

Converting Colors

HunterLab(70.4092, -0.8558,
-9.0799)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(70.4092, -0.8558,
-9.0799) contains.

HunterLab(70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(70.4092, -0.8558,
-9.0799)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4BAD4
RGB	180, 186, 212
RGB Percent	71%, 73%, 83%
CMY	0.2941, 0.2706, 0.1686
CMYK	0.15, 0.12, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	229°, 27%, 77%
HSV	229°, 15%, 83%
XYZ	48.2649, 49.5746, 69.3123
YIQ	187.1700, -11.9220, 6.8140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

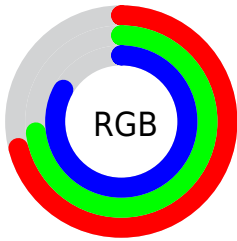
Format	Color
R_{YB}	180, 185, 212
Decimal	11844308
CIE _{Lab}	75.81, 3.18, -13.76
CIE _{LCh}	76, 14.120, 283.018
Yxy	49.5766, 0.2888, 0.2966
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290034388 (0xFFB4BAD4)
YUV	187.1700, 12.2412, -6.2881
Hunter-Lab	70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799

Details

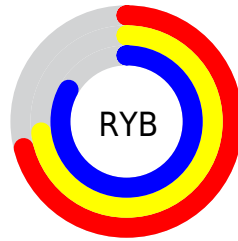
The HunterLab color $70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $78.3803, -6.3058, 15.5233$, and the grayscale version is $70.5200, -3.7628, 3.8315$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $94.1048, -4.6027, -1.7005$, and $48.7046, -0.1120, -8.8214$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $63.5599, 1.9191, -18.9048$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $77.4716, -3.2404, 0.0111$.

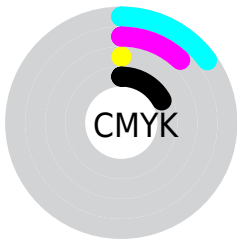
Distribution



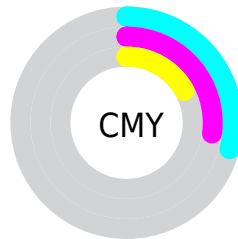
- Red (71%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 70.4092, -0.8558,
-9.0799

■ 70.4092, -0.8558,
-9.0799

196.2162, -6.4102,
-6.7397

■ 59.2259, -0.4197,
-9.0901

■ 94.6294, -1.8545,
-8.8833

■ 48.7055, -0.0277,
-9.0379

107.6044, -2.4093,
-8.7076

■ 38.8944, 0.3143,
-8.9164

121.1236, -2.9987,
-8.4843

■ 29.8481, 0.6005,
-8.7197

135.1659, -3.6209,
-8.2161

■ 21.6378, 0.8226,
-8.4432

149.7124, -4.2744,
-7.9055

■ 14.3592, 0.9681,
-8.0905

164.7463, -4.9578,

■ 8.0191, 1.3000,

-7.5546

-8.0185

180.2522, -5.6702,
-7.1655

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.4092, -0.8558,
-9.0799

■ 70.4092, -0.8558,
-9.0799

■ 63.5599, 1.9191,
-18.9048

■ 77.4716, -3.2404,
0.0111

■ 56.9525, 5.1899,
-29.6599

■ 84.7174, -5.3094,
8.5168

■ 50.6326, 9.0852,
-41.5797

■ 92.1279, -7.1245,
16.5578

■ 44.6603, 13.7645,
-54.9318

■ 98.7262, -12.1249,
23.2153

■ 39.1177, 19.4039,

■ 98.7591, -12.1772,

-69.9650

23.2470

■ 34.1175, 26.1453,
-86.7645

■ 29.8085, 33.9624,
-104.9305

■ 26.3671, 42.4054,
-123.0736

■ 25.0107, 46.4046,
-131.4355

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.4107, -7.4567, -8.8217



70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799



70.4107, 5.1771, -5.6536

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.4107, -0.8571, -9.0786



70.4107, 5.8345, 11.6365



70.4107, -15.5777, 7.2936

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799



78.3803, -6.3058, 15.5233

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.4107, -12.2738, 12.1588



70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799



70.4107, 0.0131, 14.5020

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.4107, -0.8571, -9.0786



70.4107, 9.1359, 6.5180



70.4107, -6.6180, 14.6839



70.4107, -15.7911, 1.0372

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799



70.4107, 8.0007, -1.9127



70.4107, -6.6180, 14.6839



70.4107, -14.7974, 9.1312

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.4107, -0.8571, -9.0786



95.5142, -4.0048, 0.0580



78.2483, -14.9843, 3.9011



43.8997, -1.7627, -0.3292

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.4107, -0.8571, -9.0786



84.1322, -0.0538, -14.8315



69.4930, 5.1256, -10.2319



35.1879, -1.0645, -1.8202



19.9251, 35.4930, -101.5238



5.9457, 5.5291, -19.3674

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.8420, 7.8989, 4.9097



84.8273, 12.9119, 6.2743



79.3697, -12.3969, 16.4335



35.2966, 1.5337, 2.2000



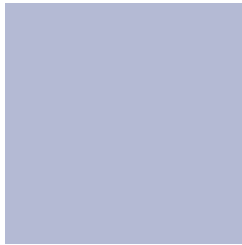
29.5730, 50.9982, 16.3692



7.3417, 12.8156, 2.8626

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

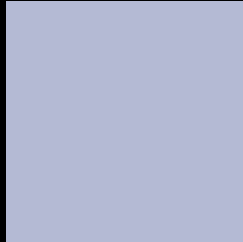
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

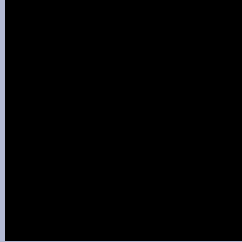
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.4092, -0.8558,

-9.0799.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799

Protanopia

70.3695, 0.5412, -9.1095

Deuteranopia

70.3324, 5.0249, -9.6409



Tritanopia

70.4952, -4.3483, -3.6328

Trichromacy



Original Color

70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799

Protanomaly

70.2826, 0.2441, -9.2331

Deuteranomaly

70.2584, 3.2729, -9.7730

Tritanomaly

70.4135, -2.8065, -5.8287

Monochromacy



Original Color

70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799

Achromatopsia

70.4935, -3.7614, 3.8300

Achromatomaly

70.5099, -3.1401, -0.5214

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 186, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 186, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 186, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 186, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 186, 212) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 186, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 186, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 186, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 186, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 186,  
212) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.4092, -0.8558, -9.0799 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 186, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
186, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor