

Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.1428, 2.8208,
3.3191)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(70.1428, 2.8208, 3.3191)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(70.1326, 2.6198,
3.5160)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7B6BB
RGB	199, 182, 187
RGB Percent	78%, 71%, 73%
CMY	0.2196, 0.2863, 0.2667
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.06, 0.22
HSL	342°, 13%, 75%
HSV	342°, 9%, 78%
XYZ	49.2507, 49.1858, 53.9116
YIQ	187.6530, 8.5270, 5.1590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

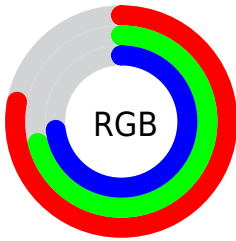
Format	Color
R _Y B	199, 182, 187
Decimal	13088443
CIE Lab	75.57, 6.91, -0.35
CIE LCh	76, 6.923, 357.115
Yxy	49.1880, 0.3233, 0.3229
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291278523 (0xFFC7B6BB)
YUV	187.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513
Hunter-Lab	70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160

Details

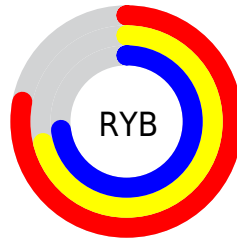
The HunterLab color $70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $73.9514, -10.0450, 4.4705$, and the grayscale version is $70.7684, -3.7760, 3.8450$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $94.2763, 1.6185, 4.7943$, and $48.4164, 3.1284, 2.2691$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64.0586, 10.5884, 3.0888$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $76.5233, -5.1542, 4.2246$.

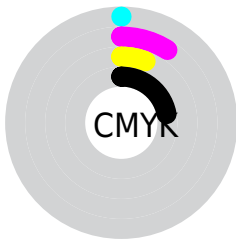
Distribution



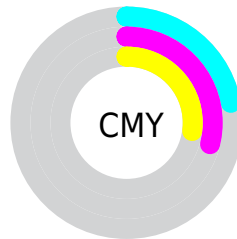
- Red (78%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 70.1326, 2.6198,
3.5160

■ 70.1326, 2.6198,
3.5160

195.8269, -1.5752,
10.2368

■ 58.9649, 2.8698,
2.9260

■ 94.3242, 1.9647,
4.8028

■ 48.4610, 3.0652,
2.3721

107.2859, 1.5709,
5.4939

■ 38.6676, 3.1974,
1.8582

120.7922, 1.1363,
6.2152

■ 29.6405, 3.2574,
1.3876

134.8221, 0.6632,
6.9655

■ 21.4513, 3.2325,
0.9647

149.3567, 0.1539,
7.7437

■ 14.1967, 3.1034,
0.5956

164.3791, -0.3900,

■ 7.8513, 3.4183,

8.5489

0.2434

179.8738, -0.9668,
9.3802

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.1326, 2.6198,
3.5160

■ 70.1326, 2.6198,
3.5160

■ 64.0586, 10.5884,
3.0888

■ 76.5233, -5.1542,
4.2246

■ 58.3515, 18.7367,
3.0012

■ 83.1822, -12.7344,
5.1608

■ 53.0810, 26.9907,
3.3265

■ 90.0759, -20.1414,
6.2856

■ 48.3301, 35.1900,
4.1413

■ 94.9450, -24.1705,
5.0309

■ 44.1946, 43.0409,

■ 95.3322, -21.9760,

5.5108

-0.4809

■ 40.7760, 50.0858,
7.4589

■ 38.1628, 55.7385,
9.9272

■ 36.4003, 59.4454,
12.7442

■ 35.4082, 61.1179,
15.6015

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.1341, 1.5902, 0.5059



70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160



70.1341, 1.9149, 6.4786

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.1341, 2.6179, 3.5172



70.1341, -6.5771, 8.9151



70.1341, -7.1134, -1.3709

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160



73.9514, -10.0450, 4.4705

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.1341, -9.2328, 1.0481



70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160



70.1341, -8.9271, 6.9753

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.1341, 2.6179, 3.5172



70.1341, -3.4306, 9.5098



70.1341, -9.8907, 4.1167



70.1341, -4.0608, -2.3957

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160



70.1341, 0.5663, 8.0433



70.1341, -9.8907, 4.1167



70.1341, -7.9564, -0.6886

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.1341, 2.6179, 3.5172



97.4027, -2.2214, 5.1274



70.0270, 3.0195, -2.5455



44.7445, -0.6407, 2.3367

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.1341, 2.6179, 3.5172



91.4822, 5.1403, 4.5361



70.9838, 0.0804, 6.7739



32.6916, 1.5407, 1.6295



28.3211, 49.2536, 12.4650



6.2666, 11.0988, 1.2033

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.1341, 2.6179, 3.5172



91.4822, 5.1403, 4.5361



73.0545, -7.5049, 1.0317



32.6916, 1.5407, 1.6295



28.3211, 49.2536, 12.4650



6.2666, 11.0988, 1.2033

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

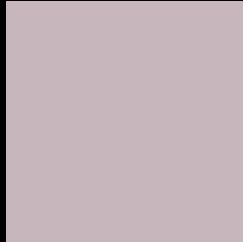
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

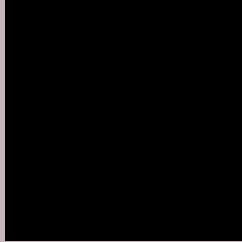
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.1326, 2.6198,

3.5160.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160

Protanopia

70.1362, -1.7963, 2.4873

Deuteranopia

70.0484, 5.3185, 3.4635



Tritanopia

70.1906, 4.8125, -0.2763

Trichromacy



Original Color

70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160

Protanomaly

70.1778, -0.1874, 3.0444

Deuteranomaly

70.1371, 4.1306, 3.5477

Tritanomaly

70.0948, 4.2992, 1.0853

Monochromacy



Original Color

70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160

Achromatopsia

70.9145, -3.7838, 3.8529

Achromatomaly

70.6789, -1.5188, 3.6149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 182, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 182, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 182, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 182, 187) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 182, 187) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 182, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 182, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 182, 187); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 182, 187); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 182, 187) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.1326, 2.6198, 3.5160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 182, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
182, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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