231



69.6065, -31.9875, 23.2901

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.6065, 39.7208, -1.9216



69.6065, 2.1419, 31.6102



69.6065, -38.5743, 9.0531



69.6065, -9.3897, -44.4421



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231



69.6065, 28.2820, 24.3645



69.6065, -38.5743, 9.0531



69.6065, -30.8118, -25.9760

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.6065, 39.7208, -1.9216



89.9687, 8.0147, 2.4093



66.3095, 34.8620, -43.1227



41.1356, 4.3900, 0.9778

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.6065, 39.7208, -1.9216



64.3952, 49.2653, -2.1876



69.5765, 30.8410, 17.3583



42.5658, 2.4102, 1.3852



34.2610, 60.5099, 7.8993



10.7906, 19.2461, 1.0284



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.6065, 39.7208, -1.9216



64.3952, 49.2653, -2.1876



90.7915, -30.0153, -6.3623



42.5658, 2.4102, 1.3852



34.2610, 60.5099, 7.8993



10.7906, 19.2461, 1.0284



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

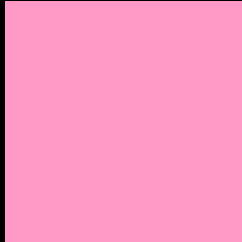
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231.

-1.9231.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231

### Protanopia

69.9103, 0.8660, -12.5797

### Deuteranopia

69.8370, 4.9854, 0.2879



## Tritanopia

69.5931, 31.8340, 10.6162

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231



## Protanomaly

69.1417, 14.0448, -9.4344



## Deuteranomaly

69.4850, 16.9382, -0.9417



## Tritanomaly

69.5218, 34.7142, 6.1645

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231



## Achromatopsia

71.3359, -3.8063, 3.8758



## Achromatomaly

70.0018, 11.3181, 1.0949

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 154, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 154, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 154, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 154, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 154, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 154, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 154, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 154, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 154, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 154,  
198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 69.6049, 39.7242, -1.9231 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 154, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
154, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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