

Converting Colors

HunterLab(7.7842, -1.6750,
1.5385)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(7.7842, -1.6750, 1.5385)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(7.7949, -1.6000,
1.6151)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	10130E
RGB	16, 19, 14
RGB Percent	6%, 7%, 5%
CMY	0.9373, 0.9255, 0.9451
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.26, 0.93
HSL	96°, 15%, 6%
HSV	96°, 26%, 7%
XYZ	0.5258, 0.6076, 0.5050
YIQ	17.5330, -0.1830, -2.1910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

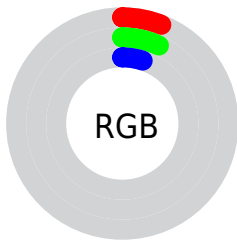
Format	Color
RYB	14, 19, 17
Decimal	1053454
CIELab	5.49, -2.12, 2.24
CIELCh	5, 3.082, 133.400
Yxy	0.6076, 0.3209, 0.3708
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279243534 (0xFF10130E)
YUV	17.5330, -1.7418, -1.3444
Hunter-Lab	7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151

Details

The HunterLab color **7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **6.9302, 0.8991, -0.9851**, and the grayscale version is **7.6466, -0.4080, 0.4155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.3605, -2.1923, 2.3795**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.7003, -2.0104, 2.0067**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.8952, -1.1706, 1.1925**.

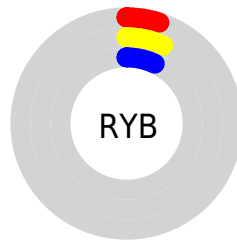
Distribution



Red (6%)

Green (7%)

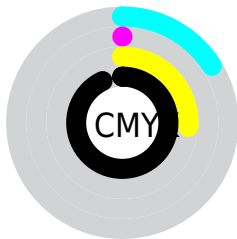
Blue (5%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (7%)

Blue (7%)

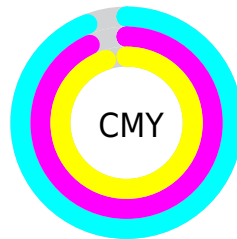


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (93%)



Cyan (94%)


Magenta (93%)


Yellow (95%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 7.7949, -1.6000,
1.6151

 7.7949, -1.6000,
1.6151


 94.2235, -7.1367,
7.2302

0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN

 21.3898, -2.4165,
2.4211

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 29.5720, -3.0021,
3.0184

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 38.5928, -3.6183,
3.6465

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 48.3803, -4.2648,
4.3052

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 58.8788, -4.9408,
4.9937

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 70.0429, -5.6453,

5.7113

■ 81.8351, -6.3776,
6.4571

■ 7.7949, -1.6000,
1.6151

■ 7.7949, -1.6000,
1.6151

■ 7.7003, -2.0104,
2.0067

■ 7.8952, -1.1706,
1.1925

■ 7.6109, -2.4003,
2.3660

■ 8.0006, -0.7226,
0.7397

■ 7.5257, -2.7762,
2.7110

■ 8.1112, -0.2573,
0.2576

■ 7.4430, -3.1480,
3.0672

■ 8.2270, 0.2244,
-0.2525

■ 7.3627, -3.5153,
3.4348

■ 8.3477, 0.7214,
-0.7895

■ 7.2840, -3.8813,
3.8128

■ 8.4733, 1.2327,
-1.3522

■ 7.2045, -4.2558,
4.1995

■ 8.6038, 1.7573,
-1.9394

■ 7.1750, -4.3959,
4.3442

■ 8.7389, 2.2943,
-2.5499

■ 8.8785, 2.8427,
-3.1825

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.7951, -0.8156, 2.0187



7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151



7.7951, -2.0675, 0.8926

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.7951, -1.6002, 1.6152



7.7951, -0.9086, -1.1464



7.7951, 1.2598, 0.8041

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151



6.9302, 0.8991, -0.9851

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.7951, 1.2348, -0.0440



7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151



7.7951, -0.0171, -1.1701

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.7951, -1.6002, 1.6152



7.7951, -1.6682, -0.7018



7.7951, 0.7675, -0.7666



7.7951, 0.8356, 1.5505

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151



7.7951, -2.1363, 0.3271



7.7951, 0.7675, -0.7666



7.7951, 1.3036, 0.5215

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.7951, -1.6002, 1.6152



9.8901, -1.0461, 1.0703



7.5569, -0.2735, 1.3921



6.2035, -0.6311, 0.6458



51.3102, -2.7378, 2.7878



6.2737, -0.3347, 0.3409

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.7951, -1.6002, 1.6152



9.5578, -2.4725, 2.4693



7.6955, -1.9463, 1.3681



5.5083, -0.5328, 0.5474



22.7170, -16.4283, 13.7105



66.1167, -49.9674, 39.8660

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.9302, 0.8991, -0.9851



8.1065, 1.7287, -1.9098



7.0559, 1.2860, -0.6207



5.3369, -0.0382, 0.0339



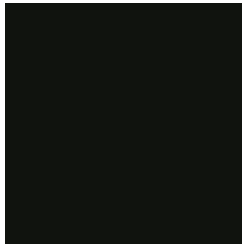
10.1856, 22.2904, -30.9937



28.7992, 64.0357, -95.4676

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151.

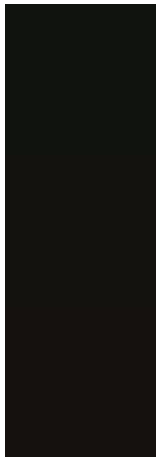


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 7.7949, -1.6000,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151

Protanopia

7.7638, -0.6165, 1.6004

Deuteranopia

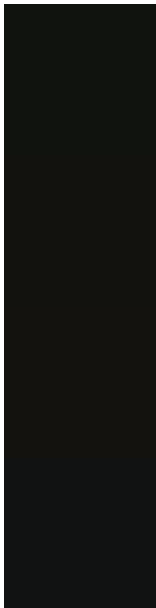
7.6944, 0.1983, 1.5433



Tritanopia

7.7607, -0.3850, -0.2807

Trichromacy



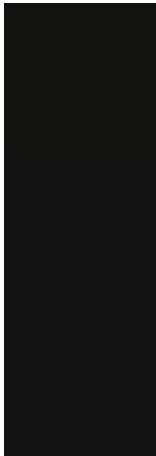
Original Color
7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151

Protanomaly
7.7001, -0.8407, 1.5310

Deuteranomaly
7.7638, -0.6165, 1.6004

Tritanomaly
7.7166, -0.6275, 0.3469

Monochromacy



Original Color
7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151

Achromatopsia
7.7774, -0.4150, 0.4226

Achromatomaly
7.6958, -0.7420, 0.6435

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(16, 19, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(16, 19, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 19, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(16, 19, 14) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(16, 19, 14) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(16, 19, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 19, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(16, 19, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 19, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 19, 14)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 7.7949, -1.6000, 1.6151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(16, 19, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(16, 19,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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