

Converting Colors

HunterLab(7.9708, 6.3879,
3.4866)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(7.9708, 6.3879, 3.4866)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(8.0498, 6.3347,
3.5906)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	250B07
RGB	37, 11, 7
RGB Percent	15%, 4%, 3%
CMY	0.8549, 0.9569, 0.9725
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.81, 0.85
HSL	8°, 68%, 9%
HSV	8°, 81%, 15%
XYZ	0.9210, 0.6480, 0.2775
YIQ	18.3180, 16.7800, 4.2680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

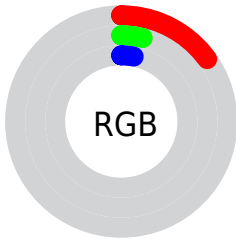
Format	Color
RYB	37, 12, 7
Decimal	2427655
CIELab	5.85, 12.40, 6.12
CIElCh	6, 13.828, 26.278
Yxy	0.6480, 0.4988, 0.3509
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280617735 (0xFF250B07)
YUV	18.3180, -5.5798, 16.3841
Hunter-Lab	8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906

Details

The HunterLab color **8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **11.2533, -4.3807, -2.3639**, and the grayscale version is **7.8827, -0.4206, 0.4283**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.6336, 6.8512, 4.5466**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.5482, 7.2609, 4.0339**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.5818, 5.3960, 3.2575**.

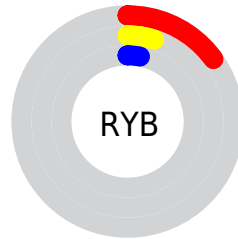
Distribution



Red (15%)

Green (4%)

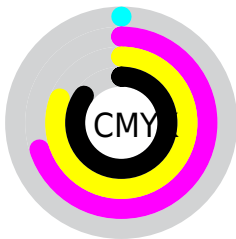
Blue (3%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (5%)

Blue (3%)

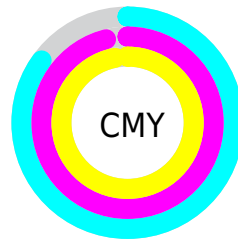


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (81%)

Black (85%)



Cyan (85%)

Magenta (96%)

Yellow (97%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.0498, 6.3347,
3.5906

8.0498, 6.3347,
3.5906

94.6865, 7.6585,
10.7928

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

21.6727, 6.9571,
4.4472

0.0000, NaN, NaN

29.8869, 7.3195,
5.3254

0.0000, NaN, NaN

38.9368, 7.5724,
6.2048

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

48.7512, 7.7331,
7.0929

0.0000, NaN, NaN


59.2747, 7.8138,
7.9937


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


70.4624, 7.8237,


8.9097


 82.2768, 7.7700,
9.8424


 8.0498, 6.3347,
3.5906


 8.0498, 6.3347,
3.5906

 7.5482, 7.2609,
4.0339


 8.5818, 5.3960,
3.2575

 7.0742, 8.2227,
4.5030

 9.1651, 4.4477,
2.9446

 9.7970, 3.5200,
2.6092

 10.4721, 2.6213,
2.2582

 11.1852, 1.7554,
1.8966

■ 11.9322, 0.9233,
1.5282

■ 12.7092, 0.1240,
1.1553

■ 13.5131, -0.6445,
0.7797

■ 14.3412, -1.3846,
0.4023

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.0500, 7.1493, -0.0240



8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906



8.0500, 3.7256, 5.6350

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.0500, 6.3341, 3.5907



8.0500, -6.6559, 4.3913



8.0500, -0.9158, -8.0397

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906



11.2533, -4.3807, -2.3639

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.0500, -4.5855, -6.2892



8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906



8.0500, -7.8996, 0.9004

Square

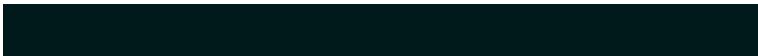
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.0500, 6.3341, 3.5907



8.0500, -3.7440, 5.6350



8.0500, -7.1417, -2.7887



8.0500, 2.8841, -6.9541

Rectangle

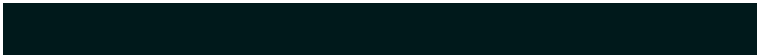
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906



