

Converting Colors

HunterLab(7.4838, 12.8456,
4.6089)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(7.4838, 12.8456,
4.6089)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2D0001
RGB	45, 0, 1
RGB Percent	18%, 0%, 0%
CMY	0.8235, 1.0000, 0.9961
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.98, 0.82
HSL	359°, 100%, 9%
HSV	359°, 100%, 18%
XYZ	1.0877, 0.5601, 0.0795
YIQ	13.5690, 26.4990, 9.8510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_YB	45, 0, 1
Decimal	2949121
CIE Lab	5.06, 21.90, 7.59
CIE LCh	5, 23.177, 19.106
Yxy	0.5601, 0.6297, 0.3243
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281139201 (0xFF2D0001)
YUV	13.5690, -6.1965, 27.5650
Hunter-Lab	7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089

Details

The HunterLab color **7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **14.3479, -7.7781, -1.1425**, and the grayscale version is **6.5165, -0.3477, 0.3541**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.0373, 14.1534, 5.0216**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.4838, 12.8454, 4.6093**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.1697, 11.0615, 4.1024**.

Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (0%)

Blue (0%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (98%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (82%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.4838, 12.8456,
4.6089

7.4838, 12.8456,
4.6089

93.6798, 17.8233,
12.0061

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

21.0587, 13.8477,
5.0651

0.0000, NaN, NaN

29.2030, 14.7516,
6.0554

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

38.1893, 15.5178,
7.0335

0.0000, NaN, NaN

47.9452, 16.1652,
8.0106

0.0000, NaN, NaN


58.4142, 16.7085,
8.9931


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


69.5505, 17.1599,


9.9849


 81.3164, 17.5289,
10.9887

 7.4838, 12.8456,
4.6089


 7.4838, 12.8456,
4.6089


 7.4838, 12.8454,
4.6093

 8.1697, 11.0615,
4.1024

 8.8021, 9.6122,
3.6965

 9.4391, 8.3154,
3.3073

 10.1794, 6.9576,
2.9092

 11.0133, 5.5800,
2.5199

■ 11.9282, 4.2158,
2.1482

■ 12.9130, 2.8836,
1.7981

■ 13.9582, 1.5919,
1.4707

■ 15.0559, 0.3429,
1.1652

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.4840, 13.4424, -2.0188



7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089



7.4840, 8.4700, 5.2388

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.4840, 12.8446, 4.6090



7.4840, -10.6005, 5.2388



7.4840, -2.9502, -16.9833

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089



14.3479, -7.7781, -1.1425

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.4840, -9.2342, -11.5790



7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089



7.4840, -13.0971, 2.8336

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.4840, 12.8446, 4.6090



7.4840, -4.8166, 5.2388



7.4840, -13.0971, -3.8807



7.4840, 4.0171, -16.0279

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089



7.4840, 4.4131, 5.2388



7.4840, -13.0971, -3.8807



7.4840, -5.2125, -15.7578

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.4840, 12.8446, 4.6090



16.3464, 3.9988, 2.3850



8.4496, 16.7112, -11.9209



9.0597, 2.2861, 1.3437



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.4840, 12.8446, 4.6090



9.6021, 16.4735, 5.9745



10.4606, 4.7365, 6.5284



8.7084, 0.0661, 0.6337



14.1987, 24.3454, 8.9448



37.8638, 64.8704, 24.2535

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.4840, 12.8446, 4.6090



9.6021, 16.4735, 5.9745



9.1802, -0.5041, -10.3857



8.7084, 0.0661, 0.6337



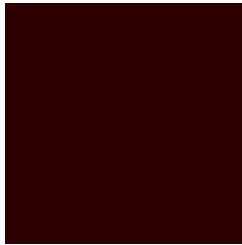
14.1987, 24.3454, 8.9448



37.8638, 64.8704, 24.2535

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

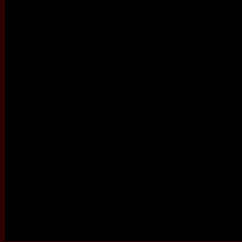
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089.

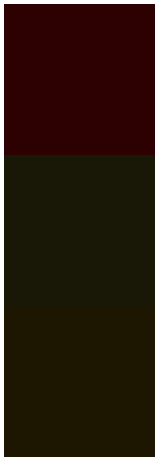


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 7.4838, 12.8456,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089

Protanopia

9.1248, -1.4890, 4.4770

Deuteranopia

9.1380, -0.4894, 5.6222



Tritanopia

8.0295, 10.9714, 5.1398

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089

Protanomaly

8.1086, 3.1657, 4.2120

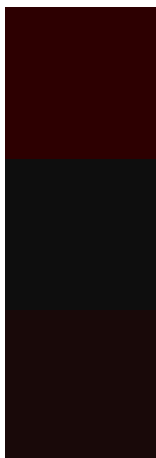
Deuteranomaly

8.1939, 4.1813, 5.1222

Tritanomaly

7.8931, 11.3967, 5.0632

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089

Achromatopsia

6.6268, -0.3536, 0.3600

Achromatomaly

6.4944, 3.6940, 1.7070

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 0, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 0, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 0, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 0, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 0, 1) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 0, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 0, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 0, 1); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 0, 1); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 0, 1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 7.4838, 12.8456, 4.6089 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 0, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 0,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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