

Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.1794, 44.1751,
-13.6478)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(70.1794, 44.1751,
-13.6478) contains.

HunterLab(70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(70.1876, 44.2143,
-13.7623)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF99DD
RGB	255, 153, 221
RGB Percent	100%, 60%, 87%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4000, 0.1333
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	320°, 100%, 80%
HSV	320°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	65.6825, 49.2630, 74.4536
YIQ	191.2500, 38.9640, 42.7720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

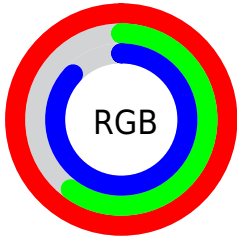
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 153, 221
Decimal	16751069
CIE Lab	75.62, 47.16, -18.24
CIE LCh	76, 50.564, 338.852
Yxy	49.2651, 0.3468, 0.2601
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294941149 (0xFFFF99DD)
YUV	191.2500, 14.6668, 55.9087
Hunter-Lab	70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623

Details

The HunterLab color $70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FF99CC$. A complement of this color would be $90.4881, -44.2012, 24.1781$, and the grayscale version is $72.2155, -3.8532, 3.9236$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86.0703, 19.6233, -11.7914$, and $48.5254, 41.5127, -13.4515$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64.3029, 56.3623, -17.1275$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $76.8036, 31.7080, -9.6277$.

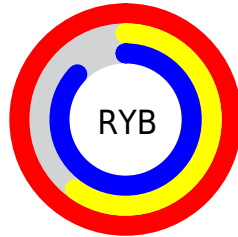
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (60%)

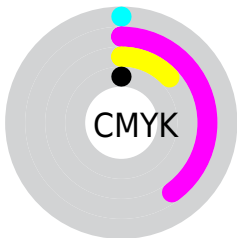
Blue (87%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (87%)

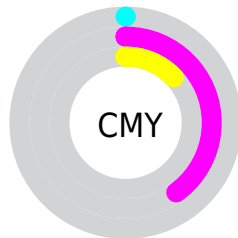


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (40%)


Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 70.1876, 44.2143,
-13.7623

 70.1876, 44.2143,
-13.7623


195.9043, 53.2947,
-12.7521

 59.0168, 42.7536,
-13.6085


 94.3849, 46.8147,
-13.8844

 48.5096, 41.1842,
-13.3907


 107.3492, 47.9744,
-13.8630

 38.7126, 39.4993,
-13.1042


120.8581, 49.0476,
-13.7906

 29.6817, 37.7040,
-12.7480

134.8905, 50.0401,
-13.6699

 21.4883, 35.8273,
-12.3287

149.4274, 50.9567,
-13.5035

 14.2289, 33.9749,
-11.8780

164.4521, 51.8021,

 7.8849, 33.7707,

-13.2938

-11.9866

179.9490, 52.5802,
-13.0427

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.1876, 44.2143,
-13.7623

■ 70.1876, 44.2143,
-13.7623

■ 64.3029, 56.3623,
-17.1275

■ 76.8036, 31.7080,
-9.6277

■ 59.2652, 67.6354,
-19.4479

■ 84.0368, 19.1805,
-4.9510

■ 55.1922, 77.3028,
-20.4197

■ 91.7954, 6.8052,
0.1072

■ 52.1690, 84.5515,
-19.8045

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 50.2111, 88.7591,

-17.5527

■ 49.1553, 90.0832,
-14.0046

■ 49.1550, 90.0835,
-14.0036

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.1891, 27.3130, -39.2162



70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623



70.1891, 47.4087, 10.1925

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.1891, 44.2110, -13.7608



70.1891, -10.6505, 34.6507



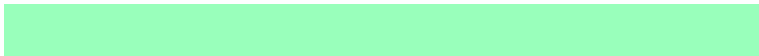
70.1891, -35.9377, -29.3249

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



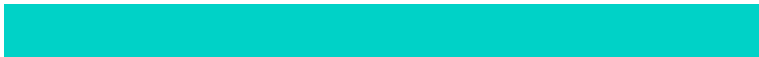
70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623



90.4881, -44.2012, 24.1781

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.1891, -43.4697, -3.2111



70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623



70.1891, -30.2010, 29.9620

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.1891, 44.2110, -13.7608



70.1891, 13.5279, 33.4936



70.1891, -41.5193, 17.7760



70.1891, -19.5010, -50.0849

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623



70.1891, 40.9769, 21.7419



70.1891, -41.5193, 17.7760



70.1891, -39.4883, -20.5879

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.1891, 44.2110, -13.7608



90.2036, 9.2663, -0.9302



63.6945, 28.4796, -48.3187



41.2565, 5.0321, -0.7407

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.1891, 44.2110, -13.7608



65.4148, 53.9853, -16.5290



68.5179, 36.1126, 9.9420



42.6513, 2.8687, 0.1685



35.5726, 65.2632, -10.6878



11.1910, 20.6908, -4.5969

Inverse Universe

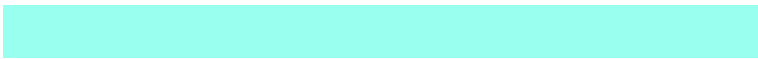
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.1891, 44.2110, -13.7608



65.4148, 53.9853, -16.5290



91.9054, -35.8902, 3.8198



42.6513, 2.8687, 0.1685



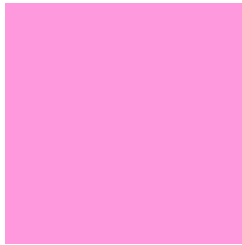
35.5726, 65.2632, -10.6878



11.1910, 20.6908, -4.5969

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

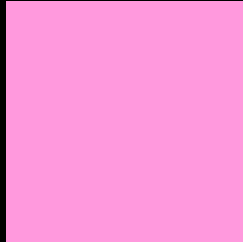
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

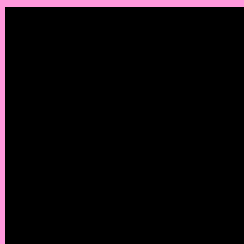
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623.

-13.7623.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623

Protanopia

70.5882, 3.7205, -27.6608

Deuteranopia

70.3492, 5.2998, -11.3112



Tritanopia

70.1574, 29.8421, 9.9116

Trichromacy



Original Color

70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623



Protanomaly

69.6002, 17.4501, -23.7615



Deuteranomaly

69.6304, 19.0114, -13.2407



Tritanomaly

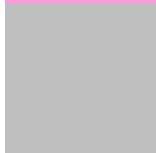
70.1807, 34.7419, 2.2119

Monochromacy



Original Color

70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623



Achromatopsia

72.1800, -3.8513, 3.9217



Achromatomaly

70.7140, 12.8489, -3.0515

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 153, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 153, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 153, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 153, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 153, 221) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 153, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 153, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 153, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 153, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 153,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.1876, 44.2143, -13.7623 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 153, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
153, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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