

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.4058, 11.6648,  
-36.0829)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(70.4058, 11.6648,  
-36.0829) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(70.4030, 11.6621,  
-36.0879)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4B4FF
RGB	180, 180, 255
RGB Percent	71%, 71%, 100%
CMY	0.2941, 0.2941, 0.0000
CMYK	0.29, 0.29, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	240°, 100%, 85%
HSV	240°, 29%, 100%
XYZ	53.1936, 49.5658, 101.3713
YIQ	188.5500, -24.0750, 23.3250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

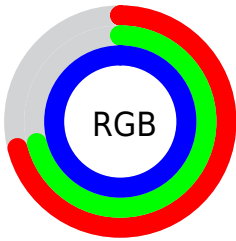
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	180, 180, 255
Decimal	11842815
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	75.80, 16.34, -37.01
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	76, 40.458, 293.828
Yxy	49.5677, 0.2606, 0.2428
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290032895 (0xFFB4B4FF)
YUV	188.5500, 32.7599, -7.4983
Hunter-Lab	70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879

# Details

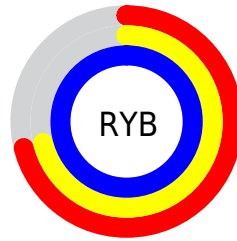
The HunterLab color  $70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $98.0180, -16.3042, 33.9926$ , and the grayscale version is  $71.0211, -3.7895, 3.8587$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $92.3122, -1.1100, -3.9015$ , and  $48.5962, 11.3389, -35.0394$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $61.1697, 18.7567, -53.6796$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $80.1092, 5.3509, -20.5640$ .

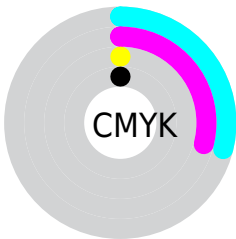
# Distribution



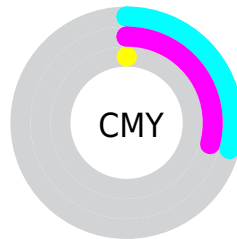
- Red (71%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879

■ 70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879

196.2073, 10.7875, -39.6920

■ 59.2199, 11.4670, -35.4602

■ 94.6224, 11.8410, -37.2209

■ 48.6999, 11.1928, -34.8146

107.5971, 11.8389, -37.7191

■ 38.8892, 10.8280, -34.1798

121.1160, 11.7818, -38.1682

■ 29.8433, 10.3587, -33.6197

135.1580, 11.6734, -38.5681

■ 21.6335, 9.7661, -33.2747

149.7043, 11.5172, -38.9193

■ 14.3555, 9.0253, -33.4990

164.7379, 11.3159,

■ 8.0153, 8.7116,

-39.2229

-36.1889

180.2435, 11.0719,  
-39.4800

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 70.4030, 11.6621,  
-36.0879

■ 70.4030, 11.6621,  
-36.0879

■ 61.1697, 18.7567,  
-53.6796

■ 80.1092, 5.3509,  
-20.5640

■ 52.5251, 26.8695,  
-73.9564

■ 90.2016, -0.3659,  
-6.6108

■ 44.6480, 36.2148,  
-97.4877

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 37.8010, 46.7857,  
-124.2780

■ 32.3492, 57.8459,

-152.4520

■ 28.7004, 67.2850,  
-176.5802

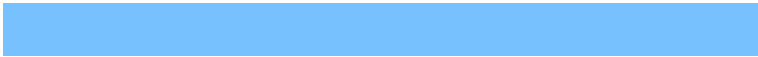
■ 26.9488, 72.6299,  
-190.2694

■ 26.8701, 72.8849,  
-190.9228

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.4043, -7.6562, -40.3704



70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879



70.4043, 28.3241, -19.9976

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.4043, 11.6611, -36.0856



70.4043, 19.1950, 26.5612



70.4043, -36.6090, 7.4773

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879



98.0180, -16.3042, 33.9926

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.4043, -30.9627, 21.4555



70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879



70.4043, 0.2221, 30.4234

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.4043, 11.6611, -36.0856



70.4043, 32.9872, 16.5087



70.4043, -17.9591, 28.8407



70.4043, -34.2387, -11.7522



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879



70.4043, 34.9967, -6.5824



70.4043, -17.9591, 28.8407



70.4043, -35.6065, 12.8648

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.4043, 11.6611, -36.0856



90.6232, -0.5902, -6.0657



94.0018, -26.9611, -1.5574



41.2362, 0.0963, -3.7045

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.4043, 11.6611, -36.0856



65.1780, 15.5162, -45.6271



73.8249, 22.5655, -30.0954



41.6867, -0.1455, -3.1164



19.4232, 52.6853, -138.0097



6.0608, 16.4396, -43.0638



# Inverse Universe

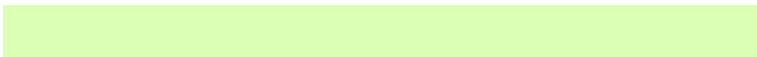
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.6302, 22.9474, 13.1524



71.5441, 28.7142, 14.7901



94.7824, -28.1325, 30.9001



42.4112, 1.5785, 3.5917



33.3299, 57.0784, 21.5369

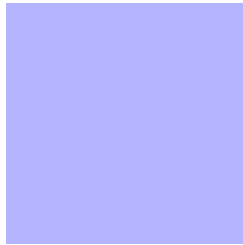


10.4001, 17.8105, 6.7203



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

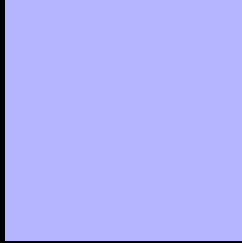
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879.

-36.0879.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879

### Protanopia

70.4329, 5.7811, -36.1386

### Deuteranopia

70.3873, 5.5373, -35.5135



## Tritanopia

70.5555, -7.0691, -5.1834

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879

## Protanomaly

70.5301, 7.6142, -35.9369

## Deuteranomaly

70.4845, 7.3719, -35.3125

## Tritanomaly

70.3166, -0.3578, -15.5421

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879

## Achromatopsia

71.3359, -3.8063, 3.8758

## Achromatomaly

70.9655, 1.1201, -8.8457

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 180, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 180, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 180, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 180, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 180, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 180, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 180, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 180, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 180, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 180,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.4030, 11.6621, -36.0879 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 180, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
180, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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