

Converting Colors

HunterLab(69.8403, -3.7265,
3.7946)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(69.8403, -3.7265, 3.7946)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(69.6527, -3.7165,
3.7844)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9B9B9
RGB	185, 185, 185
RGB Percent	73%, 73%, 73%
CMY	0.2745, 0.2745, 0.2745
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	120°, 0%, 73%
HSV	120°, 0%, 73%
XYZ	46.1135, 48.5150, 52.8328
YIQ	185.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	185, 185, 185
Decimal	12171705
CIELab	75.15, 0.00, -0.01
CIELCh	75, 0.007, 289.119
Yxy	48.5171, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290361785 (0xFFB9B9B9)
YUV	185.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844

Details

The HunterLab color $69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $69.6536, -3.7150, 3.7833$, and the grayscale version is $69.6540, -3.7166, 3.7844$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $93.7882, -5.0043, 5.0957$, and $48.0354, -2.5630, 2.6099$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $67.5621, -12.1920, 9.5469$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71.9616, 5.3349, -2.3738$.

Distribution



- Red (73%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69.6527, -3.7165,
3.7844

■ 69.6527, -3.7165,
3.7844

195.1507,
-10.4201, 10.6142

■ 58.5120, -3.1231,
3.1793

■ 93.7943, -5.0073,
5.0989

■ 48.0368, -2.5638,
2.6095

106.7327, -5.6982,
5.8029

■ 38.2742, -2.0425,
2.0785

120.2167, -6.4183,
6.5366

■ 29.2806, -1.5623,
1.5894

134.2251, -7.1664,
7.2988

■ 21.1284, -1.1270,
1.1461

148.7390, -7.9415,
8.0886

■ 13.9155, -0.7420,
0.7540

163.7412, -8.7427,

■ 7.5507, -0.4019,

8.9050

0.4072

179.2165, -9.5692,
9.7471

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.6527, -3.7165,
3.7844

■ 69.6527, -3.7165,
3.7844

■ 67.5621, -12.1920,
9.5469

■ 71.9616, 5.3349,
-2.3738

■ 65.6944, -19.9908,
14.8448

■ 74.4740, 14.8745,
-8.8677

■ 64.0582, -27.0199,
19.6147

■ 77.1800, 24.8157,
-15.6379

■ 62.6578, -33.1930,
23.7979

■ 79.4857, 33.0092,
-21.0132

■ 61.4942, -38.4395,

27.3466

■ 60.5643, -42.7131,
30.2297

■ 59.8601, -45.9987,
32.4379

■ 59.3681, -48.3201,
33.9886

■ 59.0678, -49.7460,
34.9304

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.6542, -3.7216, 3.7853



69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844



69.6542, -3.7153, 3.7873

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.6542, -3.7181, 3.7855



69.6542, -3.7160, 3.7962



69.6542, -3.7268, 3.7927

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844



69.6536, -3.7150, 3.7833

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.6542, -3.7253, 3.7956



69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844



69.6542, -3.7191, 3.7977

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.6542, -3.7181, 3.7855



69.6542, -3.7140, 3.7935



69.6542, -3.7225, 3.7974



69.6542, -3.7266, 3.7894

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844



69.6542, -3.7141, 3.7892



69.6542, -3.7225, 3.7974



69.6542, -3.7265, 3.7937

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.6542, -3.7181, 3.7855



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



69.6545, -3.7171, 3.7859



43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.6542, -3.7181, 3.7855



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



69.6542, -3.7179, 3.7848



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734



48.6139, -41.6500, 29.2265



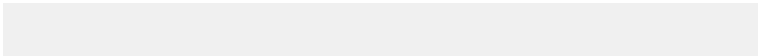
9.1330, -7.7966, 5.4912

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.6536, -3.7150, 3.7833



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



69.6536, -3.7152, 3.7840



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734



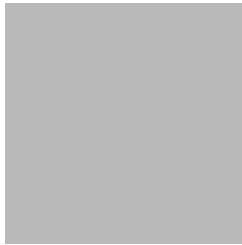
30.5002, 60.0521, -40.9082



5.7354, 11.2881, -7.6575

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

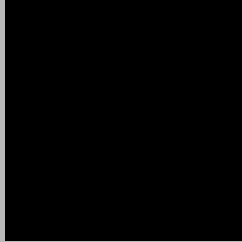
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

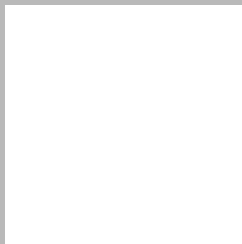
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844.



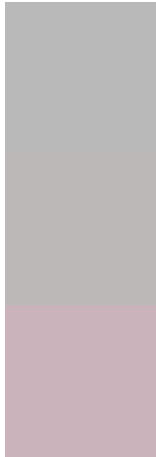
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844.

3.7844.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844

Protanopia

69.5938, -2.4421, 4.2072

Deuteranopia

69.5284, 4.9962, 3.3168



Tritanopia

69.6484, 0.1595, -2.5605

Trichromacy



Original Color

69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844

Protanomaly

69.5029, -2.7571, 4.0951

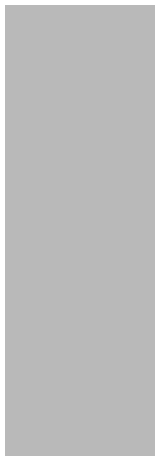
Deuteranomaly

69.5188, 1.9789, 3.2526

Tritanomaly

69.6924, -1.5423, -0.0044

Monochromacy



Original Color

69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844

Achromatopsia

69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844

Achromatomaly

69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 185, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 185, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 185, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 185, 185) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 185, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 185, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 185, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 185, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 185, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 185,  
185) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 185, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
185, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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