

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(69.7886, 5.9003,  
0.0493)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(69.7886, 5.9003, 0.0493)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(69.6477, 5.8339,  
0.0696)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9B3C1
RGB	201, 179, 193
RGB Percent	79%, 70%, 76%
CMY	0.2118, 0.2980, 0.2431
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.04, 0.21
HSL	322°, 17%, 75%
HSV	322°, 11%, 79%
XYZ	49.8332, 48.5080, 57.1886
YIQ	187.1740, 8.6180, 9.0180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

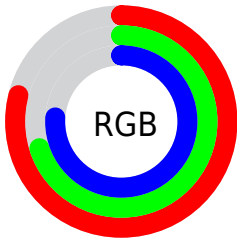
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	201, 179, 193
Decimal	13218753
CIE Lab	75.15, 10.31, -4.22
CIE LCh	75, 11.143, 337.746
Yxy	48.5101, 0.3204, 0.3119
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291408833 (0xFFC9B3C1)
YUV	187.1740, 2.8722, 12.1254
Hunter-Lab	69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696

# Details

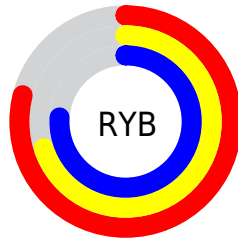
The HunterLab color  $69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $74.1257, -13.0522, 7.8410$ , and the grayscale version is  $70.5538, -3.7646, 3.8333$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $93.5501, 4.2874, 0.9194$ , and  $47.9773, 6.1769, -0.9897$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $63.8069, 15.0635, -3.4248$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $75.8271, -3.2323, 3.7920$ .

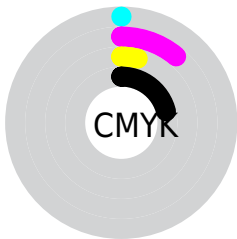
# Distribution



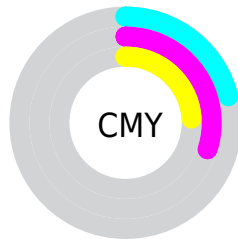
- Red (79%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 69.6477, 5.8339,  
0.0696

■ 69.6477, 5.8339,  
0.0696

195.1437, 2.8700,  
5.4464

■ 58.5073, 5.9168,  
-0.3372

■ 93.7888, 5.4895,  
1.0165

■ 48.0324, 5.9357,  
-0.6970

106.7270, 5.2412,  
1.5485

■ 38.2702, 5.8800,  
-1.0040

120.2108, 4.9467,  
2.1169

■ 29.2769, 5.7383,  
-1.2517

134.2189, 4.6088,  
2.7197

■ 21.1250, 5.4946,  
-1.4315

148.7326, 4.2300,  
3.3555

■ 13.9126, 5.1252,  
-1.5309

163.7346, 3.8128,

■ 7.5475, 5.5510,

4.0227

-1.9068

179.2097, 3.3588,  
4.7200

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.6477, 5.8339,  
0.0696

■ 69.6477, 5.8339,  
0.0696

■ 63.8069, 15.0635,  
-3.4248

■ 75.8271, -3.2323,  
3.7920

■ 58.3576, 24.4024,  
-6.6096

■ 82.2941, -12.1118,  
7.6794

■ 53.3705, 33.7173,  
-9.3637

■ 89.0126, -20.8116,  
11.6926

■ 48.9267, 42.7673,  
-11.5267

■ 94.4588, -27.2309,  
14.2441

■ 45.1154, 51.1663,

■ 94.6709, -26.0206,

-12.9020

11.2015

■ 42.0227, 58.3820,  
-13.2837

■ 94.8916, -24.7642,  
8.0430

■ 39.7131, 63.8173,  
-12.5183

■ 95.1209, -23.4619,  
4.7685

■ 38.2004, 67.0078,  
-10.5896

■ 95.3589, -22.1137,  
1.3783

■ 37.3812, 68.1784,  
-8.1083

■ 95.4765, -21.4487,  
-0.2938

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.6492, 2.5425, -4.2038



69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696



69.6492, 6.5254, 5.0681

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.6492, 5.8320, 0.0708



69.6492, -5.0701, 12.6183



69.6492, -11.4935, -2.3218

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696



74.1257, -13.0522, 7.8410

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.6492, -13.4055, 2.4897



69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696



69.6492, -9.7688, 10.9381

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.6492, 5.8320, 0.0708



69.6492, 0.1288, 12.0752



69.6492, -12.7836, 7.3170



69.6492, -7.4870, -5.6547



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696



69.6492, 5.4037, 8.0987



69.6492, -12.7836, 7.3170



69.6492, -12.3970, -0.8103

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.6492, 5.8320, 0.0708



97.4874, -1.7601, 3.9196



68.5468, 2.6548, -5.5119



44.7942, -0.3704, 1.6279

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.6492, 5.8320, 0.0708



89.3815, 10.3178, -0.9602



69.3180, 4.0586, 4.7897



32.7851, 2.0429, 0.2977



29.6715, 54.1712, -6.8561



6.5607, 12.1610, -2.9361



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.6492, 5.8320, 0.0708



89.3815, 10.3178, -0.9602



74.4457, -11.2640, 3.2698



32.7851, 2.0429, 0.2977



29.6715, 54.1712, -6.8561



6.5607, 12.1610, -2.9361



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

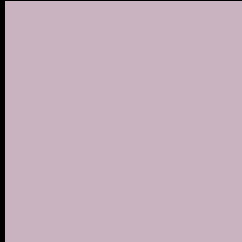
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

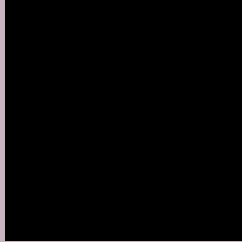
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.6477, 5.8339,

0.0696.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696

### Protanopia

69.6999, -1.3224, -1.4990

### Deuteranopia

69.8370, 4.9854, 0.2879



## Tritanopia

69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696

## Protanomaly

69.6221, 1.3901, -1.0426

## Deuteranomaly

69.8370, 4.9854, 0.2879

## Tritanomaly

69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696

## Achromatopsia

70.4935, -3.7614, 3.8300

## Achromatomaly

70.1153, -0.3401, 2.4878

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 179, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 179, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 179, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 179, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 179, 193) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 179, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 179, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 179, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 179, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 179,  
193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 69.6477, 5.8339, 0.0696 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 179, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
179, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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