8.0500, 1.3456, 5.6350



8.0500, -7.1417, -2.7887



8.0500, -2.2055, -7.7505

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.0500, 6.3341, 3.5907



14.7717, 1.6585, 2.1648



8.0937, 10.3919, -5.3709



8.5202, 0.9657, 1.2534



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.0500, 6.3341, 3.5907



9.0010, 10.6638, 5.4582



10.7118, 0.7623, 5.5013



7.3783, -0.0781, 0.5853



14.1868, 20.0076, 9.0921



37.9410, 59.3849, 24.4187

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.2533, -4.3807, -2.3639



13.7672, -5.9997, -3.8751



7.8189, 0.8786, -8.4385



7.5766, -0.7061, 0.2283



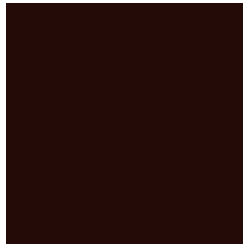
22.5246, -9.7558, -7.0939



61.4344, -25.9002, -20.8766

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

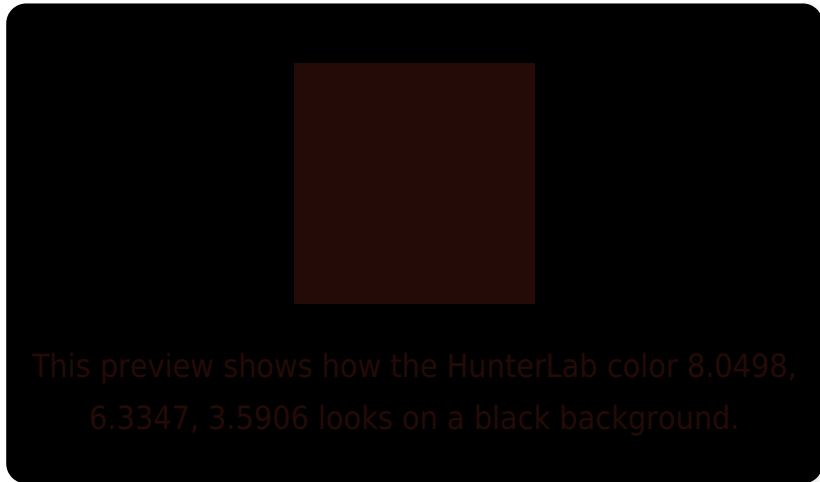
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

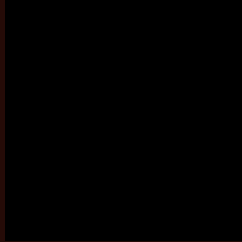
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 8.0498, 6.3347,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906

Protanopia

8.6047, -1.0286, 3.3055

Deuteranopia

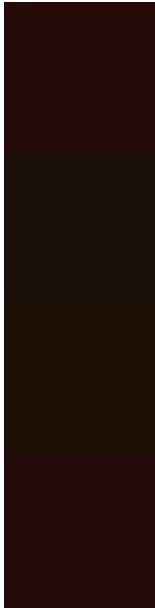
8.3314, 0.0059, 4.3165



Tritanopia

8.1044, 6.5873, 2.7930

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906

Protanomaly

8.1700, 1.6219, 3.1872

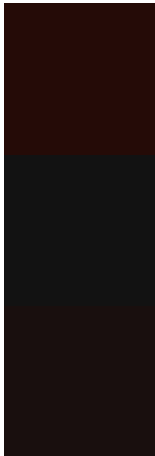
Deuteranomaly

8.1090, 2.2770, 3.9868

Tritanomaly

8.0906, 6.5233, 2.9952

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906

Achromatopsia

7.7774, -0.4150, 0.4226

Achromatomaly

7.6160, 1.9298, 1.4923

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 11, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 11, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 11, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 11, 7) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 11, 7) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 11, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(37, 11, 7)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 11, 7); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 11, 7); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 11, 7) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 8.0498, 6.3347, 3.5906 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 11, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 11,  
7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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